

# State of Alaska

OFFICIAL ELECTION PAMPHLET

November 4, 2014



Your VOTE is your VOICE... *let it be heard!*



## REGION I

- Southeast
- Kenai Peninsula
- Kodiak
- Prince William Sound

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***Note: Sample ballots are included with candidates for elected office and judicial retention.  
Maps are placed with appropriate state house and senate candidates.***

**This publication was prepared by the Division of Elections, produced at a cost of \$.48 per copy to inform Alaskan voters about issues appearing on the 2014 General Election Ballot per AS 15.58.010 and printed in Portland, Oregon.**

# Voting Information

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Election Day is November 4, 2014

## Polling Places

The polls will be open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on Election Day. **To locate your polling place please call 1-888-383-8683. In Anchorage, please call 269-8683.**

## Bring Identification to the Polls

You **MUST** be prepared to show one form of identification. You may use the following ID:

- Voter ID Card
- Current and valid photo ID Card
- Birth Certificate
- Driver's License
- Passport
- Hunting or Fishing License
- State ID Card
- Military ID Card

**or**, you may use an original copy of one of the following documents if it contains your name and current address:


- Current Utility Bill
- Bank Statement
- Other Government Document
- Government Check
- Pay Check

*If you do not have identification when voting, you will be asked to vote a questioned ballot.*

## What Happens if Your Name is not on Register

If your name does not appear on the precinct register, you may vote a questioned ballot. Before receiving a ballot, you must complete a questioned ballot envelope. Your voted ballot will be placed in a secrecy sleeve and then the secrecy sleeve will be sealed inside the completed questioned ballot envelope. All questioned ballots are returned to the Election Supervisor for review and counting by the Questioned Ballot Review Board.

## Marking the Ballot

When voting the ballot, completely fill in the oval next to the candidate or issue you wish to vote for. Fill in the oval like this: 

You only have to mark the races or issues you choose to vote for. If you mark more than one choice in a race or issue, that section of the ballot will NOT be counted. The sections of the ballot that are properly marked will be counted.

If you make a mistake marking your ballot, DO NOT erase or correct the ballot. You may return the spoiled ballot to an election worker and request a new ballot. If you attempt to correct a mistake on the ballot, the corrected vote may not be counted. **Note:** *You may only receive a replacement for a spoiled ballot 2 times.*

## Campaigning Prohibited Near Polls

Alaska law prohibits political persuasion within 200 feet of any entrance to a polling place during the hours the polls are open. This means you may not discuss or display campaign items for candidates or issues appearing on the ballot at that polling place.

# Voter Rights, Assistance and Concerns

## Questioned Voting

If your name is not listed on the precinct register or if you do not have identification, you have the right to vote a questioned ballot. The information you provide on the outside of the questioned ballot envelope will be used to determine your voting eligibility and to update your voter registration information. If for any reason your questioned ballot is not fully counted, you will be notified in writing.

## Language or Other Assistance While Voting

If you need language or other assistance during the voting process, you may have a person of your choice help you as long as that person is not a candidate for office in the election, is not your employer, agent of your employer or agent of a union you belong to. You can have help during each step of the voting process, including inside the voting booth with reading or marking the ballot. The election workers at the polling place are available to help you as well. This is your right under federal law.

The Division of Elections has hired bilingual outreach workers and poll workers to provide language assistance to Alaska Native voters. These workers are available in rural areas throughout the state where there are limited English proficient Alaska Native voters. The bilingual workers are available to provide language assistance prior to the election, including help with this pamphlet and on Election Day during the voting process. If you need the name of the person who has been hired to provide language assistance in your community, please contact the Division of Elections. Yup'ik language assistance is available by calling the division's Yup'ik Language Coordinator, toll-free, 1-866-954-8683.

## Touch Screen Voting Option

There will be one touch screen voting unit in each polling place. Touch screen voting is intended for the blind, disabled, and for voters who do not read well. Alaska's touch screen voting unit allows disabled voters to vote unassisted through the use of magnified, high contrast and audio ballots. If you need to vote using the touch screen voting unit, let the election board know.

## Visually Impaired Voters

Magnifying ballot viewers for the visually impaired will be available at all polling places and absentee voting sites.

Audio recording of this Pamphlet is available at each Regional Election Office or from the Alaska State Library, Talking Book Center, located in Anchorage. Telephone the library at (907) 269-6575 for information.

## Hearing Impaired Voters

The Division of Elections has a TTY telecommunications device, which allows hearing impaired voters to obtain general information about elections by calling (907) 465-3020.

## Physically Disabled Voters

If you have difficulty gaining access to your polling place, or if you have accessibility questions about your polling place, please let the Division of Elections know. We make every effort to ensure that polling places are accessible to all Alaskans.

## Concerns, Comments, Questions

If you have any concerns or comments about voting, if you have questions, or if you would like more information about our special services, please contact any regional elections office.

<b><u>Region I</u></b> Juneau: (907) 465-3021 Toll free: 1-866-948-8683	<b><u>Region III</u></b> Fairbanks: (907) 451-2835 Toll free: 1-866- 959-8683
<b><u>Region II</u></b> Anchorage: (907) 522-8683 Toll free: 1-866-958-8683 Mat-Su: (907) 373-8952	<b><u>Region IV</u></b> Nome: (907) 443-5285 Toll free: 1-866-953-8683

**Yup'ik Language Assistance, Toll-free 1-866-954-8683**  
**Director's Office, Toll-free 1-866-952-8683**

# Absentee Voting

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## Early / In Person / By Mail / Electronic and Special Needs Voting

There are several absentee voting options available during each election. You may vote absentee in person, by mail, by electronic transmission, or vote a special needs ballot through a personal representative.

### Voting Early or Absentee In Person

Beginning **October 20, 2014**, you may vote at an absentee voting site. Ballots for all 40 districts are available at all Regional Elections offices. In addition to the Regional Elections offices, there are many other voting sites throughout Alaska that will have ballots for their house district. For more information or for a list of absentee voting locations visit our website or contact a Regional Elections office.

### Special Needs Voting

If you are unable to go to the polls due to age, serious illness or a disability, you may have a personal representative pick up and deliver a ballot to you beginning 15 days before an election at an absentee voting site or on Election Day at the polling place. Your personal representative can be anyone, except a candidate for office in the election, the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of the voter's union.

### Voting By Mail or Electronically

The Division of Elections Absentee Office in Anchorage handles all absentee by mail and electronic applications. To vote by mail or electronically, you must submit an application.

#### Absentee By Mail

Absentee ballot applications can be submitted after January 1<sup>st</sup> of each election year. You can request a ballot for a specific election or for all elections in the year. **Absentee by mail ballot applications for the General election must be received by October 25, 2014.** Apply early to ensure timely delivery of your ballot. Your voted ballot must be postmarked on or before Election Day.

#### Absentee By Electronic Transmission

Voting by electronic transmission should be your last alternative for casting a ballot. You may apply for electronic voting **October 20, 2014 through 5:00pm Alaska Time on November 3, 2014.** You may return your voted ballot by mail or by fax. **If you return your voted ballot electronically, it must be received no later than 8:00pm Alaska Time on Election Day.** If you return your voted ballot by mail, it must be postmarked on or before Election Day.

If you have questions about voting by mail or electronically, please contact the Absentee Office at (907) 375-6400 or Toll Free 1-877-375-6508.

For more information about absentee voting, contact any Division of Elections office or visit our website at:

**[www.elections.alaska.gov](http://www.elections.alaska.gov)**

# Absentee Voting Locations

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Ballots for all districts are available at Division of Elections offices during the following times:

October 20<sup>th</sup> – 31<sup>st</sup> and November 3<sup>rd</sup> – Monday through Friday, 8:00am – 5:00pm  
Saturday, November 1<sup>st</sup>, 10:00am – 4:00pm and Sunday, November 2<sup>nd</sup>, 12:00pm – 4:00pm  
Election Day: 7:00am – 8:00pm

<b><u>ANCHORAGE</u></b> Region II Elections Office 2525 Gambell St., Suite 100	<b><u>FAIRBANKS</u></b> Region III Elections Office 675 7 <sup>th</sup> Ave., A2	<b><u>JUNEAU</u></b> Region I Elections Office Mendenhall Mall Annex
<b><u>NOME</u></b> Region IV Elections Office 214 W. Front St.	<b><u>WASILLA</u></b> Region II Elections Office, Mat-Su 1700 E Bogard Rd.	

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Ballots for all districts are available on Election Day from 7:00am – 8:00pm at the following airports:

<b>ANCHORAGE</b> – main terminal car rental lobby	<b>FAIRBANKS</b>	<b>JUNEAU</b>
<b>KETCHIKAN</b>	<b>KODIAK</b>	<b>SITKA</b>

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Ballots for all districts are available at the following locations during the specified times:

<b><u>ANCHORAGE</u></b> UAA Student Union 3211 Providence Dr.  November 3 <sup>rd</sup> 8:00am - 5:00pm Election Day: 7:00am - 8:00pm	<b><u>ANCHORAGE</u></b> City Hall 632 W 6 <sup>th</sup> Ave.  October 20 <sup>th</sup> – November 3 <sup>rd</sup> Monday - Friday 8:00am - 5:00pm Election Day: 7:00am - 8:00pm	<b><u>FAIRBANKS</u></b> UAF Wood Center  November 3 <sup>rd</sup> , 8:00am – 5:00pm Election Day: 7:00am – 8:00pm
<b><u>JUNEAU - Downtown</u></b> State Office Building Willoughby Ave. – 8 <sup>th</sup> Floor  October 20 <sup>th</sup> – November 3 <sup>rd</sup> Monday - Friday 8:00am - 5:00pm  Election Day: 8:00am - 5:00pm	<b><u>PRUDHOE BAY</u></b> Service Area 10 Camp Old Spine Rd.  November 1 <sup>st</sup> – 4 <sup>th</sup> , 8:00am - 8:00pm	

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Ballots for individual districts are also available in many other communities throughout Alaska. For a complete list of absentee voting locations visit the division’s web site or contact one of the Regional Elections Offices

[www.elections.alaska.gov](http://www.elections.alaska.gov)

**State of Alaska Absentee Ballot Application**  
**See instructions for application deadlines– APPLY EARLY**

<b>1. Send ballot(s) for:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> All Elections in Calendar Year <input type="checkbox"/> Primary (August) <input type="checkbox"/> General (November) <input type="checkbox"/> REAA (October) <input type="checkbox"/> Special Election <b>To request an absentee by mail ballot for city/borough elections, you must apply directly with your city/borough clerk's office.</b>				
<b>2. You MUST complete this section:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No    I am a citizen of the United States. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No    I am at least 18 years old or will be within 90 days of completing this application. <b>If you checked NO to either question, do not complete this form as you are not eligible to register to vote.</b>				
<b>3. Last Name:</b> _____		<b>First Name:</b> _____		<b>Middle Initial:</b> _____ <b>Suffix (Sr., Jr., Etc.):</b> _____
<b>4. Former Name</b> (if your name has changed): _____			<b>*Voter Number</b> (if known): _____	
<b>5. Alaska Residence Address Where You Claim Residency – You MUST provide an Alaska residence address.</b> Do not use PO, PSC, HC or RR:  House # _____ Street Name _____ Apt # _____ City _____ <b>ALASKA</b> State _____ <small>*<input type="checkbox"/> Keep my residence address confidential. Your mailing address in Box 6 must be <b>DIFFERENT</b> from your residence address in Box 5 to remain confidential.</small>				
<b>6. Permanent Mailing Address:</b> _____ _____ _____ _____				
<b>7. *Identifiers – You MUST provide at least ONE:</b> SSN or Last 4 of SSN: _____ / _____ / _____    Alaska Driver's License or State ID Number: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> I have not been issued a SSN or AK driver's license or State ID.				
<b>8. *Date of Birth – You MUST provide:</b> _____ / _____ / _____ Month                      Day                      Year			<b>Sex:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	
<b>9. Political Affiliation –</b> For information on political affiliation choices in Alaska, see Number 6 in instructions: Write political affiliation: _____. Your primary election ballot type, in Box 12, is based on your political affiliation.				
<b>10. Military and Overseas Voter ONLY – Check One:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> I am a member of the Uniformed Services or merchant marine on active duty, or an eligible spouse or dependent. <input type="checkbox"/> I am a U.S. Citizen temporarily residing outside the U.S. or other U.S. citizen residing outside the U.S.				
<b>11. Ballot Mailing Address:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Check here to have the ballot mailed to your permanent mailing address listed above or provide a different address below: _____ _____ _____ _____				
<b>12. *Primary Election Ballot Type – You MUST select ONE ballot type or you may not receive a ballot.</b> See Number 7 in instructions: <input type="checkbox"/> Ballot with Alaska Democratic Party, Alaska Libertarian Party and Alaskan Independence Party candidates and ballot measure(s). <input type="checkbox"/> Ballot with Alaska Republican Party candidates and ballot measure(s). <input type="checkbox"/> Ballot measure(s) ONLY (no candidates).				
<b>13. Military and Overseas Voters ONLY – Check One:</b> How do you want your ballot sent? <input type="checkbox"/> Mail: Provide ballot mailing address in Box 11. <input type="checkbox"/> Online Delivery: Provide e-mail in Box 15. <input type="checkbox"/> Fax: Provide fax number in Box 15.				
<b>14. Voters who will be outside the United States or in a remote area of Alaska ONLY –</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if you will be living, working, or traveling outside the United States or in a remote area of Alaska with limited mail service and want your ballot sent to you beginning 45 days prior to a primary, general or statewide special election ( <b>not available for REAA elections</b> ).				
<b>15. Contact Information –</b> Include all state and international prefixes: Daytime Phone: _____ Evening Phone: _____ E-mail Address: _____ Fax Number: _____				
<b>16. Voter Certificate. Read and sign:</b> I swear or affirm, under penalty of perjury, that: The information on this form is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and I am eligible to vote in the requested jurisdiction, I am not requesting a ballot from any other state, and I am not voting in any other manner in this (these) election(s). I further certify that I am an Alaska resident and that I have not been convicted of a felony, or having been so convicted, have been unconditionally discharged from incarceration, probation and/or parole. I am not registered to vote in another state or I have taken the necessary steps to cancel that registration. <b>WARNING: If you provide false information on this application you can be convicted of a felony and/or misdemeanor. (AS 15.56.040; AS 15.56.050)</b>  <b>*Signature</b> _____ <b>Date</b> _____				
<b>For Office Use Only</b>			<b>Registrar/Agency/Official – Check ID and complete this section</b>  Registrar Name _____ Voter # or SSN _____	

\*Items are kept confidential by the Division of Elections and are not available for public inspection except that confidential addresses may be released to government agencies or during election processes as set out in state law.

C06 (Rev. 06/01/2013)

# State of Alaska - Division of Elections

## Absentee Ballot Application Instructions

You may use this application to request absentee ballots and simultaneously initially register to vote or update your voter registration record for federal and state elections. **Are you currently registered to vote?** If so, your completed application **MUST** be received at least 10 days prior to Election Day. *Military and Overseas Voters*, when requesting your ballot to be sent to you by fax or through online delivery, your application **MUST** be received no later than 5:00 p.m. Alaska Standard Time the day prior to Election Day. **Are you initially registering to vote?** If so, your completed application and any supporting documentation **MUST** be received or postmarked at least 30 DAYS prior to Election Day except, in a United States presidential election. In a presidential election, you may initially register and participate in the presidential race so long as your completed application and any supporting documentation is received 10 DAYS prior to Election Day and for *Military and Overseas Voters*, when requesting your ballot to be sent to you by fax or through online delivery, your application and any supporting documentation **MUST** be received no later than 5:00 p.m. Alaska Standard Time the day prior to Election Day.

### When completing this application, provide:

1. **Alaska residence address:** You **MUST** provide a physical residence address in Alaska. Your Alaska residence address determines your voting district and precinct. Your application will be denied if you do not provide a physical residence address or if you provide a PO Box, HC Number and Box, PSC Box, Rural Route Number, Commercial Address or Mail Stop Address in Box 5 of the application.

If your residence has been assigned a street name and house number, provide this information. If your residence address has not been assigned a street name and house number, indicate exactly where you live such as, highway name and milepost number, boat harbor with pier and slip number, subdivision name with lot and block, or trailer park name and space number. If you live in rural Alaska, you may provide the community name as your residence address.

**Are you temporarily out of state?** If so, and you have intent to return (active military and military spouses are exempt from intent requirements), you may maintain your Alaska residence as it appears on your current record. If you provide a new residence address, it must be within Alaska.

2. **Proof of identity:** Your identity **MUST** be verified. If you have been issued a Social Security Number, an Alaska driver's license or Alaska state identification card number, you must provide at least one in Box 7 of the application. If you have never been issued one of the identification numbers, you may indicate this by checking the appropriate box.

**Are you submitting this application by mail, by fax or as an attachment through e-mail?** If so, and if you are not already registered to vote in Alaska, your identity must be verified either at the time you register or the first time you vote. If you would like to ensure that your identity is verified at the time you register, submit a copy of one of the following:

- Current and valid photo identification
- Passport
- Birth certificate
- Driver's license
- State identification card
- Hunting and Fishing license

If you do not provide proof of identification at the time of registration, you may be required to meet certain identification requirements when you vote.

3. **Date of birth:** If you do not provide a date of birth, your application may not be processed.
4. **Are you initially registering to vote from outside the State of Alaska?** If so, you must provide proof of Alaska residency, such as a copy of your Alaska driver's license, hunting or fishing license, student loan or college tuition documents, proof of employment in Alaska, military leave and earnings statement or other documentation that supports your claim as an Alaska resident.
5. **Have you been convicted of a felony?** If so, you may register to vote only if you have been unconditionally discharged. If available, provide a copy of your discharge papers with this application.
6. **Political affiliation:** **Recognized political parties** are parties that have gained recognized political party status under Alaska Statute. **Political groups** are groups who have applied for political party status but have not met the qualifications to be a recognized political party under Alaska Statutes. Political affiliations in Alaska are as follows:

#### Recognized Political Parties:

- Alaska Democratic Party
- Alaska Libertarian Party
- Alaska Republican Party
- Alaskan Independence Party

#### Political Groups:

- Alaska Constitution Party
- Green Party of Alaska
- Veterans Party of Alaska

#### Other:

- Nonpartisan (not affiliated with a political party or group)
- Undeclared (do not wish to declare a political affiliation)

7. **Primary election ballot type:** Your political affiliation 30 days before Election Day determines your primary election ballot type. You **MUST** select a ballot type that corresponds to your political affiliation in Box 9 of the application. If you are not affiliated with one of the **Recognized Political Parties** listed under instruction Number 6 above, and you do not select a ballot type, your application will not be processed for the primary election.
  - Any registered voter may select the Alaska Democratic Party, Alaska Libertarian Party and Alaskan Independence Party candidate ballot.
  - Only voters registered Republican, Nonpartisan or Undeclared may select the Alaska Republican Party candidate ballot.
  - Any registered voter may select the ballot measures ONLY ballot. This ballot has ballot measures only and no candidates.
8. **Voters who will be outside the United States or in a remote area of Alaska:** Check the box in Box 14 if you will be living, working or traveling outside the United States or in a remote area of Alaska with limited mail service and want your ballot sent to you beginning 45 days prior to a primary, general or statewide special election. **This option is not available for REAA elections.**
9. **Sign your application:** If you submit your application without a signature or with an electronic signature, it will be denied.
10. **Mail, fax or e-mail:** Submit your application by mail, fax or as an e-mail attachment (PDF, TIFF or JPG) to the office below:

**Mailing Address:**  
Division of Elections  
Absentee Voting Office  
619 E. Ship Creek Ave., Suite 329  
Anchorage, AK 99501-1677

**Telephone Number:** 1-907-375-6400  
**Toll Free Number:** 1-877-375-6508 (within the U.S.)  
**Fax:** 1-907-677-9943  
**E-Mail:** [akabsentee@alaska.gov](mailto:akabsentee@alaska.gov)  
**Yup'ik Language Assistance Toll Free:** 1-866-954-8683 (within the U.S.)

C06 (Rev. 06/01/2013)



# Polling Places

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## Polling Place Changes

<u>District/Precinct</u>	<u>Precinct Name</u>	<u>New Polling Location</u>
33-520	Juneau No. 3	Bartlett Regional Hospital – Gallery Area 3260 Hospital Drive Juneau, AK

## How to Find Your Polling Place

If you are not sure where your assigned polling location is, you have the following options:

- **Scan the bar code on your my.Alaska.gov voter ID card.**
- **Locate your polling place by entering your address online at:**  

[www.elections.alaska.gov](http://www.elections.alaska.gov)
- **Call the Polling Place locator at:**  

**1-888-383-8683, or in Anchorage, call 269-8683.**
- **Call your regional elections office:**
  - **Region I - Juneau**  
House District 29 – 36  
907-465-3021, or Toll Free 1-866-948-8683

**You can also see if you are registered and check your registration information online at the above web address!**

# Candidates for Elected Office

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General Election Day is Tuesday, November 4, 2014

## United States Senate

Mark Begich, Democrat  
Mark S. Fish, Libertarian  
Ted Gianoutsos, Non-Affiliated  
Dan Sullivan, Republican

## United States Representative

Forrest Dunbar, Democrat  
Jim C. McDermott, Libertarian  
Don Young, Republican

## Governor

Carolyn F. "Care" Clift, Libertarian  
J.R. Myers, Alaska Constitution  
Sean R. Parnell, Republican  
Bill Walker, Non-Affiliated\*

## Lieutenant Governor

Andrew C. Lee, Libertarian  
Maria P. Rensel, Alaska Constitution  
Dan Sullivan, Republican  
Byron Mallott, Non-Affiliated

## Alaska State Senate

### SENATE DISTRICT O

Peter A. Micciche, Republican\*  
Eric D. Treider, Non-Affiliated

### SENATE DISTRICT P

Robert "Moose" Heinrichs, Democrat\*  
Gary Lee Stevens, Republican

### SENATE DISTRICT Q

Dennis Egan, Democrat  
Tom Williams, Republican

## Alaska State House

### HOUSE DISTRICT 29

Charles "Mike" Chenault, Republican\*  
Rocky Knudsen, Democrat

### HOUSE DISTRICT 33

Peter Dukowitz, Republican  
Sam S. Kito, Democrat

### HOUSE DISTRICT 30

Kurt E. Olsen, Republican  
Shauna L. Thornton, Democrat

### HOUSE DISTRICT 34

George McGuan, Democrat  
Cathy E. Muñoz, Republican

### HOUSE DISTRICT 31

Paul Seaton, Republican

### HOUSE DISTRICT 35

Jonathan S. Kreiss-Tomkins, Democrat  
Steven A. Samuelson, Republican

### HOUSE DISTRICT 32

Jerry G. McCune, Democrat  
Louise B. Stutes, Republican

### HOUSE DISTRICT 36

Chere L. Klein, Republican  
Daniel H. "Dan" Ortiz, Non-Affiliated

*\*Indicates candidate did not submit pamphlet materials, did not fulfill requirements to appear in pamphlet or failed to meet statutory filing deadlines for submission. (AS 15.58.030 and AS 15.58.060)*

# United States Senate

## Mark Begich, Democrat



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 6447 Colgate Drive  
Anchorage, AK

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 440 W. Benson Blvd., Ste 200  
Anchorage, AK

**E-MAIL:** info@begich.com

**WEBSITE:** Begich.com

**AGE:** 52

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Anchorage, Alaska

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Deborah Bonito

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Jacob

**OCCUPATION:** 31 year small business  
owner

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:**

Mark has lived his entire life in Alaska with the exception of two years when his father, Nick Begich, served in Congress

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Anchorage

**EDUCATION:**

Graduated Steller High School, Anchorage, 1981

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Mark has served Alaska in the U.S. Senate since 2009. At age 26, Mark was elected to the Anchorage Assembly serving 10 years from 1988-1998. Mark served as Mayor of Anchorage from 2003-2009.

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

University of Alaska Board of Regents 2001-2002, Alaska Commission of Post-Secondary Education 1995-2002, board member; chair 1996-1998, Alaska Student Loan Corporation 1995-2002; chair 1996-2002

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Spirit of Youth Foundation, Founder, ASSETS, Former President, Family Resource Center Former President, Boys & Girls Club, Former Board of Directors, Air Force Association, Member, Making a Difference Program, Founder, National Rifle Association, Lifetime member

**STATEMENT:**

Being born and raised in Alaska, I understand Alaska's unique needs and the diversity of our communities, people and opinions. For me, fighting for Alaska is just common sense.

It's easy to talk about getting results, but I have a proven record fighting for Alaska and using my clout to produce results for our state. I successfully pushed the Obama administration to allow drilling in the Arctic Ocean, secured permits to allow the first ever commercial oil production in the National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska and have fought for permits for mining projects like Kensington Mine and Red Dog Mine, creating good-paying jobs across the state.

In Fairbanks I fought to keep the F-16s at Eielson Air Force Base saving hundreds to thousands of jobs and I continue to fight against genetically modified salmon known as Frankenfish, which threaten Alaska jobs.

I also brought the Indian Health Service and Veterans Administration together to allow Alaska veterans to get care close to home instead of traveling to Seattle or Anchorage. This has helped bring waitlists for veterans' health care in Alaska from hundreds to almost zero.

Working alongside Senator Lisa Murkowski and Congressman Don Young I've also helped protect Alaska's postal service, provide for our general aviation industry and grow our natural resource development.

I'm the only candidate who believes in raising the minimum wage, defending a woman's right to choose and overturning the Supreme Court's Citizens United ruling, which unfairly allows billionaires and corporations to spend unlimited amounts to buy our elections.

*The views expressed in this statement are from the candidate and not endorsed by the Division of Elections.  
The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*

# United States Senate

## Mark S. Fish, Libertarian



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 15325 W Loon Nest Lane  
Big Lake, AK

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 115274  
Big Lake, AK 99652

**E-MAIL:** mark@markfish.us

**WEBSITE:** markfish.us

**AGE:** 56

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Robbinsdale, Minnesota

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Mary

**OCCUPATION:** retired military

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 49

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Eagle River 1962-1970, Anchorage 1973-2011, Big  
Lake 2011-present

**EDUCATION:**  
Thief River Falls Minnesota School District 1970-1973  
Anchorage School District (adult) 1977

**MILITARY SERVICE:**  
Alaska Army National Guard 1984-2003

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Chair Alaska Libertarian Party 2012-2013; Volunteer  
Coordinator Miller for US Senate 2010; Candidate  
for State House District 22 2008; Alaska State

Commission on Human Rights 2007-2012; Citizens  
Advisory Commission on Federal Area's 2007-present;  
Governor Palin's Department of Military and Veterans  
Affairs Transition Team 2006

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Manager fast food restaurant; UH60 Helicopter Crew  
Chief; Non rated crew member Flight Instructor and Unit  
Trainer; UH60 Phase Maintenance Team Leader; Downed  
aircraft recovery team leader; Unit Technical Inspector.

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Alaska Libertarian Party

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

History with an emphasis in the American Colonial /  
Revolutionary era.

Researching, Designing, and Creating black powder  
firearms.

Installing, programming, maintaining, Linux operating  
system and other open source software.

### **OTHER:**

I served on many State disaster missions including the  
Exxon Valdez oil spill.

### **STATEMENT:**

I first arrived in Alaska in 1962. My life here includes a 20  
year career in Alaska's Army National Guard. I've spent  
time in virtually every corner of our state and know it's  
uniqueness well. I have served on the Alaska's State  
Commission on Human Rights and, for the past seven  
years, I have also served on the Citizen's Advisory  
Commission on Federal Area's, dealing with federal  
regulators, the public and issues relating to federal and  
state relations. This experience has given me a good  
understanding of the issues facing Alaska. My term  
as president of Airport Height Community Council,  
also shows my ability to work with diverse groups of  
individuals while pursuing our common interest.

I am the only U.S. senate candidate endorsed by the  
Alaska Libertarian Party. My position is the Libertarian  
Party Platform. I believe government's sole legitimate  
function is to protect and defend the individual right to  
life, liberty and property of us all.

My goals as a US Senator would include:  
Eliminate the IRS and implementing a fair tax system.  
End the War on Drugs.

Establish an Immigration policy that protects our  
country and provides for the free exchange of goods  
and services with the world.

And finally, we must bear the true cost of war by  
honoring the commitments we have made to our  
service members and veterans.

Join me in the defense of our rights and country.  
Together we can set course to a bright future. I ask  
for your vote.

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# United States Senate

## Ted Gianoutsos, Non-Affiliated



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Anchorage, AK 99501

**E-MAIL:** newanwrtd@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** www.tedandfran.com

**AGE:** 72

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** MA, USA.

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Francoise

**OCCUPATION:** Retired

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 15 wonderful years!

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Anchorage, 1999-2014

**EDUCATION:** Boston University, '68 BS  
USC, '79, MPA

**MILITARY SERVICE:** USAF, 4 years, Airman,  
1961-1965

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Project Manager/Energy specialist, USDOJ  
U. S. Senate Candidate, 2004, 2008, 2010  
Alaska Governor Candidate 2006

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
Production Manager  
Business Owner, construction materials/solar energy

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Co-Founder, National Fish and Wildlife Foundation  
Founding member, Alaska SeaLife Center  
Charter member, Vietnam Veterans of America,  
Anchorage Chapter 904  
Founding member, Alaska Veterans Foundation  
Founding member, Veterans Party of Alaska  
Benefactor member NRA  
Life member, IWLA, NWF, NAS  
4th Degree Knight of Columbus  
Lector, Holy Family Cathedral

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Alaska outdoors, Reading, Opera, Philanthropy.

### **OTHER:**

For the past 52 years my love and wife Francoise and I have done everything TOGETHER, including our campaigns for senator and governor, and WE will put ALL of our substantial combined skills, talents, knowledge, abilities, and experience to the MAXIMUM SERVICE AND BENEFIT of our fellow Alaskans.

### **STATEMENT:**

Vote for me, and you'll get TED AND FRANCOISE GIANOUTSOS, ALASKA'S UNIQUE 52-YEAR TEAM!

We are UNIQUELY qualified as a TEAM to open ANWR in the BEST and most BENEFICIAL way for America, Alaska, and wildlife. That's worth more than two trillion dollars and will benefit EVERYONE and everything we do in America!

Why can we do what every other candidate can't? Because we are the ONLY ones that ACTUALLY PERSONIFY WINNING HIGH GROUND ANWR LEGISLATION in the same way that we did the NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE FOUNDATION (NFWF) that has grown to be the largest multi-billion-dollar wildlife conservation foundation in America. We got the NFWF act UNANIMOUSLY PASSED in a divided Congress 30 years ago. Please see [www.tedandfran.com](http://www.tedandfran.com) for details. We can do the SAME thing with ANWR legislation!

RE-ELECTING MARK BEGICH WILL RESULT IN SAME-OLD, SAME-OLD!

Alaskans have already had two republican senators with both republican and democratic administrations and congresses. For the past 6 years, Alaska has had republican Lisa Murkowski and democrat Mark Begich with a democratic president and a divided congress. ALL of them have FAILED to open ANWR because NONE of them PERSONIFY it in a WINNING way. WE DO!

Our proposed N.E.W.-N.E.T.-ANWR legislation (see our website) WILL open ANWR! Alaska voters can make a two-trillion-dollar change. DO IT!!!

In this Senate election, if you elect the democratic incumbent or his republican challenger, THEY WILL WIN - AND YOU'LL GET SAME OLD!

ELECTED, AND YOU, AMERICA, ALASKA, AND WILDLIFE - WIN!

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# United States Senate

## Dan Sullivan, Republican



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Anchorage, AK 99503

**E-MAIL:** info@sullivan2014.com

**WEBSITE:** www.sullivan2014.com

**AGE:** 49

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Fairview Park, OH

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Julie Fate Sullivan

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Meghan, Isabella, Laurel

**OCCUPATION:** USMCR; Attorney

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 17 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Fairbanks-1997-1998  
Anchorage-1998-2002, 2009-Present

**EDUCATION:**

Culver Academy 1979-1983, high school  
Harvard University, 1983-1987, B.A., Economics  
Georgetown University Law Center, 1989-1993,  
Law/Masters degree in Foreign Service

**MILITARY SERVICE:**

Lieutenant Colonel, United States Marine Corps,  
1993-present, infantry and reconnaissance officer

Defense Meritorious Service Medal  
War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal  
Afghanistan Campaign Medal

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Commissioner, Alaska Department of Natural Resources  
Attorney General, State of Alaska  
Chair, Governor's Rural Subcabinet  
U.S. Assistant Secretary of State  
Director, White House National Security Council staff  
Anchorage Veterans Affairs Commission

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Law Associate, Perkins, Coie, LLP  
Judicial Law Clerk, Alaska Supreme Court and U.S.  
Court of Appeals (Ninth Circuit)

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

St. Elizabeth Ann Seton Catholic Church  
American Legion  
National Rifle Association (life member)

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Time with family, running, hunting, fishing, skiing,  
reading history

**STATEMENT:**

I am an optimist. We live in the greatest state in the greatest nation in the world. But, our country is fundamentally going in the wrong direction. We have a federal government that stands in our way at every turn. President Obama and Harry Reid have empowered Washington, D.C. bureaucrats to dictate how we educate our kids, insert themselves into our businesses and personal lives, and stop us from unleashing our energy potential. Mark Begich rubber stamps this agenda, voting with President Obama 97% of the time.

I believe that Alaskans should choose their own destiny. That's why I will continue to tirelessly fight federal overreach and champion policies that promote economic growth, fiscal responsibility, energy production, and jobs. The federal government should be a partner, lifting up our communities and providing vital infrastructure as our state continues to grow. Instead it has become a weight around our necks. As your U.S. Senator, I will work to unshackle Alaska's promise and roll back the liberal agenda Mark Begich and President Obama have forced on the country the last six years.

Together, we can restore Alaskan values to the United States Senate. I believe our best days are ahead of us. We can become a world leader in energy production and a driving force of America's economy. We can stem this nation's downward slide, empower local communities, and build a brighter future for our kids. I would be honored by your vote.

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# United States Representative

## Forrest Dunbar, Democrat



**AGE:** 29

**OCCUPATION:** Attorney/JAG Officer

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 29 Years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Eagle, Cordova, Fairbanks, Anchorage

**EDUCATION:**  
Cordova Jr./Sr. High School  
American University, BA  
Harvard University, MPP  
Yale Law School, JD

**MILITARY SERVICE:**  
First Lieutenant, Alaska Army National Guard

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Returned Peace Corps Volunteer  
Former Policy Director with Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project  
Board member of You Choose Project, non-profit focused on substance abuse among Alaskan youth

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Playing basketball, watching football, traveling Alaska

### OTHER:

I am a life-long Alaskan, who grew up in Eagle and Cordova. I've worked as a commercial fisherman, a stocker at Fred Meyer, and a wildland firefighter.

I paid my own way through college in DC, where I interned and worked as a paid staffer in the U.S. Congress.

Public service has been central to my life. I have worked at Alaska Legal Services, done policy research at the Alaska Office of Public Advocacy, and recently commissioned as an officer in the Alaska Army National Guard.

### STATEMENT:

Our state deserves a congressperson who will fight for resource development, veterans, and clean elections.

I've opposed the Paul Ryan budget, which my opponent voted for repeatedly, because it raises taxes on middle class families, cuts funding for veterans' healthcare, slashes funding for the IHS, and turns Medicare into a voucher program.

Our current congress spends too much, does too little, and feels entitled to the offices they hold. **I believe we can do better, and have called on all candidates to support meaningful campaign finance reform, including term limits.** I've signed the We the People Alaska Pledge to show my support for ending corporate personhood and restoring the original intent of our constitution.

Alaskans want common-sense solutions to the problems we face - not our current partisan gridlock. I've worked with both parties, and know Alaskans want an independent voice.

Our current representative is no longer effective. Don Young's ethics violations have cost him the ability to chair full committees, and have ended his influence in Washington.

Representative Young has been unable to overcome opposition to resource development in DC because he has taken an "us against them" approach that he can no longer back up with influence.

We need a representative who will protect our fisheries, open ANWR and the NPR-A, protect subsistence, diversify our economy, lower energy costs, and fight for in-state control of our resources.

**Alaska's Congressional seat belongs to the people of Alaska. It is no one's personal property. I'd be honored to have your vote.**

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# United States Representative

## Jim C. McDermott, Libertarian



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**E-MAIL:** Mcd041957@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** <http://mcdermott4congress4alaska.com>

**AGE:** 58

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Savannah, Georgia

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Janet E. McDermott

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** James, Brian, David, Toby,  
Amy, Suzanne, Bridget

**OCCUPATION:** University Instructor (UAF)

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 23 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Anchorage: 1991-2006  
Fairbanks: 2006-2014

**EDUCATION:**

Master of Science: Business Organizational  
Management with concentration in Information  
Technology

**MILITARY SERVICE:**

U.S. Air Force Retired, Msgt. 4 Air Force Commendation  
Medals, Humanitarian Service Medal, 7 Good Conduct

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

SCORE: Small Business Counselor (Volunteer)

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

AK Libertarian Party, Faculty Advisor for Motivated  
Academic, Kinetic, Entrepreneurs (M.A.K.E.) Student  
organization

**OTHER:**

Janet and I have a blended family consisting of seven  
children, and we have many wonderful grandchildren. I  
came to Alaska in January 1991 and knew immediately  
that this was home. I'm an advocate for Small Business  
Development and Personal Liberty.

**STATEMENT:**

**Military:** Military action should only be employed  
when our homeland is threatened. We should not use  
our military service members as the world's police. I  
would like to see our military employed to help better  
secure our own borders.

**Immigration:** I believe we ought to allow for a more  
free flow in immigration via work-visas for those who  
can find work & contribute to our society. Especially  
recent university graduates with degrees in highly  
sought after fields of industry need.

**Drugs:** I believe that marijuana ought to be regulated  
in the same manner as alcohol. I would rather see  
some of our nation's wealth spent on educating our  
people on the danger of alcohol & drug abuse, rather  
than spent on incarcerating our people for marijuana  
use & sales. The many billions of dollars saved can  
then be used to enhance our society and reduce tax  
burden on our citizens.

**Law Making:** We are a nation of laws but also a nation  
of redundancy within our legal system. We need to re-  
examine national laws to ensure only the needed &  
relevant laws are in place.

**Crime:** Let's help law breakers through positive  
rehabilitation programs, and not allow the worst of the  
worst to prey over other inmates.

**Foreign Aid:** Our government needs to stop giving  
billions of our tax dollars to nations whose governments  
are hostile to our way of life and our cultural values.

**Government:** End crony capitalism between big  
government & big business.

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# United States Representative

## Don Young, Republican



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Anchorage, AK 99503

**E-MAIL:** akfordy@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** donyoung2014.com

**AGE:** 81

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Lu Young (deceased)

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Daughters Joni and Dawn,  
14 grandchildren

**OCCUPATION:** U.S. Representative

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 55 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Fort Yukon (1960-Present) and Anchorage (1959-1960)

**EDUCATION:**  
Sutter High School, 1947-1951, Diploma  
Yuba Junior College, 1951-1952, AA  
Chico State College, 1952-1953 & 1957-1958, BA

**MILITARY SERVICE:**  
U.S. Army, 41<sup>st</sup> Tank Battalion, 1955-1957, Private  
First Class

### **POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

U.S. House of Representatives 1973-present; Alaska State senate 1970-1973; Alaska State House, 1966-1970; Major, Fort Yukon, 1964-1966; City Council, Fort Yukon 1960-1964

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Alaska Executive Board; National Education Society, 1963-1967; National Rifle Association Board of Directors

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Boone & Crocket; Congressional Sportsmen's Caucus; Elks, Fort Yukon Musers Association; Lions; Masons; NAACP; National Rifle Association; Safari Club International; Shriners

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Hunting, Fishing, Mining, Trapping, Gun Collection

### **STATEMENT:**

My desire to serve as your Congressman is as strong today as it was four decades ago when I first ran for Congress. I want to continue fighting for Alaska to make this state a better place for all Alaskans.

While we have enjoyed many accomplishments in our state's history, such as construction of the Trans-Alaska pipeline, protection of our fishing industry and ensuring seniors have access to care, I believe we are at a critical turning point in our nation's history. Currently, President Obama and his Administration have laid their heavy hand of government over many vital Alaskan industries, jeopardizing our state's economic and social well-being by locking away our lands and oceans to resource development and pushing harmful federal policies upon Alaskan small business owners and families. Time and time again, we have seen the severe impacts of federal bureaucrats who believe they know best for Alaska. But as we all know, Alaska is not a "one-size fits all" state.

This Administration's policies continue to be a drag on the American economy, resulting in skyrocketing deficits, staggering debts, and outrageous energy prices. It's crucially important Alaskans have an experienced fighter representing them in the House of Representatives. Whether it's defending each and every Alaskan's right to bear arms or continuing my fight for responsible development of our abundant resources, my number one priority has been and continues to be standing up for Alaska. With your support and encouragement I believe we can continue Alaska's progress forward.

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# Governor

## Carolyn F. “Care” Clift, Libertarian



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 6402 Hampton Dr.  
Anchorage, AK 99504

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**WEBSITE:** www.carecliftcampaign.com

**AGE:** 63

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Nashville, TN

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Robert E. Clift, Jr.

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Ian C. Clift, PhD; Bruck A. Clift, MD; Daniel H. Clift, AIA

**OCCUPATION:** Retired Teacher

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 35 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Aniak, AK 1979-1996  
Anchorage, AK 1996-present

**EDUCATION:**  
Huntsville High School, AL, Diploma 1968  
University of Arizona, Tucson, BAE, Elementary Ed., 1971  
University of Arizona, Tucson, MEd, Reading Specialist, 1978  
University of Alaska system, Special Education, Mild Disabilities, K-6,

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Aniak Daycare Board of Directors, 1988-1993

Executive Board, Alaska Libertarian Party, 2011-present  
Libertarian National Committee, 2012-present

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Kuspuk School District—Elementary teacher,  
Community Education Coordinator,  
Inservice Coordinator, Reading Teacher/director  
Kuskokwim Community College—Adult Education  
Coordinator  
City of Aniak, YKHC—Health Aide  
Aniak Daycare Center-Director  
Anchorage School District-Special Education Teacher

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Anchorage Education Association 1996-2013  
Retired Public Employees Association 2014

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Five grandchildren, water aerobics, mystery novels, cooking, medicine

### **STATEMENT:**

National polls show that a majority of Americans are unhappy with the jobs the politicians are doing, both here in Alaska and across the U.S. As an Alaska Libertarian, I stand for individual rights, personal responsibility, and minimizing government. The two-party system has caused government to grow bigger and more intrusive every year. Since I am not a politician, and I belong to a third party, I will be able to follow my principles and veto expenses that do not benefit all Alaskans or that are not specifically guaranteed by our Alaska Constitution. I will be able to work with every legislator. We don't want to bring back the State Income Tax. It was Libertarian Dick Randolph who sponsored the repeal of the State Income Tax; Alaska needs a Libertarian governor to fight the overspending in Juneau and bring our budget back to sustainable levels. As Governor, I will use my line-item veto power to shrink the budget back down to 5.5 billion dollars; to prevent deficit spending; and to prevent reinstating the income tax. I will fight to eliminate rules and regulations that interfere with liberty.

I will also protect Alaskan freedom in these areas:

- Personal and medical privacy
- Private property
- Resource development
- Marriage, Family, and Religious Decisions
- Educational Freedom
- Business and Free Trade
- Victimless “crimes”
- Second amendment rights
- Constitutionally limited government
- Medical decisions

Vote for Lady Liberty!

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# Lieutenant Governor

## Andrew C. Lee, Libertarian



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Nome, AK 99762

**E-MAIL:** Lee2014@safonatt.com

**WEBSITE:** www.safonatt.com

**AGE:** 35

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Anchorage

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Becki

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Amber

**OCCUPATION:** Gold Miner

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 35

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Eagle River: 1979-1997, 2012-Present; Fairbanks:  
1997-2012; Nome: Summers 2006-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
Chugiak HS, 1997; University of Alaska Fairbanks, BS  
in Computer Science, 2002

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Science, Technology, Space, Green Energy, Robotics

### STATEMENT:

I will vote No on 1. Yes on 2. I oppose using tax dollars for private schools. I support repeal of the Alaska marriage definition amendment. I support equal protection under the law. We are a society of laws. Laws must be obeyed and enforced; if they are not worthy of either, then they must be repealed.

I oppose the initiation of force. I recognize and support the natural right of self-defense. I fully support individuals' natural right to free association and to think and do whatever they like, so long as it does not harm another; even if they are knuckleheads. Government control, power, and responsibility should be as local and open as feasible.

I support sustainable budget practices that spend within our means and maintain or grow our savings and reserve accounts. As a State, we need to keep all the promises that have been made, and we need to stop making unsustainable promises. Being an owner State, I interpret the Alaska State constitution to require that we spend the maximum amount on social programs and capital improvements that we can sustainably spend from royalty revenues derived from oil production and other resource development.

I ask first if a problem can be solved with more freedom instead of less. I say the truth as I see it as often as I can. I change my mind every time I see myself as being wrong.

# Governor

## J.R. Myers, Alaska Constitution



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Haines, AK 99827

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**WEBSITE:** jr4gov.com

**AGE:** 51

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Great Falls, Montana

**OCCUPATION:** Counselor

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 12

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Haines 2011-2014  
Soldotna 2005-2011  
Homer 2003-2005  
Anchorage 1964-1965

**EDUCATION:**

University of Great Falls, Master of Professional Counseling  
2001 and Master of Human Services 1997

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Founder & Chairman Alaska Constitution Party 2010-2014  
Member Haines Borough Fire Service Area #1 Board  
2012-2013  
Member Kenai Peninsula Borough Central Emergency  
Services Board 2010-2011  
Vice Chairman Alaskan Independence party 2008-2010

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Clinician III, Lynn Canal Counseling Services  
Licensed Professional Counselor Supervisor  
National Certified Counselor  
Certified Chemical Dependency Counselor  
Certified Veterans Behavioral Health Provider

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

American Counseling Association  
Alaska Counseling Association  
Delta Sigma Epsilon National Honor Society  
Haines Christian Center  
Haines Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Board  
MENSA Society

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Singing Praise & Worship; Civic Involvement; Constitutional Government; Free, Equal, & Verifiable Elections; Rule of Law; Reduction of Violence

**OTHER:**

Alaska Constitution Party website:  
<http://www.alaskaconstitutionparty.com/>

**STATEMENT:**

We need a hopeful vision for our future. Our culture needs to remember and defend the intrinsic value of human life. Alaska desperately needs courageous, principled and responsible leadership. Alaskans want leaders who will serve the best interests of the people. I will uphold all of our constitutional rights, including our Second Amendment rights.

We have been given empty promises coupled with reckless record breaking deficit spending by those who falsely claim to be fiscal conservatives. The current Governor and Legislature have spent 1/3 of our savings in just the last two years! If we don't get control of the situation now, we are facing more raids on the savings fund, implementation of statewide sales and income taxes and the erosion of the PFD.

I don't want any of that to happen, and I need your help to do something about it. This election is an opportunity for the People of Alaska to reclaim our government through the ballot box. If everyone who agrees with this message votes, we win!

As Governor, my budget target will be lean, mean and sustainable. I propose across the board spending cuts spread out over my first four years in office until we've achieved this goal. I will use the powerful Line Item Veto as required.

This campaign is about building a viable long-term future for Alaska upon a firm Constitutional footing. I need your prayers, support and votes to keep up the fight for the future of All Alaskans!

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# Lieutenant Governor

## Maria P. Rensel, Alaska Constitution



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Fairbanks, AK 99709

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Fairbanks, AK 99709

**E-MAIL:** rensel@reagan.com

**AGE:** 49

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Wiesbaden, GERMANY

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Bill

**OCCUPATION:** Entrepreneur

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 10 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Fairbanks 2004-2014

**EDUCATION:**  
Graduate of Poquoson High School, Poquoson Va;  
Admin Mgmt Study at Christopher Newport College  
and Utah State University

**MILITARY SERVICE:**  
Administrative Specialist in Utah Air National Guard

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Founder and Exec. Dir of Interior Alaska Conservative  
Coalition

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Office Manager for GVEA and Haskell Corp at Ft. Wainwright and North Pole power plants. Manager at man camp in Williston, N.D.

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Hiking, Skiing and Faux Finish Painting

### **OTHER:**

Lived and travel in many states and countries before moving to Alaska. Enjoy learning about people and cultures around the world.

### **STATEMENT:**

My objective is to help establish ballot access for the Alaska Constitution Party and to activate grass-roots effort in Alaska. I am unequivocally pro-life, pro-Second Amendment and pro-traditionally defined marriage. I support the Fully Informed Jury Association's stance on jury nullification and believe that we must reclaim the Common Law. State Sovereignty, Property rights and the protection of Sheriff's are issues becoming very important in many states, including Alaska, not admitted under equal footing doctrine. I support the decriminalization of marijuana and recent oil tax reform; I'll vote "NO" on 1 but believe Alaska must get its fiscal house in order by passing sustainable spending bills. During the petition gathering phase of my campaign I noticed several problems with both Division of Elections and APOC. Reforms would include a streamlined approach to ballot access; simplified campaign finance regulations and lower costs and easier access for competitive political parties. In all arenas I believe that the introduction of competition and innovation has a positive effect on the outcome, including in our public school system. I wrote, spoke and testified in favor of SJR-9 to allow the people of Alaska to vote to decide the new direction for educating future generations. I also believe strongly in independent home schooling, volunteerism and nullification. I am a student of the Austrian school of economics which supports entrepreneurialism and personal responsibility. I believe as our founders believed in the smallest possible government and the greatest degree of individual liberty.

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# Governor

## Sean R. Parnell, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 716 Calhoun Avenue  
Juneau, Alaska 99801

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 716 Calhoun Avenue  
Juneau, Alaska 99801

**E-MAIL:** info@parnell2014.com

**WEBSITE:** www.parnell2014.com

**AGE:** 51

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Hanford, CA

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Sandy (married 26 years)

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Grace, Rachel

**OCCUPATION:** Governor of Alaska

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 41 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Juneau: 2009-2014, Anchorage: 1973-2009

**EDUCATION:**  
East Anchorage High School; Pacific Lutheran University, 1980-1984, B.B.A.; Seattle University School of Law, 1984-1987, J.D.

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Executive Branch: Governor of the State of Alaska, 2009-2014; Lieutenant Governor, 2006-2009; Deputy

Director, Division of Oil & Gas, DNR, 2003-2005. Legislative Branch: Alaska State Representative, 1992-1996; Alaska State Senator, 1996-2000. Leadership: Senate Finance Co-Chair, 1999-2000. Other: Abbott Loop Community Council, 1988-1995; Bayshore/Klatt Community Council, 1995-2000.

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Alaska State Chamber of Commerce; former Habitat for Humanity; American Red Cross; volunteer loaned account manager to United Way-Anchorage campaign; Anchorage Downtown Rotary honorary member; mentor for high school youth group.

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Family, running, hiking.

### **STATEMENT:**

I am running for re-election to continue growing opportunity and building Alaska's future for every Alaskan.

**Strong Economy.** As your governor, I have led our state to a strong economy. We created an economic climate that's produced over 16,000 new jobs. Alaska now leads most states in small business and entrepreneurial activity, and billions of new dollars in private-sector investment have returned to our state.

**Alaska Gas for Alaskans First.** We've made historic progress on building a large volume gasoline through Alaska. The real work of engineering and design are underway on the Alaska LNG Project. The gas trucking solution known as the Interior Energy Project is under construction to bring lower cost energy to Alaskans in the Interior. The Cook Inlet region has seen resurgence in jobs and natural gas production under our policies, and new hydro projects are underway in Southeast and Southcentral Alaska.

### **Standing Up for Alaskans**

I have fought federal overreach at every turn, stood up for the military, and made sure the State lives within its means with record spending cuts. I championed Alaska Performance Scholarships for our young people, and high school graduation rates are climbing. We've worked directly with Alaskans in over 170 communities to tackle the epidemic of domestic violence and sexual assault and seen many lives positively changed.

Our state is on the right track, and whether you live in rural Alaska or in the cities, I will always put you first. I respectfully ask for your vote.

Thank you.

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# Lieutenant Governor

## Dan Sullivan, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 3201 W. 32nd Avenue  
Anchorage, AK 99517

**E-MAIL:** [info@dansullivanforalaska.com](mailto:info@dansullivanforalaska.com)

**WEBSITE:** [www.dansullivanforalaska.com](http://www.dansullivanforalaska.com)

**AGE:** 63

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Fairbanks, AK

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Lynnette

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Jennifer

**OCCUPATION:** Businessman

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 63 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Nenana, 1951-1952; Fairbanks, 1952-1959;  
Anchorage, 1959-present

**EDUCATION:**

West High School, 1969; UAA, 1969-1972; University  
of Oregon, BA Political Science, 1975

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Anchorage Assembly, 1999-2008, Chair, 2006-7;  
Anchorage Mayor, 2009-present

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Sullivan and Associates, founded 1986; 1993-1996,  
Executive Director of the 1996 Arctic Winter Games;  
Founding partner, McGinley's Pub, 2006-present;  
Director, Alaska Natural Gas Development Authority,  
2003-2010

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Family, politics, sports, reading, community service

**OTHER:**

I am a lifelong, 4th generation Alaskan with a long  
family history of public service.

**STATEMENT:**

I am running for Lieutenant Governor because I want  
to be a part of the team that leads Alaska to a new  
generation of prosperity. I have spent the last 14 years  
serving my Anchorage community as an assembly  
member and as the mayor. I am proud of what I have  
been able to accomplish during this time and I would  
like to continue my public service at the state level,  
where many of the same challenges I faced as mayor  
are confronting our state today.

As mayor, I tackled budget deficits, rising crime rates,  
backlogged deferred maintenance, and a looming  
energy crisis. Through hard work and good planning,  
all of these challenges have been successfully met. I  
also took on the hard issues of labor reform, improving  
educational standards, and a port expansion project  
that had been terribly mismanaged. I have never  
avoided the tough issues and that is the type of  
leadership we need in Alaska today.

As your Lieutenant Governor, I will work hard to make  
sure we present responsible, sustainable budgets  
and develop our resources for the maximum benefit  
of all Alaskans, as required in our State Constitution.  
I am also the only candidate running for Lieutenant  
Governor who has the top level executive experience  
in both the public and private sectors to serve as the  
Governor if the occasion ever arose.

I would be honored to serve you.

# Lieutenant Governor

## Byron Mallott, Non-Affiliated



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 235 Max Italio Drive  
Yakutat

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 22387  
Juneau, AK 99802

**E-MAIL:** info@byronmallott.com

**WEBSITE:** byronmallott.com

**AGE:** 71

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Yakutat

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Toni

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** B.J., Meredith, Anthony,  
Joseph, Ben

**OCCUPATION:** Retired CEO, public official

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 70

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Yakutat – Hometown  
Skagway – School, 1949-1960  
Sitka - 1960-1961  
Juneau – since 1972  
Anchorage - 1969-1970, 1976-1977

**EDUCATION:**  
Pious X Mission, 1957-1960  
Sheldon Jackson HS, 1960-1961  
Eastern Washington, 1961-1962  
Western Washington, 1962-1964  
Honorary PhD, UA, 1984

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Mayor, Yakutat  
Assistant, Governor Bill Egan  
Commissioner, Dept. of Community & Regional Affairs  
Mayor, Juneau  
Alaskan Command Civilian Advisory Board

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
Trustee, Chair, CEO, Alaska Permanent Fund  
Director, Chair, CEO, Sealaska Corporation  
President, Alaska Federation of Natives  
President, First Alaskans Institute  
Director, Rural Alaska Community Action Program  
Director, Alaska Commercial Fisheries & Agriculture Bank  
Inducted, Alaska Business Hall of Fame  
**Boards:**  
Alaska Air Group  
ACS  
Alaska Public Radio  
Federal Reserve Bank, San Francisco  
National Alliance of Business  
Seafirst Bank

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Nature Conservancy  
Lion's Club

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Hunting, boating, hiking, reading, grandkids

**STATEMENT:**  
I am a lifelong Alaskan with a passion for this place and its people. From small town mayor to Permanent Fund manager, I know that polarizing partisanship is not how solutions are achieved. It takes leadership and hard work. I have a 50-year bi-partisan track record of bringing people together to tackle complicated issues. This campaign is about building a better Alaska and who's best prepared to get us there.

**Priorities:**  
  
Education: My first priority is education: it grows everything else. From universal, voluntary pre-K services to timely, predictable K-12 funding to expecting excellence in the classroom to reducing student loan interest rates, a strong education system attracts and keeps residents and grows the economy. It's the best investment we can make.

Energy: Energy costs are crippling . My first day on the job I will appoint an energy chief to coordinate and consolidate efforts to bring affordable power and fuel to all Alaskans, with an emphasis on innovation and conservation. While there's no single answer, there can and should be a singular focus on energy at the highest level.

The Economy: Alaska faces critical choices -- not in 10 or 20 years -- but now. Our state is in a dangerous situation: revenues don't cover costs and savings will be depleted within five years. Balancing the books while supporting vital public services is fundamental and urgent. Thirty years as a CEO and director of profit and non-profit organizations have prepared me well to work toward a balanced bottom line.

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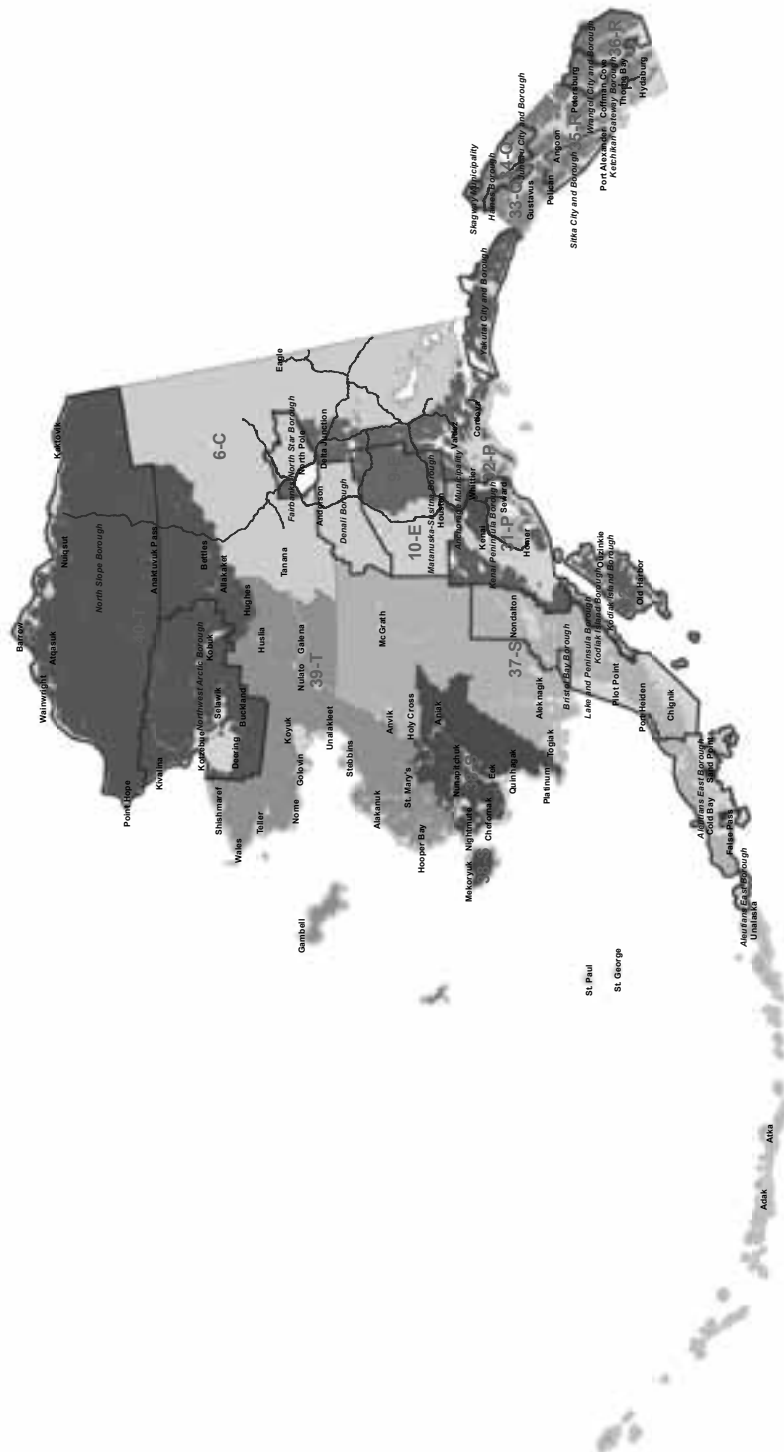


# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

Statewide



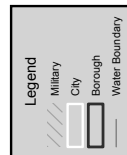
Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board



**State of Alaska**  
**Division of Elections**  
**House and Senate District Designations**  
Based on "Proclamation of Redistricting" July 14, 2013

<b>SENATE DISTRICT</b>	<b>HOUSE DISTRICT</b>	<b>HOUSE DISTRICT</b>
<b>A</b>	<b>1</b> Downtown Fairbanks	<b>2</b> Fairbanks/Wainwright
<b>B</b>	<b>3</b> North Pole/Badger	<b>4</b> Western Fairbanks
<b>C</b>	<b>5</b> Chena Ridge/Airport	<b>6</b> Eielson/Denali/Upper Yukon/Border Region
<b>D</b>	<b>7</b> Greater Wasilla	<b>8</b> Big Lake/Point Mackenzie
<b>E</b>	<b>9</b> Richardson Hwy/East Mat-Su	<b>10</b> Rural Mat-Su
<b>F</b>	<b>11</b> Greater Palmer	<b>12</b> Chugiak/Gateway
<b>G</b>	<b>13</b> Fort Richardson/North Eagle River	<b>14</b> Eagle River/Chugach State Park
<b>H</b>	<b>15</b> Elmendorf	<b>16</b> College Gate
<b>I</b>	<b>17</b> University	<b>18</b> Spenard
<b>J</b>	<b>19</b> Mountainview	<b>20</b> Downtown Anchorage
<b>K</b>	<b>21</b> West Anchorage	<b>22</b> Sand Lake
<b>L</b>	<b>23</b> Taku	<b>24</b> Oceanview
<b>M</b>	<b>25</b> Abbott	<b>26</b> Huffman
<b>N</b>	<b>27</b> Basher	<b>28</b> South Anchorage
<b>O</b>	<b>29</b> North Kenai	<b>30</b> Kenai/Soldotna
<b>P</b>	<b>31</b> Homer/South Kenai	<b>32</b> Kodiak/Cordova/Seldovia
<b>Q</b>	<b>33</b> Downtown Juneau/Douglas/ Haines/Skagway	<b>34</b> Mendenhall Valley
<b>R</b>	<b>35</b> Sitka/Petersburg	<b>36</b> Ketchikan/Wrangell/Metlakatla/Hydaburg
<b>S</b>	<b>37</b> Bristol Bay/Aleutians/Upper Kuskokwim	<b>38</b> Lower Kuskokwim
<b>T</b>	<b>39</b> Bering Straits/Yukon Delta	<b>40</b> Arctic

**House  
District  
29**



2014 REGION I



**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

**Instructions:** To vote, completely fill in the oval next to your choice, like this: ☒

<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Senator District O</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Treider, Eric D. Non Affiliated
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Micciche, Peter A. Republican
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 29</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Chenault, Charles "Mike" Republican
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	<input type="radio"/> Knudsen, Rocky Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 66 SEQ# 1 English

# Senate District O

## Eric D. Treider, Non-Affiliated



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 157 S. Sterling Street  
Soldotna AK 99669

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 3565  
Soldotna, AK 99669

**E-MAIL:** info@treiderforsenate.com

**WEBSITE:** www.treiderforsenate.com

**AGE:** 59

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Albuquerque, NM

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Nelma Treider

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Lt. Laura Treider USAF,  
Jason Treider

**OCCUPATION:**  
Electronics technician, geophysical instrumentation.

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 27 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Nikiski 1985-1986  
Fairbanks 1989  
Seldovia 1990  
Nikiski 1990-2004  
Soldotna 2004-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
Manzano HS, Albuquerque NM, 1973

Trinity University, San Antonio TX, 1973-1975  
Pacific Lutheran University, 1976-1978, BA –  
Social Welfare  
Albuquerque Technical-Vocational Institute, 1981,  
completed Digital Electronics Program  
University of Alaska Fairbanks, 1989-1990, completed  
graduate-level Teachers for Alaska Program  
Perkins School of Theology – Completed Academy of  
Missional Wisdom. 2012-2013

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Campaign Director, Kennedy '80 presidential  
campaign, Green Bay, Wisconsin

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Kairos Prison Ministries, Charter board member of  
Kenai Peninsula Habitat for Humanity, Community Lay  
Director for Alaska Walk to Emmaus

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Music, Renewable energy, Alternative building  
techniques, gold mining

**Other:**

FACEBOOK: Eric Treider for Senate

**STATEMENT:**

Here's one portrait of Alaska in 2034: The "fast cash now" guys defeated Prop 1. We drilled the hell out of the Slope but don't have much to show for it. The oil pipeline shut down and we're stuck with much of the clean-up, just like with those Cook Inlet platforms. The gas pipeline barely broke even and most of those profits leave the state. We never set aside any money to develop sustainable industries so those of us who aren't in fishing, tourism or government are struggling to get by. No jobs for the young folks -- they're all gone.

This is my vision of Alaska: Prop 1 passed and we maximized our oil income. We realized that we couldn't keep supporting a state government that cost \$72,000 per year, per family so we began making hard choices. Using these savings and the extra oil money, we transformed Alaska into a renewable energy powerhouse. It took a "Manhattan Project" effort but we developed employee-owned companies that design and build tidal power and wind turbines, solar panels, and integrated systems that are badly needed in Alaska and all over the world. It's a stable, enduring industry that strengthens small businesses in ways that petroleum couldn't because the profits stay here at home. And the cheap electricity we produce is a relief for businesses and families and it launched local agriculture. World-wide, people say, "Alaska! The energy folks! They planned ahead and got it right!"

Let's make this dream come true!

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# House District 29

## Rocky Knudsen, Democrat



**MAILING ADDRESS:** P.O. Box 7608  
Nikiski, AK 99635

**E-MAIL:** rockyforstatehouse@yahoo.com

**AGE:** 60

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Glasgow, Montana

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Cheryl Knudsen

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Daughter-Bonnie;  
Son Waylon; Grandsons-  
Brayden, Riley, Mason

**OCCUPATION:** Retired, Union Electrician

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 43 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Palmer, AK 1971-1986/Nikiski, AK 1986-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
Graduate-Palmer High School/Journeyman Electrician-  
Alaska Joint Electrical Training Trust

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
I have never held a political office, or been an employee  
of any government agency.

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
I have worked as a Journeyman, supervisor,  
and Manager on many Alaskan construction and  
maintenance projects.

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Nikiski Senior Center, IBEW LU 1547, Moose Lodge

**STATEMENT:**  
My name is Rocky Knudsen. I am running for State  
House in District 29. This is a geographically large  
area covering: Nikiski, Sterling, Cooper Landing,  
Moose Pass, and Seward.

Alaska is entering into a new era filled with growth  
and expansion. I believe we have to elect leaders  
who will take care of Alaska's best interests first.  
Our children will pay the price for the mistakes we  
make today, or will reap the benefits of the jobs this  
expansion will create.

I also believe that educating tomorrow's work force is  
critical. We need to invest in our children's education  
to give them the proper training prior to becoming  
adults and entering the work force. A good education  
and strong infrastructure will ensure that our children  
will have good jobs here at home.

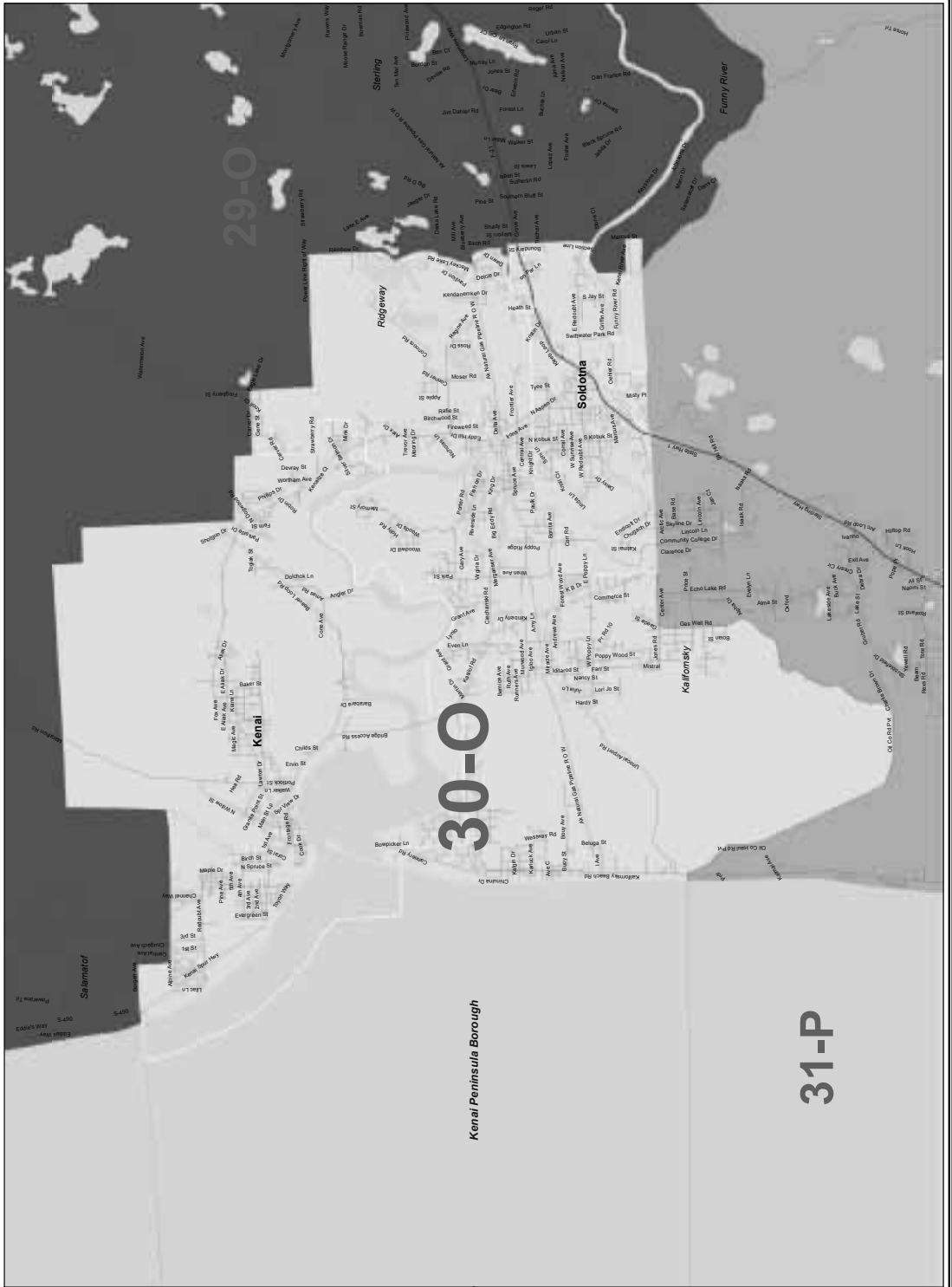
I have lived through good and bad times in Alaska. I've  
seen periods when we have had plenty of work and  
periods where finding a job was very difficult. We can  
do better for our children, and ensure they have the  
chance for a good life in Alaska.

Together we can build Alaska for the future. Our  
children are depending on us to protect today's jobs  
for tomorrow.

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# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

House  
District  
30



Legend	
	Military
	City
	Borough
	Water Boundary



Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board



**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

**Instructions:** To vote, completely fill in the oval next to your choice, like this: ☒

<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Senator District O</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Micciche, Peter A. Republican
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	<input type="radio"/> Treider, Eric D. Non Affiliated
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 30</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	<input type="radio"/> Thornton, Shauna L. Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Olson, Kurt E. Republican
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 67 SEQ# 1 English



# House District 30

## Kurt E. Olson, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 317 Diane Lane  
Soldotna, AK 99669

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 317 Diane Lane  
Soldotna, AK 99669

**E-MAIL:** kobo@alaska.net

**AGE:** 66

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Sacramento, California

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Barbara Olson  
(married 38 years)

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Madelyn, Valerie

**OCCUPATION:** Legislator

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 37 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Anchorage 1977-1982

Kenai 1982-1995

Soldotna 1995-present

**EDUCATION:**

Cupertino High School (Cupertino, CA) graduated 1966  
California State University Long Beach, B.A. 1977

**MILITARY SERVICE:**

USAF, 1967-1971. Sgt., Honorable Discharge

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Alaska House of Representatives, 5 terms  
Chair, Labor and Commerce, Oil & Gas, Co-Chair of  
Community and Regional Affairs.

Current committees: Labor & Commerce, Vice-Chair  
rules, Legislative Budget and Audit, Community and  
Regional Affairs and Fisheries

Soldotna City Council, 2 years

Central Emergency Services-Service Area Board of  
Directors 8 years, Chair 3 yrs.

Alaska Legislative Aide, commercial lines insurance  
broker, custom seafood processor, and Kenai  
Peninsula tourism industry.

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Rotary (Spenard, Kenai and Soldotna), Soldotna  
Elks, Peninsula Winter Games Board of Directors,  
Kenai and Soldotna Chambers of Commerce (Board  
of Directors-Soldotna, 5 years), and the Kenai Wild  
Salmon Brand Board of Directors.

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Fishing, hiking and photography.

**STATEMENT:**

It has been an honor and a privilege to represent you  
in Juneau for the past five terms. I am running again  
because we are at a crossroads, one path will lead us  
to jobs, an educated workforce, prosperity and rational  
utilization of our vast natural resources. The other path  
will not. I believe that I have the skill-sets and knowledge  
to find the first path. We are now closer than ever to  
not only monetizing our standard North Slope natural  
gas, but utilizing a portion of it in-state both to heat and  
power our homes and for value added industries.

The 28<sup>th</sup> legislature was a success. We continued to  
adequately fund education, we took strides to keep the  
retirement system solvent by reducing future payments,  
and save money for the lean years. Until the gas line  
comes on line and the through-put in TAPS increases,  
we must guard against overspending at every level of  
government. I have the budgeting experience for this  
important task while making sure communities see a  
fair share of capital projects funding.

I have worked not only on energy issues but on  
reducing the workers' compensation insurance  
impact on both small and large businesses. Recently,  
Governor Parnell came to our district and signed three  
pieces of legislation that should have a significant  
impact on workers compensation rates.

Thank you again for allowing me to represent you. I  
ask for your vote and thank you for exercising one of  
our most basic rights by voting.

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# House District 30

## Shauna L. Thornton, Democrat



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 320 Lantern Circle  
Kenai, AK 99611

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 320 Lantern Circle  
Kenai, AK 99611

**E-MAIL:** Sthorntonforhouse@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:**  
<http://democracy.com/sthorntonforhouse/default.aspx>

**AGE:** 51

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Las Vegas, Nevada

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Timothy, Ashley, Erin

**OCCUPATION:** Legal Assistant

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 23

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Kenai-Soldotna 1991-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
University of Alaska 2007-2014 Bachelor's Degree  
Liberal Arts

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
KPC Student Government-2009-2012  
Coalition of Student Leaders University of Alaska  
Statewide Member 2009-2011 Speaker 2012-2014

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Boys and Girls Club Group Leader  
Alaska USA FCU Manger

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Student Advocate-Juneau Delegation for the University  
of Alaska 2009-2014  
Boys and Girls Club-Current Parent Organizer of the  
Trunk or Treat Halloween event  
Kenai Fine Art Center Board Member/gallery Volunteer-  
Secretary 2011 Treasurer 2012-13, President 2013-2014  
Kenai Boys and Girls Club Parent Volunteer  
-Currently Serving  
Composting Kenai-Composting Project with Kenai  
Peninsula Food Bank and the Kenai Peninsula Boys  
and Girls Club  
Relay for Life Kenai Peninsula 2012-Entertainment Chair  
Kenai Visitors and Convention Center-Past Patrons  
Board Member  
Kenai Peninsula College Media Group-Past President  
Past Reporter for the Kenai Peninsula Connection  
Newspaper-past reporter, column: Word on Campus  
Kenai Middle School-Mentoring Program  
Coast Guard Auxiliary member-Secretary

### **STATEMENT:**

I have played a leadership role in many community groups and know that there are many things we can do that will enhance our beautiful area, and preserve the essence of why we each choose to call it home. I am ready to bring my experience, hardworking values, and determination to work for our community. After going to school, while working full time and raising children, I understand the issues facing families today. I believe that your voice is important and I pledge to listen to you and to make sure your concerns and issues are heard in Juneau. As Speaker of the Coalition of Student Leaders I effectively advocated for 34,000 University Students statewide.

I believe that education is the key to achieving our potential. We need innovative ideas and solutions for our economic, environmental, and social issues. I will work hard to ensure opportunities for all Alaskans to provide for themselves, through education, sustainability, and employment opportunities. Public schools benefit all Alaskans by creating an educated qualified workforce, able to take the jobs created by small and large business here in Alaska.

We must make good training opportunities for good jobs available to all Alaskans. We must expand and diversify Alaska's economy by developing sustainable resources, value added processing of our commodities, and jobs in renewable energy. I will always advocate for responsible spending and transparency in our state budget, with your vote we can make great things happen together.

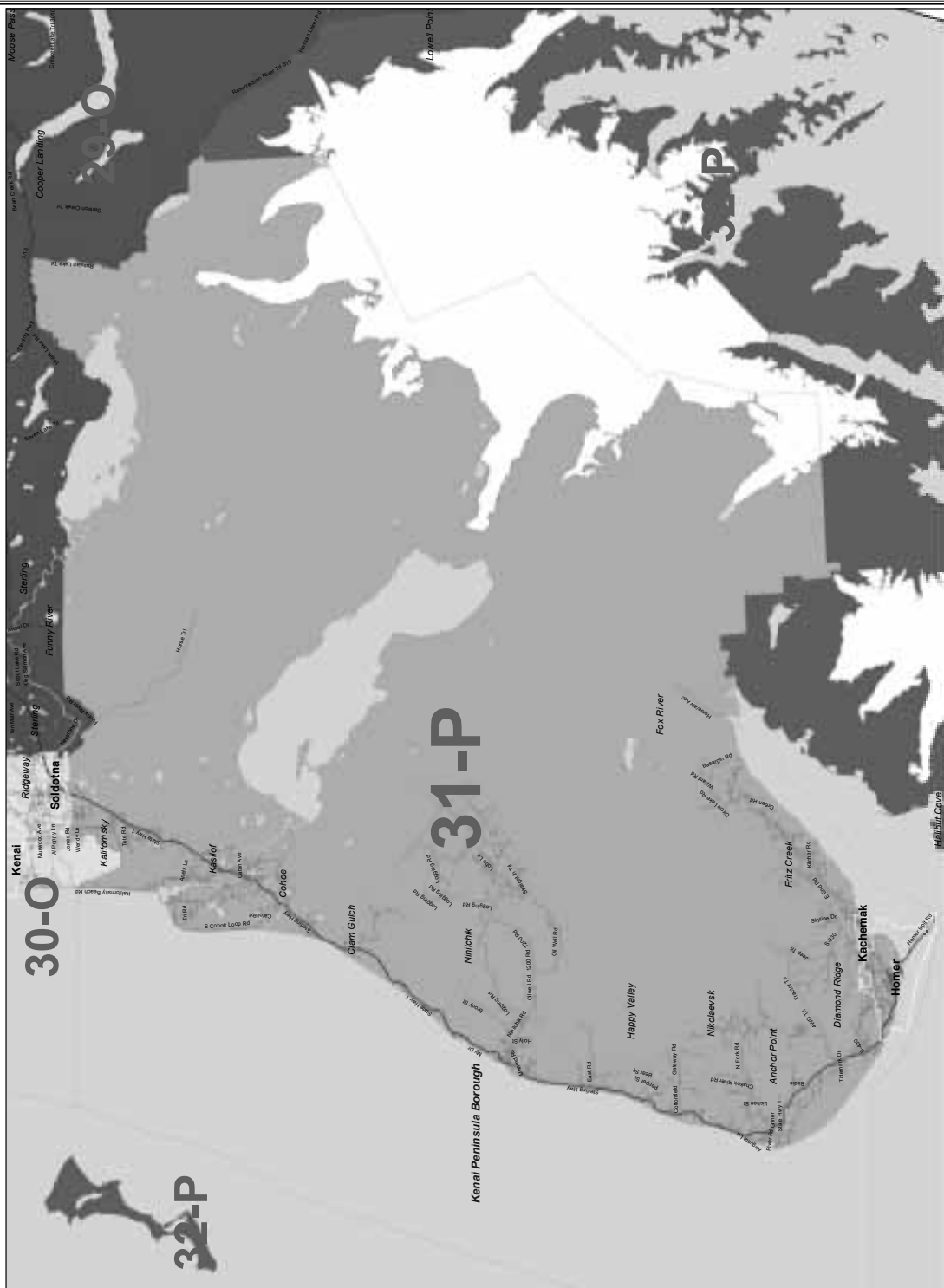
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# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

House  
District  
31



Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board





**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

**Instructions:** To vote, completely fill in the oval next to your choice, like this: ☒

<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Senator District P</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	<input type="radio"/> Stevens, Gary Lee Republican
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	<input type="radio"/> Henrichs, Robert "Moose" Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 31</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Seaton, Paul Republican
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 68 SEQ# 1 English

# Senate District P

## Gary Lee Stevens, Republican



**AGE:** 72

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** McMinnville, Oregon

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Rita

**CHILDREN’S NAMES:** Anna, Matthew, Natalie

**OCCUPATION:** Professor (Retired)

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 44 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Kodiak 1970 to present

**EDUCATION:**  
Taft High 1959  
Linfield College 1963 BA  
University of Oregon 1965 MFA  
UCLA 1966 Graduate School  
University of Oregon 1984 Ph.D.  
Harvard 2005 Kennedy School of Government

**MILITARY SERVICE:**  
US Army; 3 years; 1st Lieutenant; Intelligence Officer;  
Army Commendation Medal

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Senate President – 4 years; Majority Leader; Rules Chair; Education Chair, Finance; Mayor, Kodiak Borough; Mayor, City of Kodiak; President School Board; Senate: 12 years; House: 2 years

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
Professor, University of Alaska, 25 years; General Manager, Northern Processors; CEO, Happy Clam Food; Teaching Assistant, University of Oregon; Director Kodiak Oral History Project

**SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS MEMBERSHIP:**  
Rotary, Elks, American Legion, Pioneers

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Alaska History and Art

**OTHER (BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION ONLY):**  
National Chairman, Council of State Governments; Governor, Rotary International; President Alaska Historical Society; Board Member: Alaska Humanities Forum, Alaska Seafood Marketing Institute, Alaska Aerospace Corporation, Senate Presidents Forum, Council of State Governments, National Conference of State Legislatures

**STATEMENT:**  
I am running for re-election to the Alaska Senate. It has been an honor and a pleasure to serve as a legislator for 14 years. I have been Chairman of Education, Senate President, Majority Leader and Rules Chair. I have enjoyed my 8 years in Senate Leadership and learned enormous lessons about how best to assist the communities I represent. Redistricting has led to substantial changes in District P and I look forward to meeting, listening to and learning from every community in this new district.

My priorities include excellence in education, finding solutions to the high dropout rate in our schools and low graduation rate in higher education, maintaining a healthy economy and well-paying jobs, continuing to add to our savings account for future needs, moving ahead on oil and gas development, protecting our fishing and tourism industries and support for our veterans and seniors.

I have served as an elected public official for over 27 years, as Borough Mayor, City Mayor, School Board President, as well as a state legislator. That experience has given me an abiding understanding of the needs of all levels of government here in our district.

I believe in the importance of family values. Rita and I have been married for 40 years and we have three grown children; Anna, Matthew and Natalie. We recently welcomed our first grandchild, Isadora, to our family.

I promise to continue to provide this district with the best possible representation I can in the Alaska Senate.

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# House District 31

## Paul Seaton, Republican



### STATEMENT:

Paul Seaton has been actively involved in Kenai Peninsula communities for 37 years. As your Representative he works hard for an Alaska that values fiscal responsibility, quality education, improved health care, responsible resource development, and accountable government.

Paul responded to the needs of Alaska's students for quality education by finding answers to funding problems that enjoyed bipartisan support. Paul is a leader in bringing technology and vocational education back to the classroom and worked hard for the results-based Alaska Performance Scholarships and Project Grad that reward hard work by making Alaskan colleges and technical schools more affordable.

Paul continues to work to improve the safety and accessibility of healthcare in Alaska. In 2011 he was able to pass the resolution moving the state to a "Prevention of Disease" model of healthcare.

Paul works hard to ensure resource development is responsive to our communities. He sponsored the legislation that: repealed an oppressive tax on sand and gravel operators; expanded Geoduck clam farming; and the proposal to bring the Bering Sea pollock and crab fleet to homeport in Alaska. He supports sustainable fisheries for all user groups.

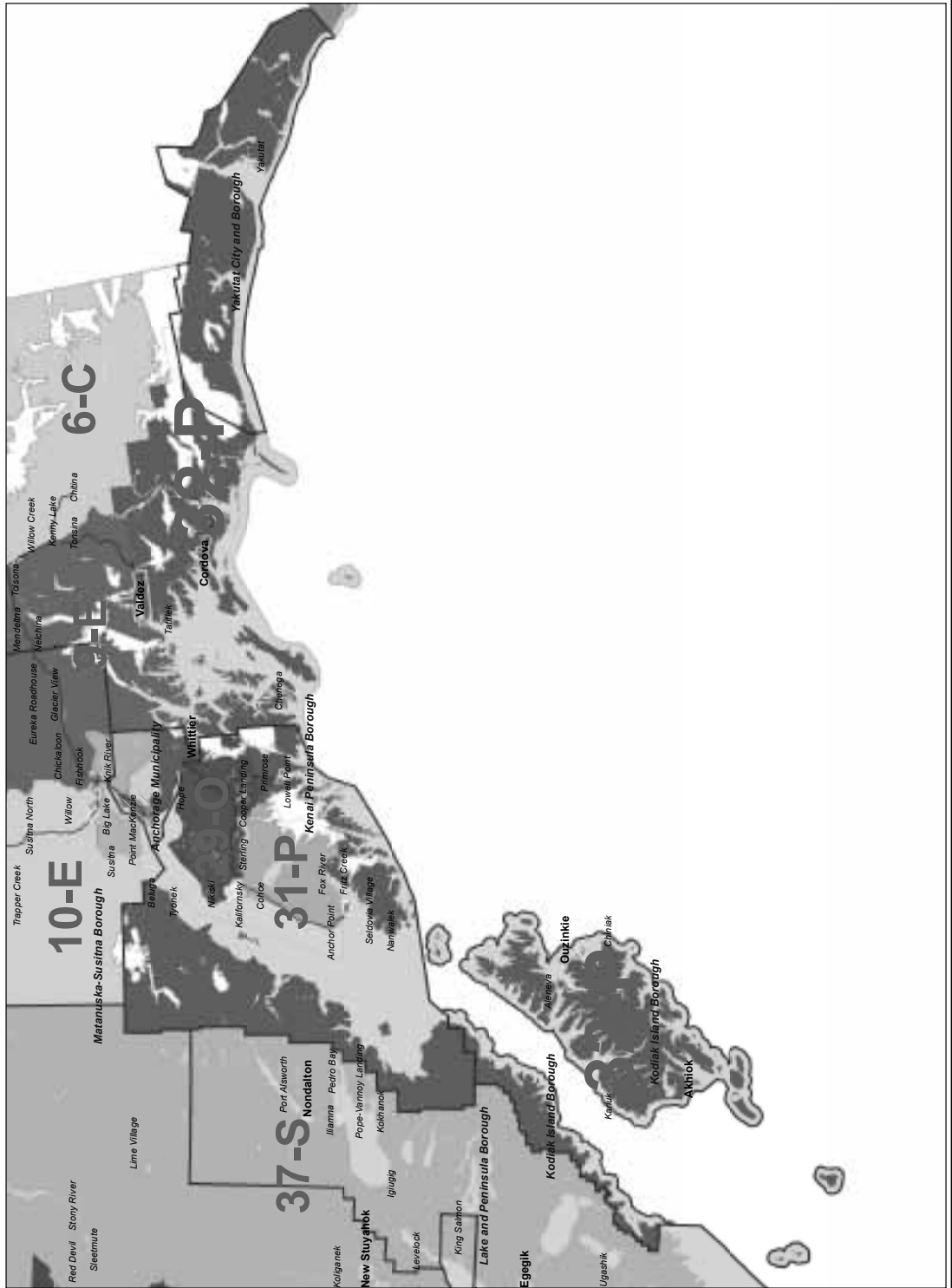
Paul is bringing affordable natural gas to many communities in his district, enhancing individual

energy security and economic development. Paul promises to continue to provide you with his weekly analysis of the issues during session through his email newsletter, allowing constituent input as legislation is being formed.

Please vote to return Paul to the House to continue listening to and working for Peninsula residents.

# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

**House District 32**



**Legend**

- Military
- City
- Borough
- Water Boundary



Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board



**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

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<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Senator District P</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	<input type="radio"/> Henrichs, Robert "Moose" Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Stevens, Gary Lee Republican
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 32</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> McCune, Jerry G. Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	<input type="radio"/> Stutes, Louise B. Republican
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 69 SEQ# 1 English



# House District 32

**Jerry G. McCune, Democrat**



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 711 6th Street, Space 4  
Cordova, AK 99574

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 372  
Cordova, AK 99574

**E-MAIL:** jmccune59@hotmail.com

**WEBSITE:** jerrymccuneforstatehouse.com

**AGE:** 66

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Fairbanks, Alaska

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Georgia Fariss

**CHILDREN’S NAMES:** Mary McCune, Jamie Fariss, Gerald McCune, Casey McCune, John McCune

**OCCUPATION:** Commercial Fisherman,  
Construction,  
Political Advocate

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 58 yrs

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Cordova 1956-present

**EDUCATION:**  
Cordova High

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Governor Knowles’ Transition Team for Fisheries  
Governor Murkowski’s Task Force on Fisheries

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
United Fisherman of Alaska, President  
Cordova District Fisherman United, President

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Loyal Order of Moose  
Pioneers of Alaska

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Old American Cars and Harley Davidson Motorcycles,  
Coin Collecting, Fish Can Label Collecting,

**STATEMENT:**  
I am a life-long Alaskan and have been a commercial fisherman for over 50 years. I understand how important fishing is to our economy and to our communities along the coasts of Alaska.

This way of life connects us with our past and as you representative, I will work to protect this future and ensure that our families achieve the exceptional quality of life that all Alaskans deserve.

We have an abundance of natural resources and talented people. I want to make Alaska a place where:

- innovation and ideas flourish,
- our resources are put to good use,
- and where education is the highest quality

I love Alaska and what I love most is the people. Our children are the most important resource we have. We need to make a lasting commitment to their education by giving our schools the resources needed to inspire teaching and learning.

Hard work, dedication, and the will to succeed—these are the values that built and pioneered Alaska.

As a political advocate for the fishing industry for the past two decades, I know how to maneuver the legislature to get things done. I want to take that experience to a new level of representation for Kodiak, the Prince William Sound and Cook Inlet District. You are my special interest.

Please vote Jerry McCune for State House.

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# House District 32

## Louise B. Stutes, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 2230 Monashka Way  
Kodiak, Alaska 99615

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 2230 Monashka Way  
Kodiak, Alaska 99615

**E-MAIL:** stutes@gci.net

**AGE:** 62

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Seattle, Washington

**SPOUSE'S NAME:** Stormy Stutes

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Eric Cusson, Matthew  
Stutes, Naomi Emmert,  
Heidi Stutes

**OCCUPATION:** Retired Business Owner

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 35 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Kodiak 1980-present

**EDUCATION:**  
Queen Anne High School, Shoreline Community  
College, NW Medical College, UA Kodiak

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Kodiak Island Borough Assembly Member 2006-2013;  
Southwest Alaska Municipal Conference 2006-2013  
board member, the last two years I served as board

president; 2006-2009 Board member Providence  
Kodiak Island Counselling Center; 2009-2013; Board  
member of Kodiak Borough Fisheries Advisory Group  
2000-2013; Board member of Kodiak Borough and  
City of Kodiak Fisheries work group 2010-2013.  
Monashka Bay Road Service Area, elected board  
member 2013-present.

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Owner of Village Bar 25 years, State CHARR Board  
member 10 years. Kodiak CHARR president

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Kodiak Lions Club; Kodiak Elks Club; American Legion  
Aux.; D.A.R.; President of Pioneers of Alaska Igloo 17

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Sewing, walking, boating, fishing

### **Other:**

Married for 21 years my husband commercial fished in  
Kodiak for approximately 40 years.

### **STATEMENT:**

It is no secret that I am fiscally conservative. I think  
governments at all levels – local, state, and national –  
need to live within their means the same way families  
and small businesses have to and I expect to see  
a dollar's worth of value returned for every public  
dollar spent. I also believe that genuine honesty and  
unquestionable integrity are key attributes of character  
which an elected official not only must possess  
personally but must insist upon in others in order to  
have the trust of the people.

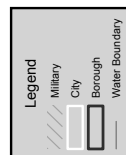
Maintaining healthy and fiscally vibrant Coastal  
Communities is paramount. The fair and equitable  
sharing of State oil revenues with municipalities  
and rural communities must be protected and  
notwithstanding the expected decline in those  
revenues in the immediate future. Other points of  
emphasis must include, but not limited to, keeping our  
fisheries healthy, maintaining a dependable Marine  
Highway System and assuring the availability of  
affordable energy.

It is imperative that State support for K-12 education  
remain of the highest priority. I strongly support the  
concept of multi-year funding education. We must  
never lose sight of the fact our children are our future.

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# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

House  
District  
33



Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board





**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

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<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Senator District Q</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Egan, Dennis Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Williams, Tom Republican
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 33</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	<input type="radio"/> Dukowitz, Peter Republican
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Kito, Sam S. Democrat
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Lee, Andrew C. Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Rensel, Maria P. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Sullivan, Dan Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Mallott, Byron Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 70 SEQ# 1 English

# Senate District Q

## Dennis Egan, Democrat



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 3156 Pioneer Ave.  
Juneau, AK 99801

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 3156 Pioneer Ave.  
Juneau, AK 99801

**E-MAIL:** [eganforsenate@gmail.com](mailto:eganforsenate@gmail.com)

**WEBSITE:** [www.eganforsenate.com](http://www.eganforsenate.com)

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Juneau

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Linda

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Jill & Leslie

**OCCUPATION:** Retired radio broadcaster

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** Lifetime

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Juneau 1947-present  
Valdez 1947-1956

**EDUCATION:**  
Juneau-Douglas High School 1965; Radio operation engineering school 1967; U.S. Army radio communications school honor graduate.

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
State Senate 2009-present; City & Borough of Juneau Mayor 1995-2000; Assembly Member 1989-1995; Deputy Mayor 1995; Planning Commissioner.

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
President & general manager of Alaska-Juneau Communications, 1986-2009.

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Alaska Committee, Juneau Jazz & Classics, Juneau Rotary, Salvation Army Advisory Board, U.S. District Court Merit Selection Panel, Ducks Unlimited. Volunteer firefighter 1969-1981.

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Radio

**STATEMENT:**  
I want to keep working as Juneau and northern Southeast Alaska's senator. I've been successful in the Senate for the past 5 years, passing legislation and securing funding for community projects. I chaired the Transportation Committee, was a member of the Community & Regional Affairs and Legislative Council committees, and sat on the Special Committee for In-State Energy. These assignments allowed me to work hard on issues that matter to residents of Southeast Alaska. I promise to keep working hard for you over the next four years.

My priorities for the next four years include keeping the capital in Juneau; supporting our public employees by reestablishing a defined benefit option; boosting our university and K-12 education; growing our economy; ensuring we have quality senior and child care.

In these difficult budget times, we must be both fiscally responsible and plan for the future. This past legislative session, I supported the gas pipeline, a project that will provide revenue to our state for years to come. And while there may be difficult cuts, there are some areas on which we cannot compromise: education, renewable energy funding, and our retirement systems.

I was born and raised in Juneau. Our hometown is a wonderful and lively place to live, work, and raise a family. That's why decisions made by government should be reasonable and as your senator, I'll continue to strive for that. Thanks for your support. You're always welcome to contact me - just call, write, or visit my office.

Dennis

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# Senate District Q

## Tom Williams, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 3170 Fritz Cove Road  
Juneau, AK 99801

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 3170 Fritz Cove Road  
Juneau, AK 99801

**E-MAIL:** TomforSenate@gci.net

**WEBSITE:** www.WilliamsforStateSenate.org

**AGE:** 62

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Moscow, Idaho

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Debbie

**CHILDREN’S NAMES:** Carrie & Nicole

**OCCUPATION:** Financial officer and small  
business owner

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 37 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Juneau 1977-present

**EDUCATION:**  
High school diploma, Pullman, Washington 1970; BA  
Business Administration, Washington State University  
1977; Certified Public Accountant (currently inactive)

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Senate Finance Committee staff, Alaska State  
Legislature 1995-1999; Director, Permanent Fund  
Dividend Division, Department of Revenue 1991-1995;  
Director, Enforcement Division, Department of Revenue  
1983-1988; Auditor, Legislative Audit 1977-1983; City &  
Borough of Juneau Harbor and Airport Boards

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
Chief Financial Officer, Ward Air, Inc. 2003-present  
Owner, Alaska Northern Sands 2007-present  
Chief Financial Officer, Aero Services 2000-2003  
President, Regent Alaska 1988-1989

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Love INC Juneau Board 2010-2013, Territorial  
Sportsmen Board (early 1990’s), National Rifle  
Association Life Member

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Hunting, fishing, travel, hiking, kayaking, bicycling,  
gardening, reading

**STATEMENT:**  
Thirty seven years ago I realized my dream of moving to  
Alaska, making Juneau my home. I have never regretted  
that decision. Since I became an Alaskan I have enjoyed  
many opportunities to serve Alaska in government as  
well as help our economy grow in the private sector.  
Now I hope to serve the people of District Q.

My guiding principles are:

- A healthy economy is critical to the people of the district;
- The private sector is the foundation of a healthy economy;
- We need government, but government cannot do everything for everyone, nor should it try; and
- What government does do, it should do very well.

We need to ensure that Juneau remains Alaska’s capital  
and Southeast’s economy continues to provide jobs  
for our families, giving our children the ability to stay  
in Alaska and raise their own families. Transportation,  
education and responsible economic development are  
critical to the health of our communities.

This election is not about what happened yesterday; it  
is about what we need to do today to ensure a bright  
future for ourselves and our neighbors.

State budget challenges are daunting and complex.  
I believe my financial background and my varied  
experience in government and the private sector, as well  
as my community service, make me your best choice to  
be your State Senator for the next 4 years. I hope you  
will agree and vote for Tom for State Senate, District Q.

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# House District 33

## Peter Dukowitz, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 4910 N Douglas Hwy  
Juneau, AK 99801

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 4910 N Douglas Hwy  
Juneau, AK 99801

**E-MAIL:** pdiddy@gci.net

**AGE:** 45

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Chisago, MN

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Tracey

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Adam, Austin, Beau

**OCCUPATION:** System operator

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 36

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Kenai-Nikiski: 1975-1982  
Kenai-Sterling: 1985-2002  
Juneau: 2002-2014

**EDUCATION:**

Kenai Central High School 1985-1988 received High School Diploma  
Kenai Peninsula College 1990-1992 received Associate Applied Science Degree in Industrial Process Instrumentation.

**MILITARY SERVICE:**

Alaska Army National Guard 1987-1995 E-4. Received Distinguished Honor Graduate from Fort Gordon, Georgia

**STATEMENT:**

Time & Money. I am running for House District 33 to protect your time & money. I need and ask to be your voice.

During the last six years, I been advocating for insurance, education, and statute reforms. I will represent the people's concerns and finish these important issues by effectively working with the House.

Keeping the Capitol, economy, education, jobs, natural resources are all issues that will be protected, funded, educated and grown. We have to review our state budget and cut wasteful out of state spending and see where we can fairly increase revenues.

Alaska has out of state fishing/hunting license, out of state tuition, but no out of state worker tax. As an example I have proposed a non-Alaskan-resident worker tax (10%). The state should not punish residents and reward out of state workers.

I ask that you partner with me. I will fight for your rights and protect against this De Facto federal government.

I have also proposed that Alaska becomes self insured for health, auto, and property insurance. Continuing to send premiums outside is no longer effective or affordable.

Lastly, without justice, we have no laws. Our courts are not accessible, or affordable, and justice appears to be based on how much you spend. Our court system and all aspects of government needs checks and balances for justice and accountability to the people.

Thank you for your vote.

# House District 33

Sam S. Kito, Democrat



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 525 West 10th St.  
Juneau, AK 99801

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 21192  
Juneau, AK 99802

**E-MAIL:** kitoforhouse@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** www.kitoforhouse.com

**AGE:** 50

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Anchorage, AK

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Gabryel

**OCCUPATION:** Civil Engineer

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 48

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Anchorage 1964  
Nome 1964  
Kupreanof Island 1965  
Fairbanks 1967-1976  
Anchorage 1976-1989  
Juneau 1991-1997  
Anchorage 1997-2001  
Juneau 2002-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
East Anchorage High School, 1978-1982, High School Diploma  
Colorado State University, 1982-1984, no degree obtained  
University of Alaska, Anchorage, 1984-1988, Bachelor of Science, Civil Engineering

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Alaska, Representative District 32

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
American Society of Civil Engineers, Juneau Branch,  
Current Secretary/Treasurer;  
Glacier Swim Club Board Member;  
Past Chair, Professional Engineers in Private Practice (PEPP);  
Past Chair, Alaska Professional Design Council,  
Legislative Liaison Committee (APDC, LLC).

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Skiing, Biking, Reading and Playing Guitar

**STATEMENT:**  
As a lifelong Alaskan and Civil Engineer with Tlingit and Japanese heritage, I bring a unique perspective to the state Legislature. My work as an engineer has brought me to many parts of the state, helping me to understand challenges faced by people in many Alaskan communities.

I have a strong commitment to providing full funding for education of Alaska's children in our K-12 schools. I also support state funded early education programs, and believe that early education is an essential tool to improve scholastic performance of our children.

I support a stable capital budget that provides funding to keep Alaska's infrastructure in good condition. I also believe that we need to take care of the infrastructure we have before building new infrastructure. We have many aging roads, public buildings and schools that need work, making sure these facilities are taken care of should be a funding priority before deciding to build new public facilities.

I will work to insure that Alaska's communities are healthy and safe for all of our residents. I will work for a strong economy that includes job opportunities for Alaskan's today and in the future.

My proudest accomplishment is the reward of raising my daughter in the wonderfully supportive community of Juneau.

I would appreciate your vote, and look forward to working for you in our Legislature.

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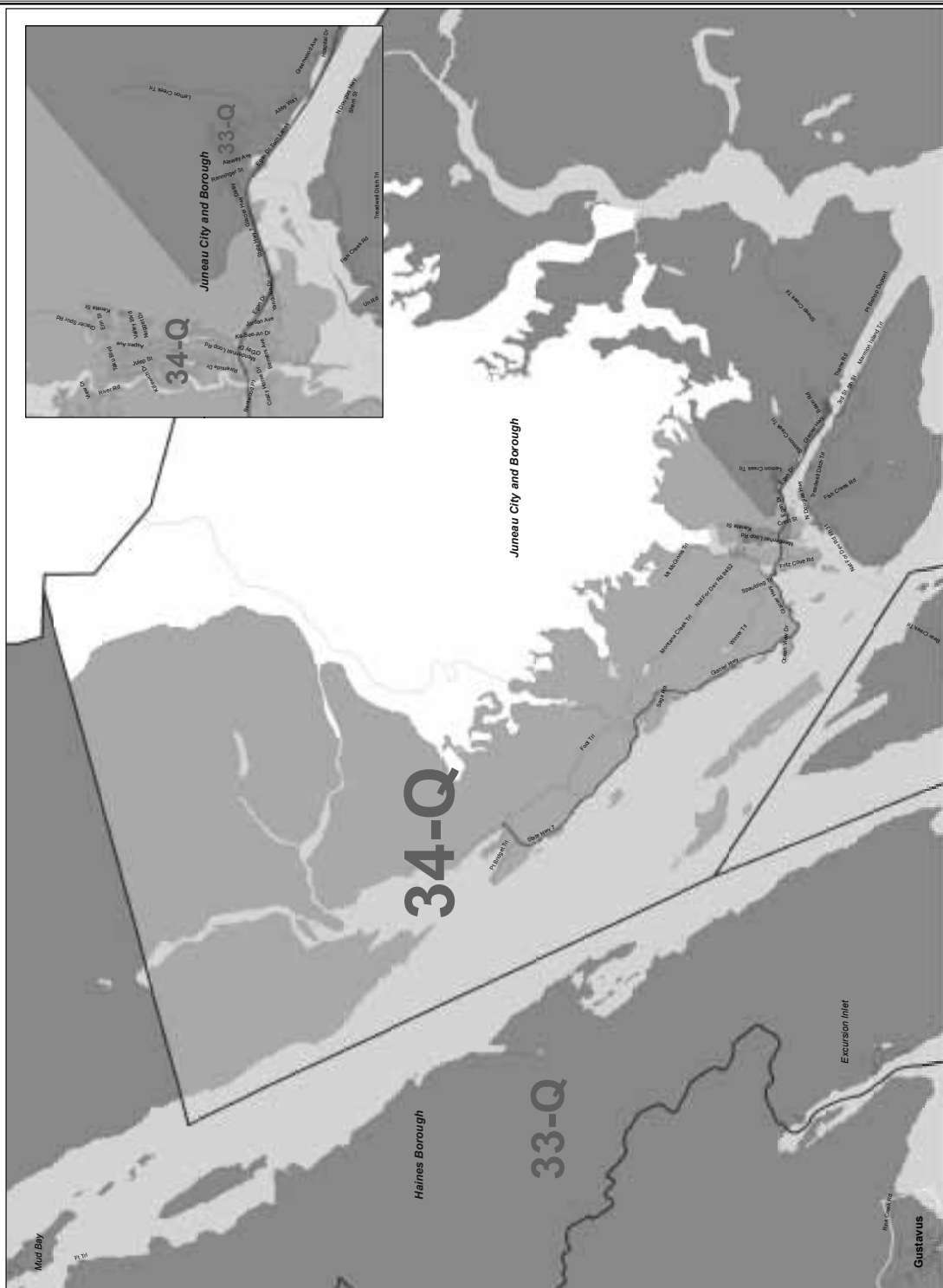


# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

House  
District  
34



Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board





**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

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<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	<input type="radio"/> Egan, Dennis Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 34</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	<input type="radio"/> McGuane, George Democrat
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Muñoz, Cathy E. Republican
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

# House District 34

## George McGuan, Democrat



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 19200 Williwaw Way  
Juneau, AK 99801

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 32845  
Juneau, AK 99803

**E-MAIL:** georgeforhouse@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** www.george-for-house.com

**AGE:** 33

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Merrillville, Indiana

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Alex

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Expecting our first in October 2014! No name chosen yet.

**OCCUPATION:** Journeyman electrician

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 9 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:** Juneau

### **EDUCATION:**

Andrean High School, 1995-1999, Diploma  
US Coast Guard Academy 1999-2000  
Indiana University 2001-2004, BA History  
IBEW Apprenticeship School, Anchorage AK, 2009-2013,  
Journeyman Electrician License

### **POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

PeaceCorps volunteer in Bolivia, drilling water wells &

supporting sanitation projects; AmeriCorps volunteer, working with SAGA to build affordable housing

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

IBEW Local 1547 Unit 103 Vice-Chair

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS MEMBERSHIP:**

SAGA Board Member, former Little League coach

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Fishing, hunting, chopping wood, boating, softball, skiing, hockey

### **STATEMENT:**

Civil service is a duty and privilege, and I would be honored to serve as your Representative.

As an electrician, I listen to customers and collaborate with other trades to solve problems. As your Representative, I will find solutions by listening to you and by working with my colleagues, regardless of their party affiliation. Without bipartisan cooperation, the balance of government is lost and we are ruled rather than represented.

My legislative priorities are:

**Education** must be fully funded if future generations are to succeed. Prioritizing funding, tying formula funding to inflation, and expanding pre-K and vocational/technical programs will strengthen the educational system.

**Resource Development** must benefit all Alaskans in the long-term. We must receive a fair share of our resource wealth. We must put more Alaskans to work in this critical sector.

**Economic Security** is a challenge that my wife and I encounter everyday as a working family. I will work to increase access to affordable housing and health care, and make sure the minimum wage is a living wage.

**The Promise of a Safe Retirement** is the cornerstone of the American middle class. We must address our unfunded liabilities while keeping in mind the burden placed on future generations. I will defend collective bargaining rights. I support reinstating a defined benefit system.

As I meet voters, I hear that these concerns are not mine alone. I will be your voice in the Legislature and am honored to have a chance to earn your vote.

Thank you,  
George McGuan

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# House District 34

## Cathy E. Muñoz, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 17485 Point Lena Loop Road

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 2101 Jordan Avenue  
Juneau, AK 99801

**E-MAIL:** cathym@riemunoz.com

**WEBSITE:** cathymunoz.org

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 50 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Juneau–1964–present

### **EDUCATION:**

JDHS Graduate 1982; BA Political Science, University of the Pacific, Stockton, CA 1986; Certificate of Interamerican Studies, Elbert Covell College, University of the Pacific, 1986; Emerging Leaders Institute, University of Virginia, Summer 2012

### **POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

House Finance committee member, 2012-present; Chair University of Alaska and Department of Environmental Conservation operating budget subcommittees; Chair and Co-Chair Community and Regional Affairs committee 2008–2012; CBJ Finance Chair 2002 and three term member of the Juneau City and Borough Assembly

### **BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Small business owner 1988-2008; legislative aide 1990-1994; past member Juneau Convention and Visitor Bureau and Downtown Business Association

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Chair Salvation Army Advisory Board 1998-2008; past board member Alaska Humanities Forum, member and past 1<sup>st</sup> vice president Alaska Native Sisterhood Camp #70; member Holy Trinity Episcopal Church

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Reading, travel, gardening, hiking

### **STATEMENT:**

Dear Juneau Resident,

Thank you for allowing me the honor and privilege to represent you in the State House.

Much of my day-to-day work focuses on resolving individual and community challenges. I enjoy going to bat for my constituents and creatively working on solutions. It could be helping to reunite a family or fighting for an injured employee. The range of issues is great, but the reward comes in helping to improve the lives of our residents.

Another major priority is working to promote responsible economic development and a trained workforce so that Alaskans can gain employment in the high demand fields - the construction trades, mining, health care, engineering and the transportation sector. When I was growing up in Southeast, career training opportunities were limited.

Our public university and K-12 education system are meeting today's demands and preparing local people for opportunities close to home.

This past session, we had many successes. A spirit of cooperation and bi-partisanship has paid big dividends for our region. We fully funded the State Libraries, Archives and Museum project. We are seeing major investments in our Capitol building and surrounding infrastructure, and we continue to move forward to connect Juneau with the rest of the state.

I believe that Alaska's greatest strength is its' people.

Thank you for the opportunity to serve. Please call whenever I can be of assistance to you. I sincerely appreciate your support.

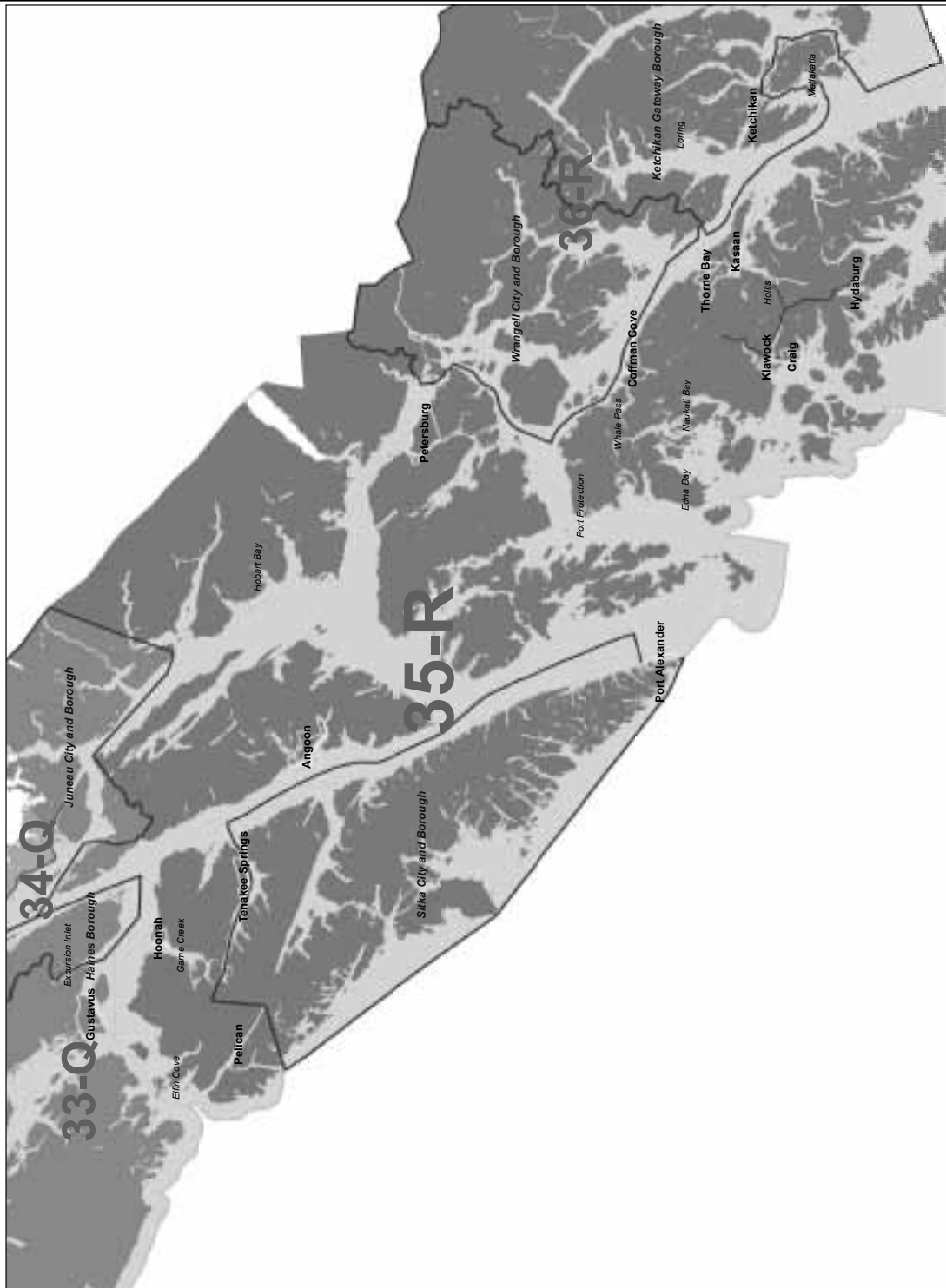
With respect, Cathy Muñoz

# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

House  
District  
35




Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board





**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

**Instructions:** To vote, completely fill in the oval next to your choice, like this: 

<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 35</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	<input type="radio"/> Samuelson, Steven A. Republican
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	<input type="radio"/> Kreiss-Tomkins, Jonathan S. Democrat
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 72 SEQ# 1 English

# House District 35

## Jonathan S. Kreiss-Tomkins, Democrat



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** Big Marshall Island  
Sitka, AK 99835

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 6615  
Sitka, AK 99835

**E-MAIL:** jonathan.s.kt@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** jonathanforstatehouse.com

**AGE:** 25

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Sitka, Alaska

### **OCCUPATION:**

Legislator, non-profit program administrator (various programs on the Sheldon Jackson Campus in collaboration with the Sitka Fine Arts Camp), occasional commercial fishing deckhand

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 25

### **ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Sitka, 1989-present

### **EDUCATION:**

Sitka High School, 2003-2007 (class of 2007)  
Yale University, 2008-2012 (left early to run for Alaska House of Representatives)

### **POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Legislator, Alaska House of Representatives,  
2013-present

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Music, outdoors, distance running, creative writing

### **STATEMENT:**

I love Southeast Alaska and I love our region's way of life and sense of community.

As the representative for rural Southeast Alaska, I love that my job is to help make Southeast Alaska a better place. Can you imagine a better job? (I cannot.) That's why I'm running for re-election: I want to keep working to help make our wet, rainy, island-speckled, beautiful corner of the world a better place.

To get a sense of who I am, let me share a few principles I believe in:

I believe in the politics of humility: good ideas are good ideas no matter where they come from, and good people are good people no matter what party they belong to.

I serve foremost as an Alaskan, not as a Democrat or a Republican; I believe bipartisanship and civility are as important to our politics as salmon and oil are to our economy. I believe this more than ever before having served these last two years in the Alaska Legislature.

I really, really like hard work.

I believe bipartisan governing coalitions are in Alaska's best interest, and want to bring them back to the legislature; I believe we need to adequately fund public education; I believe we need a strong(er) public infrastructure of ferries, harbors, and roads. See my website for the full platform.

Oh, and I love Southeast Alaska! (I guess I mentioned that already.)

I love where I'm from. I want to make it better. I hope you'll join me.

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# House District 35

## Steven A. Samuelson, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 610 Unimak Street  
Petersburg, Alaska 99833

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 2188  
Petersburg, Alaska 99833

**E-MAIL:** stevensamuelson@gmail.com

**AGE:** 37

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Petersburg, Alaska

**OCCUPATION:** Retail Associate-10 Years

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 37 years - Lifelong

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Petersburg, Present; Juneau seasonal 2007, 2009, 2011;  
Anchorage 1999-2002; Petersburg 1977-1995

**EDUCATION:**  
Embry Riddle Aeronautical University 2001; Big Bend College  
AAS 1998; Petersburg High School, 1995

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Petersburg Borough Planning & Zoning Commission  
Petersburg Borough Hospital Board

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
21 years as a commercial fisherman and past seasonal skipper  
Past Captain for Sitka based Allen Marine Tours  
100-Ton Mariners license & Commercial Pilot's license  
Involved in all aspects of business, (Hammer & Wikan), from  
customer service to Board member.

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Southeast Conference member  
Rotary Club International member  
Past volunteer fund-raising coordinator for nonprofit agency  
Member, Benevolent & Protective order of the Elks & Loyal  
Order of the Moose.  
NRA member  
USCG Flotilla Auxiliary member  
Sons of Norway member  
Strategic prevention framework State incentive grant,  
coalition member  
Past Board of Director, United Way of Southeast

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Travel, Boating, Snow Machining, Flying "Commercial Rated Pilot"

### **STATEMENT:**

Dear District 35 Voter,

Running for office has been an incredible experience giving me the opportunity to visit with residents of our District. During this time, I have heard what you expect of someone serving District 35 as your Representative.

As a fifth-generation lifelong Alaskan born, raised, and educated in Petersburg, you can expect a grounded perspective of our region from your Representative. We can address our community's needs making our District and Southeast stronger and healthier.

### **Together We Must:**

- Tackle transportation in our region by operating the most efficient ships in areas not accessible by roadways and build roads, where appropriate.
- Promote stability and growth for our fishing industries.
- Create sustainable jobs while strengthening our current economy.
- Ensure Alaskans have maximum benefit of all our resources while providing jobs for our families.
- Be prudent stewards by building a manageable State budget that includes economic development priorities, forward-funding education, supporting University/Voc-Tech programs in addition to saving for our future generations
- Explore new options to deliver affordable energy.

Our diverse District needs an elected official with a well-rounded Alaskan background speaking on their behalf. My lifelong residency in Alaska, desire to stay, experience throughout Southeast Alaska and passion to strengthen our region, provides a solid foundation allowing me to be a strong effective voice for you in Juneau.

Therefore, I respectfully ask for your vote. Together, we can tackle the issues and strengthen Southeast and Alaska.

Best Regards,

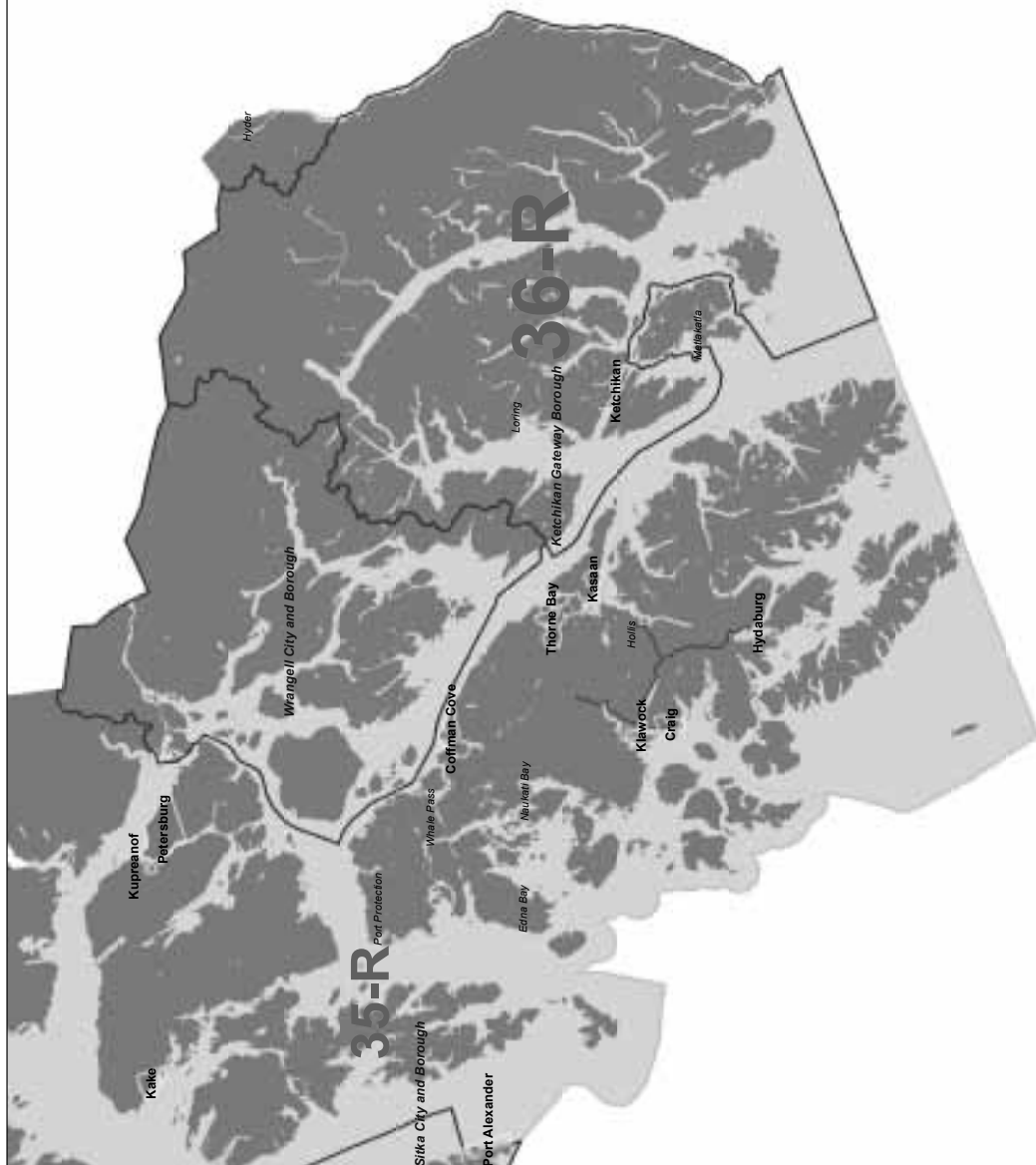
Steven Samuelson

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# 2013 Proclamation House Districts

House  
District  
36



Prepared by:  
Alaska Redistricting Board



**State of Alaska Official Ballot**  
**General Election**  
**November 4, 2014**

**Instructions:** To vote, completely fill in the oval next to your choice, like this: ☒

<b>United States Senator</b> (vote for one)	<b>State Representative District 36</b> (vote for one)
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan Republican	<input type="radio"/> Ortiz, Daniel H. "Dan" Non Affiliated
<input type="radio"/> Begich, Mark Democrat	<input type="radio"/> Klein, Chere L. Republican
<input type="radio"/> Fish, Mark S. Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> Write-in
<input type="radio"/> Gianoutsos, Ted Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>United States Representative</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Young, Don Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Dunbar, Forrest Democrat	
<input type="radio"/> McDermott, Jim C. Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	
<b>Governor / Lieutenant Governor</b> (vote for one)	
<input type="radio"/> Walker, Bill Non Affiliated	
<input type="radio"/> Mallott, Byron	
<input type="radio"/> Clift, Carolyn F. "Care" Libertarian	
<input type="radio"/> Lee, Andrew C.	
<input type="radio"/> Myers, J.R. Alaska Constitution	
<input type="radio"/> Rensel, Maria P.	
<input type="radio"/> Parnell, Sean R. Republican	
<input type="radio"/> Sullivan, Dan	
<input type="radio"/> Write-in	

FRONT Card 73 SEQ# 1 English

# House District 36

## Chere L. Klein, Republican



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 8860 North Tongass Hwy  
Ketchikan, AK 99901

**MAILING ADDRESS:** PO Box 1647  
Ward Cove, AK 99928

**E-MAIL:** Chere@chereklein.com

**WEBSITE:** www.chereklein.com

**AGE:** 45

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Ketchikan

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Loren Enright

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Courtney 22 Morgan 20

**OCCUPATION:** Small Business Owner,  
Legislative Staff

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 45 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Ketchikan, Juneau

**EDUCATION:**  
Ketchikan High School Honors Graduate 1987  
University of Alaska courses in business & management  
1986-2002  
Certifications in MSHA Safety Training, Incident  
Command Structure  
US Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation  
& Management

### **POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Legislative Staff to Rep Peggy Wilson 2012-2014  
USFS Resource Advisory Committee, representing  
energy & mineral development

### **SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Rotary, Lions Club, NRA, Ducks Unlimited, KAAHC,  
First City Players, Chamber of Commerce, Resource  
Development Council, First City Republican Women,  
Republican Party

### **SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

I have been involved as a volunteer and supporter  
throughout our community: BBBS, 4th of July, Ktn  
Charter School, Ktn Running Club, Peace Health  
& Ktn Community Foundations, Ktn Youth Court,  
Hospice, Mud Bight Service Area, American Cancer  
Society, Choose Respect

### **STATEMENT:**

Like most who have lived our life in SE, my work  
experience has been diverse and varied, including  
visitor industry, spill response, finance, health  
insurance, construction & legislative staff. I understand  
the impact of regulations on our small business  
community as a business owner myself.

Being raised in rural Alaska has given me an ability to  
relate to people from all walks of life. I work hard to  
learn issues, am not afraid to ask questions and can  
do the tough work required of this position. My past  
two years in Juneau have prepared me, shown the  
importance of collaboration and building relationships.

I strongly support responsible development of our  
resource rich state to ensure a healthy more diversified  
economy. SE is at the forefront of great opportunities,  
and continued low cost energy and improved  
infrastructure, including a sustainable Marine Highway  
System so our district is both affordable and accessible.

Our fishing and seafood industries have a vast impact  
on Alaska's economy. Decisions must be made using  
objective science and collaboration with industry, not  
politics.

Educating our children for the workforce is vitally  
important. Every child should have access to the  
same educational opportunities to assure their and our  
state's continued success.

I will make tough choices and believe in examining  
every aspect of state spending for a sustainable  
path. This includes reducing regulatory barriers to  
businesses.

As a lifelong Alaskan, I celebrate independence, value  
freedom and respect our differences. I am asking for  
your vote. Thank you!

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# House District 36

## Daniel H. “Dan” Ortiz, Non-Affiliated



**RESIDENCE ADDRESS:** 3204 South Tongass Highway

**MAILING ADDRESS:** P.O. Box 5001  
Ketchikan, AK 99901

**E-MAIL:** ortiz4akhouse@gmail.com

**WEBSITE:** danortizalaska.com

**AGE:** 56

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Lori Keil Ortiz

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Molly, Louisa, Samuel

**OCCUPATION:** Retired High School Teacher

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 47 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Hydaburg 1959–1960

Wasilla 1960–1961

Ketchikan 1969–2014

**EDUCATION:**

Ketchikan High School – Class of 1976

Pacific University, 1976

Seattle Pacific University 1977–1981, Bachelor of Arts – History

University of Wisconsin, Eau Claire – Master of Science in Teaching (MST) – History

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

High School History and Economics teacher, Debate Coach, Cross Country, Track and Basketball Coach, Negotiator and Professional Rights and Responsibilities Mediator for Ketchikan Education Association

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Ketchikan Dribbler's League

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Parenting, teaching and the after hours commitment to coaching have filled my time in my thirty-two year career at Ketchikan High School

**OTHER:**

Member, Holy Name Church, 2013 – American Legion AK State Educator of the Year, VFW AK Teacher of the Year

**STATEMENT:**

I believe that getting elected is still an undertaking that can be achieved by ordinary citizens with the resolve and initiative to work hard while enlisting the help of friends and supporters. I am a non-partisan independent. I pledge to listen to and faithfully represent the best interests of District 36. My “party” will be all the people of Hydaburg, Hyder, Ketchikan, Loring, Metlakatla, Saxman and Wrangell. Government by the people, and for the people, is still a simple, but revolutionary concept.

As a forty year resident of southeast, and as an educator and a student of social studies and economics, I understand our local economy and the limited, but important role that government can play in facilitating business and commerce opportunities in our region and statewide. I understand the fiscal realities facing the state, and that state investment will be forced to occur on a smaller scale. Therefore, my legislative goals begin with the following:

- To make new investment more purposeful and better focused
- To treat our youth as our greatest state asset
- To protect and enhance the Alaska Fishing Industry
- To increase the hydroelectric power capacity in southern southeast
- To promote a commitment to reinvigorate the Alaska Marine Highway
- To maintain and support the responsible growth of tourism
- To promote the responsible development of our natural resources as a primary source of future jobs and economic development
- To support the development of a natural gas pipeline for Alaska
- To curb wasteful government spending

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# **Ballot Measures**

**Vote!  
November 4**

**Ballot Measure No. 2 - 13PSUM  
An Act To Tax and Regulate the  
Production, Sale, And Use of Marijuana**

**Ballot Measure No. 2**

This bill would tax and regulate the production, sale, and use of marijuana in Alaska.

The bill would make the use of marijuana legal for persons 21 years of age or older. The bill would allow a person to possess, use, show, buy, transport, or grow set amounts of marijuana, with the growing subject to certain restrictions. The bill would ban the public use of marijuana. The bill would prohibit a person under 21 years of age from using false identification to buy or try to buy marijuana or marijuana accessories.

The bill would allow validly registered marijuana-related entities and persons 21 years of age or older who own or are employed by these entities to make, possess, buy, distribute, sell, show, store, transport, deliver, transfer, receive, harvest, process, or package marijuana and marijuana products, subject to certain restrictions. Alaska Statute 17.30.020 (Controlled Substances) would not apply to these entities.

The bill would require the Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board to implement parts of the bill. But the bill would also let the legislature create a Marijuana Control Board to assume these duties. The bill would require the ABC Board to adopt regulations governing marijuana-related entities. The regulations would need to cover certain topics and be subject to certain restrictions. The bill would also create procedures for registering a marijuana-related entity. The procedures would be managed by the ABC Board and local governments.

The bill would allow a local government to prohibit the operation of marijuana-related entities. A local government could do that by enacting an ordinance or through voter initiative. The ordinances could cover the time, place, manner, and registration of a marijuana entity's operations.

The bill would allow a person 21 years of age or older to possess, use, show, buy, or transport marijuana accessories. Marijuana accessories are products individuals use to grow or consume marijuana. The bill would also allow persons 21 years of age or older to make marijuana accessories and to distribute or sell them to persons who are 21 years of age or older.

The bill states that it is not intended to require an employer to allow marijuana use, transportation, possession, sale, growth, or transfer or prevent an employer from prohibiting these activities. The bill does not intend to supersede laws prohibiting driving under the influence of marijuana. The bill does not intend to prohibit schools, correction facilities, hospitals, or private persons or entities from restricting marijuana on their property. The bill does not intend to limit the state's existing medical marijuana laws.

The bill would impose a \$50 per ounce (or proportionate) excise tax on the sale or transfer of marijuana from a cultivation facility to a retail store or marijuana product manufacturing facility. The marijuana cultivation facility would pay the tax and send monthly tax statements to the Department of Revenue. The department of Revenue could exempt certain parts of the marijuana plant from the tax. It could also establish a lower tax rate for certain parts of the plant.

The bill defines numerous terms. The bill contains a statement of purpose and findings. The bill would impose civil fines and penalties for violations.

Should this initiative become law?

☐ YES

☐ NO

**Ballot Measure No. 3 - 13MINW  
An Act To Increase Alaska's Minimum Wage**

**Ballot Measure No. 3**

This bill would raise Alaska's minimum wage from \$7.75 per hour to \$8.75 per hour as of January 1, 2015. The bill would raise the minimum wage to \$9.75 per hour as of January 1, 2016. The bill would adjust the minimum wage each year for inflation after 2016. The bill creates a method for this adjustment. Under the bill, if the adjusted minimum wage is less than one dollar over the federal minimum wage, Alaska's minimum wage will be one dollar over the federal minimum. Tips or gratuities would not count toward the minimum wage.

The bill has a statement of findings and declaration. This statement gives reasons for the bill. The reasons pertain to quality of life for low income workers, the effect of increases in the cost of living, the relationship of the Alaska minimum wage to the federal poverty level, and the minimum wage in other states.

Should this initiative become law?

☐ YES

☐ NO

**Ballot Measure No. 4 - 12BBAY  
An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay  
Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into  
the Existing  
1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve**

**Ballot Measure No. 4**

This bill would require the legislature to approve future large-scale metallic sulfide mines in the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve (BBFR) by passing a law. The law would have to find that any proposed mine would not endanger the BBFR fishery. The approval would be in addition to any other required permits or authorizations. The bill defines "large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation" as "a specific mining proposal to extract metals, including gold and copper, from sulfide-bearing rock and that would directly disturb 640 or more acres of land." The bill lets the Department of Natural Resources adopt regulations.

The bill would make findings. The bill's findings would be that the legislature found the BBFR important by creating it in 1972; that the bill's protections are necessary; that protecting the waters and wild salmon of the BBFR is of statewide interest based on the region's fisheries, economic benefits, cultural heritage, and unique wild salmon resources; and that metallic sulfide mining may harm these interests because mines can produce toxins and pollutants. The bill intends the legislature to approve any large-scale metallic sulfide mine in the BBFR or which could adversely affect its watershed.

The bill would apply only to large-scale metallic sulfide mines in the BBFR that lack all required permits, licenses, or approvals before the bill's effective date.

Should this initiative become law?

☐ YES

☐ NO

# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

### BALLOT LANGUAGE

**Ballot Measure No. 2 – 13PSUM**  
**An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale,**  
**and Use of Marijuana**

This bill would tax and regulate the production, sale, and use of marijuana in Alaska.

The bill would make the use of marijuana legal for persons 21 years of age or older. The bill would allow a person to possess, use, show, buy, transport, or grow set amounts of marijuana, with the growing subject to certain restrictions. The bill would ban the public use of marijuana. The bill would prohibit a person under 21 years of age from using false identification to buy or try to buy marijuana or marijuana accessories.

The bill would allow validly registered marijuana-related entities and persons 21 years of age or older who own or are employed by these entities to make, possess, buy, distribute, sell, show, store, transport, deliver, transfer, receive, harvest, process, or package marijuana and marijuana products, subject to certain restrictions. Alaska Statute 17.30.020 (Controlled Substances) would not apply to these entities.

The bill would require the Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board to implement parts of the bill. But the bill would also let the legislature create a Marijuana Control Board to assume these duties. The bill would require the ABC Board to adopt regulations governing marijuana-related entities. The regulations would need to cover certain topics and be subject to certain restrictions. The bill would also create procedures for registering a marijuana-related entity. The procedures would be managed by the ABC board and local governments.

The bill would allow a local government to prohibit the operation of marijuana-related entities. A local government could do that by enacting an ordinance or through voter initiative. The ordinances could cover the time, place, manner, and registration of a marijuana entity's operations.

The bill would allow a person 21 years of age or older to possess, use, show, buy, or transport marijuana accessories. Marijuana accessories are products individuals use to grow or consume marijuana. The bill would also allow persons 21 years of age or older to make marijuana accessories and to distribute or sell them to persons who are 21 years of age or older.

The bill states that it is not intended to require an employer to allow marijuana use, transportation, possession, sale, growth, or transfer, or prevent an employer from prohibiting these activities. The bill does not intend to supersede laws prohibiting driving under the influence of marijuana. The bill does not intend to prohibit schools, correction facilities, hospitals, or private persons or entities from restricting marijuana on their property. The bill does not intend to limit the state's existing medical marijuana laws.

# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

The bill would impose a \$50 per ounce (or proportionate) excise tax on the sale or transfer of marijuana from a cultivation facility to a retail store or marijuana product manufacturing facility. The marijuana cultivation facility would pay the tax and send monthly tax statements to the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue could exempt certain parts of the marijuana plant from the tax. It could also establish a lower tax rate for certain parts of the plant.

The bill defines numerous terms. The bill contains a statement of purpose and findings. The bill would impose civil fines and penalties for violations.

Should this initiative become law?



Yes



No

### LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY SUMMARY

The Act regulates the production, sale, and use of marijuana. The Act enacts a marijuana tax.

The Act allows personal use of marijuana by a person 21 years of age or older, with restrictions. The Act lets a person have, show, use, buy, transport, or give away up to one ounce of marijuana to another person 21 years of age or older. The Act makes it a crime for a person under 21 to use a false ID to buy marijuana. The Act also makes it a crime to use marijuana in public. The Act sets the number and types of marijuana plants a person may keep and give away. The plants may not be in public view. The Act allows a person 21 years of age or older to buy, make, have, show, sell, and give away items used to grow, use, produce, package, or store marijuana, or produce, use, package, test, or store marijuana products.

The Act regulates marijuana establishments. The Act defines an establishment as a retail store, a grower, a tester, or a product manufacturing facility. To operate legally, an establishment must register. Registered establishments may possess, transport, deliver, display, or receive marijuana. Registered marijuana stores, growers, or manufacturers may buy and sell marijuana. Growers or testers may grow or process it.

The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board administers the registration system. The board must make rules to carry out the Act. Those rules may not make it impractical to operate a marijuana establishment. The board must give a copy of each application and half the application fee to the local marijuana authority, if there is one; the Act provides for local control if the board does not act. Cities or boroughs may ban establishments. They may limit the number of them within their boundaries. They may regulate the time, place, and manner of operation. They may name local authorities to regulate them.



# Ballot Measure No. 2

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

The Act taxes the sale of marijuana by registered growers. The tax is \$50 per ounce. The Department of Revenue administers the tax. Growers who pay late may be subject to fines. Growers who do not pay the tax may lose their registrations.

Under the Act, employers do not have to allow marijuana in the work place. Employers may also restrict marijuana use by employees. The Act does not allow a person to drive under the influence of marijuana. The Act allows private property owners or tenants to ban the use of marijuana on the property.

### STATEMENT OF COSTS

#### **Estimate of Costs to the State of Alaska for the Implementation of the Initiative Proposing an Act to “tax and regulate the production, sale, and use of marijuana.”**

##### **Summary**

As required by AS 15.45.090(a)(4), the State of Alaska has prepared the following statement of costs resulting from the implementation of the proposed ballot initiative to tax and regulate the production, sale, and use of marijuana.

The initiative would legalize the personal use of marijuana for persons age 21 or older. Specifically, the statute would permit: the possession, use, display, purchase, or transportation of marijuana accessories or one ounce or less of marijuana; the possession, growth, processing, or transporting of no more than six marijuana plants (with three or fewer being mature, flowering plants) and possession of the marijuana on the premises where the plants were grown; the transfer of one ounce or less of marijuana and up to six immature marijuana plants to a person who is 21 years of age or older without remuneration; the consumption of marijuana in a non-public location; and assisting another person who is 21 years of age or older in any of the above activities.

The initiative would also impose certain restrictions and penalties on the personal cultivation and public consumption of marijuana as well as prohibit the use of false identification by a person under the age of 21 to purchase or attempt to purchase marijuana. It would allow for the manufacture, possession, purchase, distribution and sale of marijuana accessories as well as the lawful operation of marijuana-related facilities such as retail stores and cultivation facilities.

The initiative requires the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (ABC) in the Department of Commerce, Community and Economic Development (DCCED) to adopt regulations to implement the law no later than nine months after the initiative is approved. However the legislature may create a Marijuana Control Board in DCCED to assume the ABC’s regulatory role. Marijuana establishments must be registered and local governments could prohibit or limit the existence of and operations of marijuana facilities in their jurisdiction.

The initiative also imposes a \$50 per ounce (or proportionate part) excise tax on the sale and transfer of marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or marijuana product manufacturing facility. The tax would be paid by the marijuana cultivation facility.

# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

Based on examination of Washington and Colorado, two states that are currently in the process of implementing similar legislation, the Governor, the Legislature, or the ABC Board may choose to establish a Task Force to represent the major stakeholders affected by the implementation of the initiative. An estimate of the potential costs for the Task Force are included under the DCCED cost statement beginning on page 3. This would be an effective method to facilitate an expedient and comprehensive gear-up of the tax and regulatory framework described or established in the initiative.

There are numerous unknowns in the State’s implementation of this initiative and as such the cost statement provided here is illustrative. For example, it is unknown whether or not the legislature will create a Marijuana Control Board within DCCED, so the cost estimates do not reflect that potential administrative structure. Using information available from the Colorado and Washington experiences as well as other sources, state agencies have identified a range of potential costs to the state from \$3.7 to \$7.0 million in the first year. It is likely that costs related to development of the tax and regulatory framework would initially be significant. Over the longer term, it would be expected that more of the state’s total costs would become public health and education activities as the extent of the impact on public health becomes more defined.

Below is a summary table of agency costs followed by explanations of the estimates by individual agency. The following represents a potential range of state agency costs. The estimate does not include expenses that the legislature may or may not incur associated with the initiative, or any legal expenses that the state may incur as a result of the initiative.

### Summary of estimated costs to implement the Marijuana Initiative by State Agency

Agency	Cost Range - First Year	
Alaska Department of Revenue	\$650,000	\$800,000
Alaska Department of Commerce, Community and Economic Development	\$1,563,960	\$1,563,960
Alaska Department of Health and Social Services	\$0	\$2,987,000
Alaska Department of Public Safety	\$1,434,700	\$1,434,700
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation	\$0	\$136,900
University of Alaska	indeterminate	--
Office of the Lieutenant Governor	\$9,000	\$9,000
Division of Elections	\$71,257	\$71,257
Total First Year Estimated Cost	\$3,728,917	\$7,002,817

### Statement of Cost Estimates by Department

Estimate of costs to the Alaska Department of Revenue to implement the marijuana initiative	\$650,000 - \$800,000
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# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

If this initiative is approved by the voters in the August 2014 primary election, it would require DOR to incur additional costs to effectively implement it. If approved, it is presumed that this initiative would take effect thirty days after approval by a majority of qualified voters.

The estimated cost to the state for the implementation of this initiative is between \$650,000 and \$800,000. Recurring annual costs are estimated at approximately \$300,000.

The estimated costs can be broken down into two categories:

Personnel Services:	\$300,000
<u>Contractual Services:</u>	<u>\$350,000-\$500,000</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$650,000-\$800,000</b>

**Personnel** - DOR estimates that it will need to create at least three new positions to oversee the new excise tax imposed by this initiative at a cost of approximately \$300,000 to assist with the administration and collection of a new excise tax. DOR would need at least one Tax Auditor III position, one Tax Technician II position, and one Investigator III position to fulfill the needs of a new tax program. This cost is similar to the cost that is currently incurred by DOR to administer other similar types of excise taxes, and would be recurring annual costs for DOR.

**Contractual Services** - DOR estimates that it will incur a one-time additional expense of approximately \$500,000 for systems configuration. In August 2014, DOR will be complete with configuring the excise tax portion of its new Tax Revenue Management System (TRMS). If this initiative is approved by the voters, it will require DOR and its information system contractors to reconfigure the system to add this new excise tax. Given the limited timeframe to analyze what portions of the system would need to be reconfigured if the initiative passed, DOR’s contractors have supplied an estimate of \$350,000 to \$500,000 for this effort.

The above cost estimates represent a minimum cost given the numerous uncertainties around the referendum, and what all of the effects of its passage would be.

**Estimate of costs to the Alaska Department of Commerce, Community and Economic Development to implement the marijuana initiative** **\$1,563,960**

The following represents an estimated cost to DCCED given the language of the ballot initiative; the actual costs will likely be different. The estimate does not include expenses the legislature or other departments may incur associated with the initiative. The Washington and Colorado marijuana initiative cost estimates were reviewed in developing this cost analysis.

If the initiative is approved by voters in the August 2014 primary election, the State of Alaska, through the Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board, shall adopt regulations within nine months following the effective date, as required by AS 17.38.090. It is presumed that the initiative would take effect thirty days after the approval by a majority of qualified voters.

# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

A local government may designate a local regulatory authority that would be responsible for processing applications submitted for the operation of a marijuana establishment within the boundaries of the local government. If the ABC Board fails to adopt regulations as outlined in the initiative, an applicant may submit an application directly to a local regulatory authority one year after the effective date of the law. In accord with AS 17.38.110, a local government may prohibit cultivating, manufacturing, testing, and selling marijuana through an ordinance or voter initiative. Local governments may also enact local ordinances or regulations for the governance of marijuana establishment operations as long as they are not in conflict with the initiative or regulations enacted pursuant to the initiative.

If the initiative passes, the responsibility for controlling marijuana will lie with the ABC Board until or unless a marijuana control board is established by the legislature within DCCED.

As was done in the state of Colorado following the passage of a similar initiative, the department recommends the creation of a Task Force to identify legal, policy, and procedural issues that need to be resolved, and to offer suggestions and proposals for legislative and executive action for the implementation of this initiative. The Task Force would need to complete its initial regulatory framework within four months of the effective date of the initiative to allow for the adoption of regulations within the nine month requirement. The remaining Task Force work would be concluded one year after the effective date of the initiative.

It is assumed that the Task Force would be comprised of a total of 17 uncompensated members representing interest groups affected by the ballot initiative: four Legislators, one each from the majority and minority of both the House and Senate; one Commissioner or their Designee from each agency affected by this initiative (DCCED, Public Safety, Health and Social Services, Environmental Conservation, Revenue, Law, Corrections and the University of Alaska); one member of the initiative campaign; one member of the public who represents the medical industry; and three members of the public at-large, with one representing rural Alaska. Task Force members will receive travel and per diem. The actual composition of the Task Force may be different. The estimated total cost to DCCED for the implementation of this initiative is \$1,563,960 for the first year and \$1,413,140 for the second year.

	<u>First Year</u>	<u>Second Year</u>
Business Registration Examiners, Range 13 C - 2 at \$73,000 each		\$146,000
Investigator IIIs, Range 18 C - 4 at \$99,300 each		\$397,200
Investigator IV, Range 20 C		\$110,000
Administrative Officer I, Range 17 C		\$86,000
Program Coordinator II, Range 20 C	\$107,800	\$107,800
<b>Total Personal Service Costs</b>	<b>\$107,800</b>	<b>\$847,000</b>
Board member/Staff travel and per diem		\$85,900
Informants/underage buyers (compliance check) travel, pay, and per diem		\$34,000
<u>Task Force travel and per diem</u>	<u>\$16,600</u>	
<b>Total Travel and Per Diem Costs</b>	<b>\$16,600</b>	<b>\$119,900</b>

# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

ABC Board Warning/Enforcement Signs	\$2,000	\$2,000
Envelopes	\$800	\$800
Forms	\$1,500	\$1,500
Postage	\$2,000	\$2,000
Office Space 160 sq. ft. per employee at \$3 foot	\$5,760	\$51,840
Ongoing support services for new employees	\$10,000	\$90,000
One-time set up costs for new positions	\$5,000	\$40,000
<b>Total Equipment, Office Space, and Supplies Costs</b>	<b>\$27,060</b>	<b>\$188,140</b>
Task Force recommendations contract funds	\$650,000	
Department of Law Assistant Attorney General Services	\$62,500	\$62,500
Department of Law for expedited regulations	\$200,000	
Database Creation	\$500,000	
Database Maintenance		\$50,000
Vehicles 4 at \$33,500		\$134,000
Vehicle Operating and Maintenance at \$240t per month		\$11,600
<b>Total Contracts and Services Costs:</b>	<b>\$1,412,500</b>	<b>\$258,100</b>
<b>Total Costs:</b>	<b>\$1,563,960</b>	<b>\$1,413,140</b>

### Personal Services

All positions within the ABC Board are currently performing at or above capacity. With the passage of the initiative, the workload of the ABC Board has the potential to double or triple. If doubled, the ABC Board would require an additional four investigators, one supervisor, and two business registration examiners to regulate the marijuana industry, similar to the duties of current staff that regulate the liquor industry. The addition of an Administrative Officer I would be necessary to support the added financial requirements. A Program Coordinator II would be necessary for the facilitation, coordination, and documentation of the Task Force and for the long-term program development, planning, coordination, and oversight of this complex program.

### Travel and Per Diem

#### Board

If the ABC Board of Directors takes on the added responsibility of controlling the cultivation, manufacture, barter, possession, and the sale of marijuana, the current board meetings would be extended by one day, adding to the cost of lodging, ground transportation, and per diem.

#### Investigations

Investigators and underage buyers will travel to communities around the state to provide compliance checks and ensure retailers adhere to the laws and regulations of the program, similar to liquor industry compliance investigations.

#### Task Force

The Task Force will hold seven two-day meetings, with two face-to-face meetings in Anchorage and the rest conducted either by video or teleconference; this assumes ten members are located

# Ballot Measure No. 2

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An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana outside Anchorage.

## Equipment, Office Space, and Supplies

Equipment and supply costs includes new employee set up, warning signs, test kits, paper products, postage, and additional office space.

## Contracts and Services

Contract costs are for studies on market demand, effects of marijuana, and the cost of production. Regulations will need to be in place nine months after the effective date of this initiative and will require extensive work with the Department of Law. There will be significant ongoing work required by the Department of Law to meet the demands of this new program, similar to the legal demands of the liquor industry.

A new database would require the analysis and development of business rules, analysis of existing systems for parallel processes or required modifications, new system development, testing, validation, implementation, and documentation.

## Vehicles

Additional vehicles are required to perform investigations across the state.

## Estimate of costs to the Alaska Department of Health & Social Services to implement the marijuana initiative \$0 - \$2,987,000

As written, the initiative primarily focuses on the process and procedures necessary to establish taxation and regulation of the production, sale, and use of marijuana; the actions addressed in the initiative will not directly impact or cost the Department of Health and Social Services in the establishment of these procedures and regulation development.

However, there is evidence that downstream health and social service consequences of implementing this initiative could be significant. The department has prepared an estimate based on research, other states' experiences, and an extrapolation of expenses the department incurs providing similar substance related services. The fiscal impact will directly relate to how many additional people begin using marijuana and how many current users increase their use.

To evaluate costs, the department has considered recent studies including Proceedings of the National Academy of Science<sup>1</sup>, and the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, *Cannabis: A Short Review*.<sup>2</sup>

These studies note emerging findings on the harmful effect of cannabis on neuropsychological functioning data indicating cannabis is linked to addiction, cognitive impairment, motor skills

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<sup>1</sup> Persistent cannabis users show neuropsychological decline from childhood to midlife. Meier, Madeline H., Caspi, Avshalom, et al. Proceedings of the National Academy of Science. Published online August 27, 2012

<sup>2</sup> Cannabis: A Short Review, Discussion Paper from the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. 2012.

# Ballot Measure No. 2

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

deficiency, respiratory, cardiovascular and mental health problems, and has been shown to be particularly damaging to maturing brains.

The consequences and outcomes of marijuana use create a significant potential for increased costs for physical and behavioral health care, child welfare services, educational systems, employers, public safety, criminal justice, community health and other aspects of state and local governments. For instance, legalization of marijuana may create an environment in which young people, in particular, perceive a lower risk of harm from marijuana use, resulting in increased use.<sup>3</sup>

According to Robert Morrison, Executive Director of the National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors (NASADA), Alaska has one of the highest use rates of marijuana at 11%, along with Vermont. He also highlights that an estimated 4.4 million individuals, nationwide, met criteria for marijuana dependence or abuse.<sup>4</sup>

While actual increases in health and social service programming are unknown, research and data provide a clear picture of the potential for increased problems associated with the legalization of marijuana.<sup>5</sup> In states where medical marijuana is legal, marijuana abuse and dependence rates are almost twice as high as in those states without medical marijuana. Two states that have recently legalized marijuana, Washington and Colorado, report difficulty determining the potential costs. Results of a recent report to estimate the fiscal impact of marijuana legalization in Colorado were inconclusive and four national marijuana-policy experts wrote that “the future holds more unknowns than knowns.”

The Division of Juvenile Justice has identified several areas in which costs could increase. Making possession of marijuana an offense that can be committed by minors but not adults creates a new status offense that is subject to specific rules governing the secure holding of juveniles. Violation of those rules could jeopardize federal funding currently received through the U.S. Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. The initiative could also require increased treatment for substance abuse and mental health issues among youth held in detention.

With this very brief overview of concerns about increased marijuana use and legalization, the department anticipates potential costs to DHSS in the following areas, with estimates of per annual cost increases:

- Increased substance use, dependency and addictions treatment: \$200,000 or a 10% increase in treatment services for marijuana dependence;
- Increased mental health treatment services: \$1.1 million or a 5% increase in mental health treatment services;
- Increased physical health services through public health and our primary care providers: \$400,000;

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<sup>3</sup> Trends in Adolescent Substance Use and Perception of Risk from Substance Use. The NSDUH Report; from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and the National Survey on Drug Use and Health. January 3, 2013.

<sup>4</sup> Marijuana Regulation: Considerations from State Substance Abuse Agency Directors. A presentation to the National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL), Spring Forum. Robert Morrison, Executive Director, NASADAD. May 3, 2013.

<sup>5</sup> Toolkit for States Facing “Medical” Marijuana & Marijuana Legalization Initiatives. Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America (CADCA). Summer 2012.

# Ballot Measure No. 2

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

- Increased Medicaid costs to cover treatment and service needs: \$27,000 or a 10% increase in current marijuana treatment services covered by Medicaid;
- Increased enforcement of marijuana access by youth (similar to our current tobacco enforcement efforts). This expenditure will be determined upon the process developed for retail sale of marijuana: \$140,000 or a potential 20% increase;
- Increased prevention, education and early intervention programs for adolescents and young adults: 10% community grant increase and 20% ASAP service increase = \$390,000 + \$250,000;
- Increased child protection services for young children in homes with regular and persistent marijuana users (second hand marijuana smoke, neglect), and training for foster parents and staff: \$250,000;
- Increased juvenile justice services for youth engaged in marijuana use and dependency \$200,000; and
- Potential Human Resource activities related to employee use of marijuana and related policies \$30,000.

Estimated annual potential cost increases to the Department of Health and Social Services resulting from the legalization of marijuana are \$2,987,000. As indicated, these are estimates based on projected impacts; depending on the actual regulations, enforcement, and number of citizens who increase their use of marijuana, actual costs are likely to be different.

### Estimate of Costs to the Alaska Department of Public Safety to implement the marijuana initiative

**\$1,434,700**

The ballot initiative would tax and regulate marijuana sales and allow Alaskans to cultivate marijuana for personal use. Persons 21 years of age or older could legally possess up to one ounce of marijuana or six marijuana plants (three of which could be mature), and could legally cultivate, sell and purchase marijuana through authorized marijuana-related facilities.

The cost to DPS to implement the law proposed by this initiative is based on the following assumptions regarding the legalization of marijuana in Alaska: it will lead to increased demand and usage and a consequent increase in the number of people driving while under the influence of this drug, and it will increase the illegal diversion and exportation of marijuana lawfully cultivated in Alaska.

Therefore, the costs to DPS are associated with the following:

1. Increasing the number Statewide Drug Enforcement Unit trooper investigators to target the diversion and exportation of marijuana lawfully grown in Alaska;
2. Requiring more troopers to receive Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) certification to enhance their ability to detect drivers impaired by marijuana and address the anticipated increase in DUI offenses;
3. Launching a public education and awareness campaign on the dangers of driving under the influence of marijuana; and



# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

4. Increasing the number of samples being sent out for toxicology analysis to detect the presence of marijuana in blood.

### Division of Alaska State Troopers:

Marijuana is identified as a primary substance of abuse in Alaska, along with alcohol, cocaine, heroin, and prescription drugs. These substances are the focus of most drug enforcement efforts in Alaska.

DPS' Division of Alaska State Troopers (AST), Alaska Bureau of Investigation, Statewide Drug Enforcement Unit (SDEU) provides a leadership role in coordinating law enforcement's efforts to reduce the availability of illegal alcohol and controlled substances (including marijuana) throughout Alaska. The SDEU primarily supports six investigative drug task forces throughout Alaska. These teams are broken down by region as follows:

- Alaska Interdiction Task Force/Anchorage Enforcement Group (sponsored by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration)
- Fairbanks Area-wide Narcotics Team
- Mat-Su Narcotics Enforcement Team
- South Central Area-wide Narcotics Team
- Southeast Alaska Cities Against Drugs Task Force
- Western Alaska Alcohol and Narcotics Team

SDEU participates with and receives assistance from several federal investigative agencies involved in drug enforcement. These agencies include: the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA); Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI); U.S. Postal Inspection Service; Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (BATFE); and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).

The DEA awarded \$80,000 in Marijuana Eradication grant funds to the State of Alaska in calendar year 2012. These funds were used to cover some of the costs associated with marijuana eradication in the state. In calendar year 2012, funds were shared with the Anchorage, Craig, and Kenai police departments to cover overtime incurred by officers involved in eradication operations. The following table reports the activities supported through this grant:

2012 Domestic Cannabis Eradication/Suppression Statistical Report for Alaska								
Total Eradicated Outdoor Grow Sites	Total Cultivated Plants Outdoor	Total Eradicated Indoor Grow Sites	Total Cultivated Plants Indoor	Total Cultivated Plants (Outdoor & Indoor)	Bulk Processes Marijuana	Number of Arrest	*Assets Seized (Value)	Weapon Seizure
3	113	62	4,270	4,383	203	76	\$36,077	74

*\*Assets seized include paraphernalia items such as grow lights and digital scales and does not include marijuana plants.*

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

Given that marijuana is illegal under federal law, legalization of marijuana in Alaska will have an impact on the collaborative working relationships DPS has with its federal counterparts and could potentially affect federal grant funds DPS and local law enforcement agencies receive for marijuana eradication and suppression efforts.

Should this initiative become law, it is practical to assume that arrests for simple possession will decrease. Even so, drug enforcement efforts are primarily targeted at individuals engaged in commercially cultivating and trafficking marijuana.

It is likely that sales of marijuana will not only be conducted by legitimate, taxpaying business people, but by criminal actors as well. Due to more potent levels of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in Alaskan-grown marijuana, the out of state demand for the drug is significant, and legalization could increase opportunities for marijuana export. AST predicts illegal commercial marijuana growing operations will continue to exist to meet this demand, skirting taxes and regulation in order to make the maximum profit. In addition, allowing the operation of marijuana cultivation facilities as proposed by the initiative actually increases the opportunity for Alaska's "legally grown" marijuana to be illegally diverted and exported.

DPS would require at least three additional Alaska State Trooper positions to target the illegal diversion and exportation of marijuana lawfully cultivated in Alaska. These positions would also work with DCCED's Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) board investigators on investigations into criminal activity associated with regulation of the marijuana industry.

The first year cost of three new trooper investigator positions is \$827,200; \$594,400 for ongoing funding to cover personal services, travel, training, and supplies (base increment), and \$232,800 to cover training at the academy, IT equipment, portable radios, office equipment, firearms and vehicles (one-time funding).

Though arrests for simple possession may decrease, the greater availability of marijuana will likely increase the number of adults consuming marijuana and the frequency with which it is consumed; consequently, the number of individuals driving under the influence of marijuana is expected to increase. Current practice is to administer standardized field sobriety tests to individuals suspected of driving under the influence (DUI). There is currently no chemical test that can be used in the field to detect marijuana impairment; the taking of a blood sample for purposes of determining the presence of a controlled substance (including marijuana) must be conducted at a medical facility.

To quickly and proficiently recognize the signs of marijuana impairment in drivers who are contacted, DPS proposes that more troopers become certified as drug recognition experts. A drug recognition expert (DRE), sometimes referred to as a drug recognition evaluator, is a police officer trained to recognize impairment in drivers under the influence of drugs other than, or in addition to, alcohol. Training and certification requirements are established by the International Association of Chiefs of Police and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The cost for this training is approximately \$2,500 per trooper.

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

Finally, DPS would launch a major public education and awareness media campaign focused on the dangers of driving under the influence of marijuana, similar to its current drunk driving and seat belt use campaigns. Using current media campaign expenditures as a base, the production and advertising costs for a DUI campaign focused on marijuana impairment are estimated to be \$500,000 per year for television, radio, print, and internet advertising.

### **Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory:**

The DPS Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory (SCDL) provides drug identification services to Alaska's law enforcement agencies through its controlled substances section. Forensic scientists in the section analyze evidence items and conclusively identify a controlled substance or perform sufficient analysis to determine that no controlled substances are present.

Drug evidence submitted to the section can be analyzed through a variety of methods that include preliminary testing combined with confirmatory testing. Preliminary testing can include color testing, microcrystalline microscopic analysis, or physical identification of a tablet using a reliable source. The confirmation of the presence of a controlled substance is performed through one of two confirmatory tests, gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) or infrared spectrophotometry.

Following analysis, a forensic scientist interprets the instrumental data and prepares a report of his/her findings. This report is used in criminal court proceedings and often the forensic scientist is asked to provide expert testimony to the courts.

Marijuana, a schedule VIA controlled substance under AS 11.71.190, is commonly submitted by law enforcement agencies to the crime lab. Drug paraphernalia such as pipes and digital scales are also frequently submitted to the crime lab for analysis. Forensic scientists may also be called upon to analyze samples for federal agencies operating within Alaska for substances controlled under the federal Controlled Substances Act, which includes marijuana.

The crime lab seldom analyzes personal use quantities of marijuana. Rather, the evidence being submitted to the crime lab is indicative of distribution (trafficking) level quantities. As AST predicts that illegal commercial marijuana grow operations will continue despite any legalization of marijuana-related facilities, such as marijuana cultivation facilities and marijuana retail stores, the SCDL does not anticipate a decrease in submissions of evidence.

Alaska does not currently have an in-house drug toxicology program. The SCDL has a contract with the Washington State Patrol Toxicology Laboratory in Seattle for toxicology services and sends samples there for drug analysis. Based on the anticipated increase in marijuana impaired driving, DPS estimates that an average of 150 additional samples will be sent out for analysis each year. At an average cost of \$300 per sample, the increase in contract costs would be \$45,000 per year.

The estimated total cost to DPS for the implementation of this initiative is \$1,434,700 for the first year and \$1,201,900 for the second year. Following is a summary of the estimated costs:

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

	First Year	Second Year
Three Trooper Investigator Positions	\$594,400	\$594,400
One-time position costs (academy training, IT equipment, office equipment, firearms, and vehicles)	\$232,800	\$0.0
<b>Total Personal Service Costs</b>	<b>\$827,200</b>	<b>\$594,400</b>
Marijuana DUI Media Campaign (production and advertising)	\$500,000	\$500,000
DRE Certification (\$2,500/trooper x 25 troopers annually)	\$62,500	\$62,500
Contractual increase for toxicology services (\$300/sample x 150 additional samples)	\$45,000	\$45,000
<b>Total Contracts and Services Costs</b>	<b>\$607,500</b>	<b>\$607,500</b>
<b>TOTAL COSTS</b>	<b>\$1,434,700</b>	<b>\$1,201,900</b>

**Estimate of costs to the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation to implement the marijuana initiative** **\$0 - \$136,900**

The ballot initiative legalizes marijuana for use by persons 21 years of age and older. Section 17.38.080 states that the Department of Commerce, Community, and Economic Development (DCCED) may create a Marijuana Control Board; otherwise, the powers, duties, and responsibilities fall to the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, located in the DCCED.

Normally, under AS 17.20, the DEC has responsibility to regulate food and food products. Marijuana or its derivatives, if considered a food, would fall under those provisions. However, under 17.38.090 of the proposed law, responsibility for regulating marijuana, including creating labeling requirements and health and safety regulations for the manufacture of marijuana, lies with the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.

If additional food establishments were opened to create marijuana products (such as marijuana bakeries, etc.) along with additional food facilities opening up in the state, the Food Safety and Sanitation Program within DEC will need an additional Environmental Health Officer III position in Anchorage to review sanitation plans and conduct sanitation inspections for the increased number of facilities. If there is an increase in facilities, DEC anticipates needing one full time position at a total cost of \$136,900 (includes personal services, travel, contractual and supply expenses).

The estimates are done based on the cost during FY14 and do not reflect inflationary increases that will occur during the years it takes for this legislation to be passed, regulations to be written, and individuals to set up grow operations and potential food establishments. The cost will likely increase in future years.

**Estimate of costs to the University of Alaska to implement the marijuana initiative** **Indeterminate**

The University of Alaska has examined the initiative and due to the uncertainty around the

# Ballot Measure No. 2

## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

initiative cannot provide a definitive estimate of the costs that it would incur at this time. However, should the initiative become law, it will directly impact the University’s primary population – its students.

Areas of potential costs include but are not limited to:

As with Colorado and Washington, education will be needed for students, faculty, and staff about how the initiative would change University policies regarding possession or use of drugs on campus.

The Clery Act includes requirements for education on drug effects. The University would need to adjust its Clery documents, and there would potentially be some production costs associated with that effort. Additionally, there will likely be costs associated with revising University policies and regulations such as housing, employment and discipline.

It is anticipated that there would be additional costs associated with enforcement (the proposed law prohibits consumption in public) by UAA and UAF police departments as well as by administrators

There are potential legal costs associated with analyzing initiative and advising Major Administrative Units (MAUs).

There is likely to be some impact on the health care costs and rates for employees as well as a potential impact on insurance rates for the University.

The University envisions that they would very likely incur some research costs based on requests for information on the social and economic impacts of the initiative.

<b>Estimate of costs to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor and the Division of Elections to implement the marijuana initiative</b>	<b>\$80,257</b>
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### Office of the Lieutenant Governor

Assuming the initiative is placed on the ballot, the minimum cost to conduct public hearings concerning the initiative in two communities in each of four judicial districts is estimated to be \$9,000. This number may be reduced if hearings are held on more than one initiative at a time.

Lt. Governor’s Office estimate by category	
<u>Travel</u>	<u>\$ 9,000</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 9,000</b>

Estimated travel expenses include round-trip air transportation, per diem and other associated travel costs for the Lieutenant Governor and staff to travel to seven communities in Alaska. It is assumed one of the hearings would be in Anchorage which would not involve travel costs.

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

### Division of Elections

The minimum cost to the Division of Elections associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition, excluding legal costs to the state and the costs to the state of any challenge to the validity of the petition, is estimated to be \$71,257.

Elections estimate by category	
Personal Services	\$69,957
<u>Services</u>	<u>\$ 1,300</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$71,257</b>

Personal services expenses associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition:

- Three full-time employees at 522 hours is \$29,200
- 8 temporary employees at 2,520 hours is \$40,757

Services expenses associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition:

- Printing of booklets is \$1,300.

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

### STATEMENT IN SUPPORT

Marijuana prohibition has been just as ineffective, inefficient, and counterproductive as alcohol prohibition. It's time for a more sensible approach.

Ballot Measure 2 will end the failed policy of marijuana prohibition in Alaska and replace it with a system in which:

- Personal use, possession, and limited home-growing of marijuana is legal for adults 21 and older; and
- Marijuana is regulated and taxed like alcohol.

Government studies and scientific research have consistently concluded that even the most potent marijuana, in concentrate or any other form, is far less harmful than alcohol to the consumer and to society. It's less addictive, less damaging to the body, and far less likely to trigger violent and reckless behavior.<sup>1,2</sup> Adults who prefer to use marijuana instead of alcohol shouldn't be punished for making a safer choice.

There were 2,219 arrests for marijuana offenses in Alaska in 2010, of which 91% were for possession alone.<sup>3</sup> Measure 2 would allow law enforcement to spend their time and limited resources addressing serious crimes instead of arresting and prosecuting adults for using a less harmful substance than alcohol.

Current marijuana prohibition laws force marijuana sales into the underground market where they're controlled by criminal enterprises. Measure 2 will replace the underground market with a tightly regulated system of licensed marijuana businesses that will create good jobs for Alaskans and generate tax revenue for the state and localities. It will also create business and ancillary industries, such as construction, real estate, and accounting. Localities will have the right to ban marijuana establishments.

State officials will create and enforce rules governing the production and sale of marijuana, such as testing, packaging, labeling requirements, and restrictions on advertising.

A regulated market will provide a safer environment for adults to purchase marijuana, and it will reduce their exposure to other illegal substances. It will also more effectively prevent teens from purchasing marijuana. It will remain illegal to sell or provide marijuana to minors, and proof of age will be required to purchase marijuana. Those selling marijuana in the underground market do not ask for ID.

In Colorado, where voters approved a similar measure in 2012, officials have reported no instances of businesses illegally selling marijuana to minors.<sup>4</sup> Since the state began regulating hundreds of marijuana-related businesses in 2010, teen marijuana use hasn't increased, high school graduation rates have increased, and drop-out rates have decreased.<sup>5,6</sup>

Implementation of the Colorado law hasn't contributed to an increase in crime, and violent crime decreased statewide in the first year in which marijuana was legal for adults.<sup>7</sup> The number of fatal vehicle crashes dropped more than 25% during the first four months of legal marijuana sales compared to the same period the previous year.<sup>8</sup>

Statewide support for ending marijuana prohibition has increased in Colorado since legal adult marijuana sales began.<sup>9</sup>

Regulating marijuana works.

Christopher Rempert, Political Director and Treasurer/Campaign to Regulate Marijuana Like Alcohol

1 U.S. Institute of Medicine.

6 Colorado Department of Education.

2 World Health Organization.

7 Colorado Bureau of Investigation.

3 American Civil Liberties Union.

8 Colorado State Patrol.

4 Colorado Department of Revenue.

9 Public Policy Polling.

5 U.S. Centers for Disease Control.

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

### STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION

#### Big Marijuana. Big Mistake. Vote No on 2

Against the best interests of our State, Proposition 2 seeks to legalize, commercialize, **advertise**, and industrialize marijuana and concentrated marijuana products (such as “shatter,” “butane hash oil,” and marijuana “Ring Pots”) in Alaska. The Initiative is costly, extreme, premature, and will unduly harm Alaskan communities, businesses, families, and our youth. We urge you to Vote No on 2 because:

1. **The Initiative is Far Too Costly.** The State of Alaska estimates that this initiative could increase costs to State Government by over \$7 million/year, including increased costs for child neglect and DUIs. Also, the Alaska Association of Chiefs of Police estimates that the initiative will increase costs to small towns and cities by \$6 million. These are just the costs to state government and police. Based on evidence, **for every \$1 of taxes raised, the social, productivity, business, and health costs of substances like marijuana will be \$10.** Costs include: lost productivity, increased accidents, harm to youth, harm to families, and increased health costs.
2. **The Initiative Legalizes the Manufacturing, Advertising, Marketing, Transport and Consumption of Extreme Products like Shatter, Butane Hash Oil and Dangerous, Child-Friendly Edibles.** The Initiative specifically defines marijuana to include all marijuana concentrates and products. This would legalize the manufacturing, advertising, marketing, transport and consumption of such extreme products as 80-90% THC shatter, butane hash oil, and crumble. **We recommend all voters Google shatter and butane hash oil before voting.** Two people have already died in Colorado from child-friendly marijuana edibles, and emergency room visits have increased.
3. **The Initiative Eliminates the local option** for communities in Alaska to be dry on marijuana.
4. **This Initiative Will Not Eradicate the Illegal Trafficking of Marijuana.** If this initiative passes, there will be: illegal sales of marijuana to youth; illegal export of marijuana, and illegal sales to adults (just as there are in Colorado now after legalization).
5. **Do Alaskans Really Want Another Major Industry Promoting the Increased Use of Another Harmful Intoxicant? No.** There is so much evidence that marijuana is harmful to fetuses, developing brains, motivation, judgment (including while driving), mental health, lungs, hearts and more.
6. **Large Outside Interests are Funding the Initiative.** Follow the money. Big marijuana. Big mistake.
7. **Rates of Use by our Youth Will Increase.** Public Health science is very clear. If this initiative passes, youth use rates of marijuana, including shatter, butane hash oil, and edibles will increase.
8. **There is No Reason to Rush into Making a Mistake.** We deserve to see what happens in Colorado and make a more informed decision about what is best for Alaskans. Let's see how the **pervasive advertising of marijuana and marijuana products** works out; how many **lawsuits** there are from the marijuana industry; and what **marijuana lobbyists** do. Let's examine the increases in emergency room visits and deaths. There is no rush in Alaska to make a mistake.

**The costs of this outside-funded initiative are far too great. Vote No on 2.**

**(Please Visit the Website: <http://www.bigmarijuanabigmistake.org/> for More Information)**

Mike Williams, Akiak, Chair. Big Marijuana. Big Mistake.

Joe Byrnes, Fairbanks, Deputy Treasurer. Big Marijuana. Big Mistake.

Deborah Williams, Anchorage, Deputy Treasurer. Big Marijuana. Big Mistake

*The statement printed on this page is the opinion of the author(s) and is presented as submitted to the Division of Elections.*



# Ballot Measure No. 2

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

### FULL TEXT OF PROPOSED LAW

“An Act to tax and regulate the production, sale, and use of marijuana.”

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

\*Section 1. AS 17 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

#### Chapter 38. The regulation of marijuana

##### Sec. 17.38.010. Purpose and findings.

(a) In the interest of allowing law enforcement to focus on violent and property crimes, and to enhance individual freedom, the people of the state of Alaska find and declare that the use of marijuana should be legal for persons 21 years of age or older.

(b) In the interest of the health and public safety of our citizenry, the people of the state of Alaska further find and declare that the production and sale of marijuana should be regulated so that:

(1) Individuals will have to show proof of age before purchasing marijuana;

(2) Legitimate, taxpaying business people, and not criminal actors, will conduct sales of marijuana; and

(3) Marijuana sold by regulated businesses will be labeled and subject to additional regulations to ensure that consumers are informed and protected.

(c) The people of the state of Alaska further declare that the provisions of this Act are not intended to diminish the right to privacy as interpreted by the Alaska Supreme Court in *Ravin v. State of Alaska*.

(d) Nothing in this Act proposes or intends to require any individual or entity to engage in any conduct that violates federal law, or exempt any individual or entity from any requirement of federal law, or pose any obstacle to federal enforcement of federal law.

##### Sec. 17.38.020. Personal use of marijuana.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the following acts, by persons 21 years of age or older, are lawful and shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Alaska law or the law of any political subdivision of Alaska or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law:

(a) Possessing, using, displaying, purchasing, or transporting marijuana accessories or one ounce or less of marijuana;

(b) Possessing, growing, processing, or transporting no more than six marijuana plants, with three or fewer being mature, flowering plants, and possession of the marijuana produced by the plants on the premises where the plants were grown;

(c) Transferring one ounce or less of marijuana and up to six immature marijuana plants to a person who is 21 years of age or older without remuneration;

(d) Consumption of marijuana, except that nothing in this chapter shall permit the consumption of marijuana in public; and

(e) Assisting another person who is 21 years of age or older in any of the acts described in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section.

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

### **Sec. 17.38.030. Restrictions on personal cultivation, penalty.**

- a) The personal cultivation of marijuana described in AS 17.38.020(b) is subject to the following terms:
  - (1) Marijuana plants shall be cultivated in a location where the plants are not subject to public view without the use of binoculars, aircraft, or other optical aids.
  - (2) A person who cultivates marijuana must take reasonable precautions to ensure the plants are secure from unauthorized access.
  - (3) Marijuana cultivation may only occur on property lawfully in possession of the cultivator or with the consent of the person in lawful possession of the property
- (b) A person who violates this section while otherwise acting in compliance with AS 17.38.020(b) is guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of up to \$750.

### **Sec. 17.38.040. Public consumption banned, penalty.**

It is unlawful to consume marijuana in public. A person who violates this section is guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of up to \$100.

### **Sec. 17.38.050. False identification, penalty.**

- (a) A person who is under 21 years of age may not present or offer to a marijuana establishment or the marijuana establishment's agent or employee any written or oral evidence of age that is false, fraudulent or not actually the person's own, for the purpose of:
  - (1) Purchasing, attempting to purchase or otherwise procuring or attempting to procure marijuana or marijuana products; or
  - (2) Gaining access to a marijuana establishment.
- (b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of up to \$400.

### **Sec. 17.38.060. Marijuana accessories authorized.**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is lawful and shall not be an offense under Alaska law or the law of any political subdivision of Alaska or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law for persons 21 years of age or older to manufacture, possess, or purchase marijuana accessories, or to distribute or sell marijuana accessories to a person who is 21 years of age or older.

### **Sec. 17.38.070. Lawful operation of marijuana-related facilities.**

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following acts, when performed by a retail marijuana store with a current, valid registration, or a person 21 years of age or older who is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee or agent of a retail marijuana store, are lawful and shall not be an offense under Alaska law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law:
  - (1) Possessing, displaying, storing, or transporting marijuana or marijuana products, except that marijuana and marijuana products may not be displayed in a manner that is visible to the general public from a public right-of-way;
  - (2) Delivering or transferring marijuana or marijuana products to a marijuana testing facility;
  - (3) Receiving marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana testing facility;

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

- (4) Purchasing marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility;
- (5) Purchasing marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana product manufacturing facility; and
- (6) Delivering, distributing, or selling marijuana or marijuana products to consumers.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following acts, when performed by a marijuana cultivation facility with a current, valid registration, or a person 21 years of age or older who is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee or agent of a marijuana cultivation facility, are lawful and shall not be an offense under Alaska law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law:

- (1) Cultivating, manufacturing, harvesting, processing, packaging, transporting, displaying, storing, or possessing marijuana;
- (2) Delivering or transferring marijuana to a marijuana testing facility;
- (3) Receiving marijuana from a marijuana testing facility;
- (4) Delivering, distributing, or selling marijuana to a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana product manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store;
- (5) Receiving or purchasing marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility; and
- (6) Receiving marijuana seeds or immature marijuana plants from a person 21 years of age or older.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following acts, when performed by a marijuana product manufacturing facility with a current, valid registration, or a person 21 years of age or older who is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee or agent of a marijuana product manufacturing facility, are lawful and shall not be an offense under Alaska law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law:

- (1) Packaging, processing, transporting, manufacturing, displaying, or possessing marijuana or marijuana products;
- (2) Delivering or transferring marijuana or marijuana products to a marijuana testing facility;
- (3) Receiving marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana testing facility;
- (4) Delivering or selling marijuana or marijuana products to a retail marijuana store or a marijuana product manufacturing facility;
- (5) Purchasing marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility; and
- (6) Purchasing of marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana product manufacturing facility.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following acts, when performed by a marijuana testing facility with a current, valid registration, or a person 21 years of age or older who is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee or agent of a marijuana testing facility, are lawful and shall not be an offense under Alaska law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law:

- (1) Possessing, cultivating, processing, repackaging, storing, transporting, displaying, transferring or delivering marijuana;
- (2) Receiving marijuana or marijuana products from a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana retail store, a marijuana products manufacturer, or a person 21 years of age or older; and

*The text of this bill is presented as submitted by petition sponsors.*

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

- (3) Returning marijuana or marijuana products to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana retail store, marijuana products manufacturer, or a person 21 years of age or older.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is lawful and shall not be an offense under Alaska law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Alaska law to lease or otherwise allow the use of property owned, occupied or controlled by any person, corporation or other entity for any of the activities conducted lawfully in accordance with paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section.
- (f) Nothing in this section prevents the imposition of penalties upon marijuana establishments for violating this chapter or rules adopted by the board or local governments pursuant to this chapter.
- (g) The provisions of AS 17.30.020 do not apply to marijuana establishments.

### **Sec. 17.38.080. Marijuana Control Board.**

At any time, the legislature may create a Marijuana Control Board in the Department of Commerce, Community, and Economic Development or its successor agency to assume the power, duties, and responsibilities delegated to the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board under this chapter.

### **Sec. 17.38.090. Rulemaking.**

- (a) Not later than nine months after the effective date of this act, the board shall adopt regulations necessary for implementation of this chapter. Such regulations shall not prohibit the operation of marijuana establishments, either expressly or through regulations that make their operation unreasonably impracticable. Such regulations shall include:
  - (1) Procedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, and revocation of a registration to operate a marijuana establishment, with such procedures subject to all requirements of AS 44.62, the Administrative Procedure Act;
  - (2) A schedule of application, registration and renewal fees, provided, application fees shall not exceed \$5,000, with this upper limit adjusted annually for inflation, unless the board determines a greater fee is necessary to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter;
  - (3) Qualifications for registration that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a marijuana establishment;
  - (4) Security requirements for marijuana establishments, including for the transportation of marijuana by marijuana establishments;
  - (5) Requirements to prevent the sale or diversion of marijuana and marijuana products to persons under the age of 21;
  - (6) Labeling requirements for marijuana and marijuana products sold or distributed by a marijuana establishment;
  - (7) Health and safety regulations and standards for the manufacture of marijuana products and the cultivation of marijuana;
  - (8) Reasonable restrictions on the advertising and display of marijuana and marijuana products; and
  - (9) Civil penalties for the failure to comply with regulations made pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) In order to ensure that individual privacy is protected, the board shall not require

*The text of this bill is presented as submitted by petition sponsors.*

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a consumer to provide a retail marijuana store with personal information other than government-issued identification to determine the consumer's age, and a retail marijuana store shall not be required to acquire and record personal information about consumers.

### **Sec. 17.38.100. Marijuana establishment registrations.**

- (a) Each application or renewal application for a registration to operate a marijuana establishment shall be submitted to the board. A renewal application may be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of the marijuana establishment's registration.
- (b) The board shall begin accepting and processing applications to operate marijuana establishments one year after the effective date of this act.
- (c) Upon receiving an application or renewal application for a marijuana establishment, the board shall immediately forward a copy of each application and half of the registration application fee to the local regulatory authority for the local government in which the applicant desires to operate the marijuana establishment, unless the local government has not designated a local regulatory authority pursuant to AS 17.38.110(c).
- (d) Within 45 to 90 days after receiving an application or renewal application, the board shall issue an annual registration to the applicant unless the board finds the applicant is not in compliance with regulations enacted pursuant to AS 17.38.090 or the board is notified by the relevant local government that the applicant is not in compliance with ordinances and regulations made pursuant to AS 17.38.110 and in effect at the time of application.
- (e) If a local government has enacted a numerical limit on the number of marijuana establishments and a greater number of applicants seek registrations, the board shall solicit and consider input from the local regulatory authority as to the local government's preference or preferences for registration.
- (f) Upon denial of an application, the board shall notify the applicant in writing of the specific reason for its denial.
- (g) Every marijuana establishment registration shall specify the location where the marijuana establishment will operate. A separate registration shall be required for each location at which a marijuana establishment operates.
- (h) Marijuana establishments and the books and records maintained and created by marijuana establishments are subject to inspection by the board.

### **Sec. 17.38.110. Local control.**

- (a) A local government may prohibit the operation of marijuana cultivation facilities, marijuana product manufacturing facilities, marijuana testing facilities, or retail marijuana stores through the enactment of an ordinance or by a voter initiative.
- (b) A local government may enact ordinances or regulations not in conflict with this chapter or with regulations enacted pursuant to this chapter, governing the time, place, manner and number of marijuana establishment operations. A local government may establish civil penalties for violation of an ordinance or regulation governing the time, place, and manner of a marijuana establishment that may operate in such local government.
- (c) A local government may designate a local regulatory authority that is responsible for processing applications submitted for a registration to operate a marijuana establishment within the boundaries of the local government. The local government may provide that the local regulatory authority may issue such registrations should the issuance by the local government become necessary because of a failure by the board to adopt regulations

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

pursuant to AS 17.38.090 or to accept or process applications in accordance with AS 17.38.100.

(d) A local government may establish procedures for the issuance, suspension, and revocation of a registration issued by the local government in accordance with (f) of this section or (g) of this section. These procedures shall be subject to all requirements of AS 44.62, the Administrative Procedure Act.

(e) A local government may establish a schedule of annual operating, registration, and application fees for marijuana establishments, provided, the application fee shall only be due if an application is submitted to a local government in accordance with (f) of this section and a registration fee shall only be due if a registration is issued by a local government in accordance with (f) of this section or (g) of this section.

(f) If the board does not issue a registration to an applicant within 90 days of receipt of the application filed in accordance with AS 17.38.100 and does not notify the applicant of the specific, permissible reason for its denial, in writing and within such time period, or if the board has adopted regulations pursuant to AS 17.38.090 and has accepted applications pursuant to AS 17.38.100 but has not issued any registrations by 15 months after the effective date of this act, the applicant may resubmit its application directly to the local regulatory authority, pursuant to (c) of this section, and the local regulatory authority may issue an annual registration to the applicant. If an application is submitted to a local regulatory authority under this paragraph, the board shall forward to the local regulatory authority the application fee paid by the applicant to the board upon request by the local regulatory authority.

(g) If the board does not adopt regulations required by AS 17.38.090, an applicant may submit an application directly to a local regulatory authority after one year after the effective date of this act and the local regulatory authority may issue an annual registration to the applicant.

(h) A local regulatory authority issuing a registration to an applicant shall do so within 90 days of receipt of the submitted or resubmitted application unless the local regulatory authority finds and notifies the applicant that the applicant is not in compliance with ordinances and regulations made pursuant to (b) of this section in effect at the time the application is submitted to the local regulatory authority. The local government shall notify the board if an annual registration has been issued to the applicant.

(i) A registration issued by a local government in accordance with (f) of this section or (g) of this section shall have the same force and effect as a registration issued by the board in accordance with AS 17.38.100. The holder of such registration shall not be subject to regulation or enforcement by the board during the term of that registration.

(j) A subsequent or renewed registration may be issued under (f) of this section on an annual basis only upon resubmission to the local government of a new application submitted to the board pursuant to AS 17.38.100.

(k) A subsequent or renewed registration may be issued under (g) of this section on an annual basis if the board has not adopted regulations required by AS 17.38.090 at least 90 days prior to the date upon which such subsequent or renewed registration would be effective or if the board has adopted regulations pursuant to AS 17.38.090 but has not, at least 90 days after the adoption of such regulations, issued registrations pursuant to AS 17.38.100.

(l) Nothing in this section shall limit such relief as may be available to an aggrieved party

*The text of this bill is presented as submitted by petition sponsors.*

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

under AS 44.62, the Administrative Procedure Act.

### **Sec. 17.38.120. Employers, driving, minors and control of property.**

- (a) Nothing in this chapter is intended to require an employer to permit or accommodate the use, consumptions, possession, transfer, display, transportation, sale or growing of marijuana in the workplace or to affect the ability of employers to have policies restricting the use of marijuana by employees.
- (b) Nothing in this chapter is intended to allow driving under the influence of marijuana or to supersede laws related to driving under the influence of marijuana.
- (c) Nothing in this chapter is intended to permit the transfer of marijuana, with or without remuneration, to a person under the age of 21.
- (d) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person, employer, school, hospital, recreation or youth center, correction facility, corporation or any other entity who occupies, owns or controls private property from prohibiting or otherwise regulating the possession, consumption, use, display, transfer, distribution, sale, transportation, or growing of marijuana on or in that property.

### **Sec. 17.38.130. Impact on medical marijuana law.**

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit any privileges or rights of a medical marijuana patient or medical marijuana caregiver under AS 17.37.

### **Sec. 17.38.900. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) “Board” means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board established by AS 04.06.
- (2) “Consumer” means a person 21 years of age or older who purchases marijuana or marijuana products for personal use by persons 21 years of age or older, but not for resale to others.
- (3) “Consumption” means the act of ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana into the human body.
- (4) “Local government” means both home rule and general law municipalities, including boroughs and cities of all classes and unified municipalities.
- (5) “Local regulatory authority” means the office or entity designated to process marijuana establishment applications by a local government.
- (6) “Marijuana” means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its resin, including marijuana concentrate. “Marijuana” does not include fiber produced from the stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination, or the weight of any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other products.
- (7) “Marijuana accessories” means any equipment, products, or materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, composting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, vaporizing, or containing marijuana, or for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana into the human body.
- (8) “Marijuana cultivation facility” means an entity registered to cultivate, prepare, and

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package marijuana and to sell marijuana to retail marijuana stores, to marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and to other marijuana cultivation facilities, but not to consumers.

(9) “Marijuana establishment” means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a marijuana product manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store.

(10) “Marijuana product manufacturing facility” means an entity registered to purchase marijuana; manufacture, prepare, and package marijuana products; and sell marijuana and marijuana products to other marijuana product manufacturing facilities and to retail marijuana stores, but not to consumers.

(11) “Marijuana products” means concentrated marijuana products and marijuana products that are comprised of marijuana and other ingredients and are intended for use or consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible products, ointments, and tinctures.

(12) “Marijuana testing facility” means an entity registered to analyze and certify the safety and potency of marijuana.

(13) “Retail marijuana store” means an entity registered to purchase marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities, to purchase marijuana and marijuana products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities, and to sell marijuana and marijuana products to consumers.

(14) “Unreasonably impracticable” means that the measures necessary to comply with the regulations require such a high investment of risk, money, time, or any other resource or asset that the operation of a marijuana establishment is not worthy of being carried out in practice by a reasonably prudent businessperson.

**\*Sec. 2.** AS 43 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

### **Chapter 61. Excise tax on marijuana**

#### **Sec. 43.61.010. Marijuana tax.**

(a) An excise tax is imposed on the sale or transfer of marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or marijuana product manufacturing facility. Every marijuana cultivation facility shall pay an excise tax at the rate of \$50 per ounce, or proportionate part thereof, on marijuana that is sold or transferred from a marijuana cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or marijuana product manufacturing facility.

(b) The department may exempt certain parts of the marijuana plant from the excise tax described in (a) of this section or may establish a rate lower than \$50 per ounce for certain parts of the marijuana plant.

#### **Sec. 43.61.020. Monthly Statement and Payments.**

(a) Each marijuana cultivation facility shall send a statement by mail or electronically to the department on or before the last day of each calendar month. The statement must contain an account of the amount of marijuana sold or transferred to retail marijuana stores and marijuana product manufacturing facilities in the state during the preceding month, setting out

- (1) the total number of ounces, including fractional ounces sold or transferred;
- (2) the names and Alaska address of each buyer and transferee; and
- (3) the weight of marijuana sold or transferred to the respective buyers or transferees.

(b) The marijuana cultivation facility shall pay monthly to the department, all taxes, computed at the rates prescribed in this chapter, on the respective total quantities of the

*The text of this bill is presented as submitted by petition sponsors.*



# Ballot Measure No. 2

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## An Act to Tax and Regulate the Production, Sale, and Use of Marijuana

marijuana sold or transferred during the preceding month. The monthly return shall be filed and the tax paid on or before the last day of each month to cover the preceding month.

### **Sec. 43.61.030. Administration and Enforcement of Tax.**

- (a) Delinquent payments under this chapter shall subject the marijuana cultivation facility to civil penalties under AS 43.05.220.
- (b) If a marijuana cultivation facility fails to pay the tax to the state the marijuana cultivation facility's registration may be revoked in accordance with procedures established under AS 17.38.090(a)(1).

**\*Sec. 3.** The provisions of this Act are independent and severable, and, except where otherwise indicated in the text, shall supersede conflicting statutes, local charter, ordinance, or resolution, and other state and local provisions. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is found to be invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act shall not be affected and shall be given effect to the fullest extent possible.

# Ballot Measure No. 3

## An Act to Increase Alaska’s Minimum Wage

### BALLOT LANGUAGE

**Ballot Measure No. 3 – 13MINW**  
**An Act to Increase Alaska’s Minimum Wage**

This bill would raise Alaska’s minimum wage from \$7.75 per hour to \$8.75 per hour as of January 1, 2015. The bill would raise the minimum wage to \$9.75 per hour as of January 1, 2016. The bill would adjust the minimum wage each year for inflation after 2016. The bill creates a method for this adjustment. Under the bill, if the adjusted minimum wage is less than one dollar over the federal minimum wage, Alaska’s minimum wage will be one dollar over the federal minimum. Tips or gratuities would not count toward the minimum wage.

The bill has a statement of findings and declaration. This statement gives reasons for the bill. The reasons pertain to quality of life for low income workers, the effect of increases in the cost of living, the relationship of the Alaska minimum wage to the federal poverty level, and the minimum wage in other states.

Should this initiative become law?

☐ Yes    ☐ No

### LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY SUMMARY

The Act raises the state minimum wage. On January 1, 2015, it will go from \$7.75 to \$8.75 per hour. On January 1, 2016, the minimum wage will go up again to \$9.75 per hour. Each year after 2016, the state will adjust the minimum wage for inflation. The new amount must be at least \$1.00 more per hour than the federal minimum wage. Tips and gifts do not count as part of the minimum wage.

### STATEMENT OF COSTS

#### Estimate of Costs to the State of Alaska for the Implementation of the Minimum Wage Increase Ballot Initiative AS 23.10.065(a)

#### Multi-Agency Cost Summary

Agency	Cost
Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development	\$2,083
Office of the Lieutenant Governor	\$9,000
Office of the Lieutenant Governor- Division of Elections	\$71,257
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$82,340</b>

# Ballot Measure No. 3

## An Act to Increase Alaska’s Minimum Wage

### Estimate of costs to the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development

As required by AS 15.45.090(a)(4), the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD) has prepared the following statement of costs to implement the proposed minimum wage increase ballot initiative. The minimum cost to the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, excluding legal costs to the state, is estimated to be \$2,083.

The ballot initiative replaces the current minimum wage, which under AS 23.10.065(a) is set at \$.50 higher than the federal minimum wage. The initiative calls for a minimum wage increase to \$8.75 as of January 1, 2015 and \$9.75 as of January 1, 2016. After 2016, the initiative establishes that the minimum wage shall be adjusted for inflation on an annual basis and that the minimum wage shall remain at least \$1.00 higher than the federal minimum wage.

There is insufficient data to establish certain cost estimates associated with minimum wage increases as a result of the initiative. Currently, there would be no impact on wages paid to employees of the State of Alaska; however, it is unknown what if any effect the minimum wage increase may have on services contracted by the State of Alaska to private entities.

The quantifiable expenses caused by the ballot initiative adjustments to minimum wage are associated with publications produced by the DOLWD to notify employers and employees of legal requirements that include the minimum wage. The estimated yearly cost for all publications associated with annual adjustments to minimum wage is \$2,083. The annual estimated expenses for publications would begin in FY2015.

5,000 posters – “Summary of Wage and Hour Act”:	\$308
5,000 “Know Your Rights” child labor brochures:	\$525
<u>1,500 “Alaska Fishing Industry” brochures:</u>	<u>\$1,250</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,083</b>

### Estimate of costs to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor and the Division of Elections

As required by AS 15.45.090(a)(4), the Alaska Office of the Lieutenant Governor has prepared the following statement of costs to implement the proposed minimum wage increase ballot initiative.

#### Office of the Lieutenant Governor

Assuming the initiative is placed on the ballot, the minimum cost to conduct public hearings concerning the initiative in two communities in each of four judicial districts is estimated to be \$9,000.

Lt. Governor’s Office estimate by category

<u>Travel</u>	<u>\$ 9,000</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 9,000</b>

Estimated travel expenses include round-trip air transportation, per diem and other associated travel costs for the Lieutenant Governor and staff to travel to seven communities in Alaska: It is assumed one of the hearings would be in Anchorage which would not involve travel costs.

# Ballot Measure No. 3

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## An Act to Increase Alaska’s Minimum Wage

### Division of Elections

As required by AS 15.45.090(a)(3), the Division of Elections has prepared the following statement of costs to implement the proposed minimum wage increase ballot initiative.

The minimum cost to the Division of Elections associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition, excluding legal costs to the state and the costs to the state of any challenge to the validity of the petition, is estimated to be \$71,257.

Elections estimate by category

Personal Services	\$69,957
<u>Services</u>	<u>\$ 1,300</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$71,257</b>

Personal services expenses associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition:

- Three full-time employees at 522 hours is \$29,200
- 8 temporary employees at 2,520 hours is \$40,757

Services expenses associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition:

- Printing of booklets is \$1,300.

# Ballot Measure No. 3

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## An Act to Increase Alaska's Minimum Wage

### STATEMENT IN SUPPORT

Under existing law, the minimum wage in Alaska is set at \$.50 over the federal minimum wage. Since the current federal minimum wage is \$7.25, Alaska's minimum wage is \$7.75 per hour. The \$.50 Alaska premium was established by the First Alaska Legislature in 1959, when the federal minimum wage was \$1.00 per hour.

The minimum wage is intended to assure "the maintenance on minimum standards of living necessary for the health, efficiency, and general well-being of workers" (Fair Labor Standards Act, 1938). No one can say Alaska's current minimum wage even comes close to doing this. A full-time, year-round worker making \$7.25 an hour earns only \$16,120 annually. This is \$8,600 below the federal poverty threshold for a family of three in Alaska (\$24,740) and \$13,700 below the federal poverty threshold for a family of four (\$29,820).

After having had the highest minimum wage in the nation for the first four decades after statehood, Alaska has fallen to 19<sup>th</sup>, behind even low-wage states such as Florida (\$7.93) and Arizona (\$7.90). Thirteen states provide for an annual cost-of-living adjustment to their minimum wage based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Washington (\$9.32) and Oregon (\$9.10) have the highest state minimum wages; the minimum wage in California will increase to \$10 in January 2016.

The measure proposed by Alaskans for a Fair Minimum Wage would raise the state minimum wage to approximately what it should have been by January 1, 2016 had the 2003 legislature not repealed a cost of living adjustment enacted with broad public support in 2002. The increase is phased in over two years (to \$8.75 January 1, 2015 and to \$9.75 January 1, 2016, with cost of living adjustment annually after that) to accommodate employers of low-wage workers in adjusting to the increase.

The initiative bill also reaffirms the long-standing ban on counting employee tips toward meeting an employer's obligation to pay the full minimum wage to tipped employees.

Studies have shown that over 75% of Alaskan workers earning minimum wage are adults. While critics claim that increasing the minimum wage has a negative impact on job opportunities for youth, studies have found the effect, if any, to be minor. In fact, under current Alaska law, which the proposed initiative would not change, workers under the age of 18 who work no more than 30 hours per week are exempted from the Alaska minimum wage and fall under the federal minimum wage law only.

In Alaska, approximately 30,000 workers at or near the minimum wage who would benefit from this measure are employed in seafood processing, hotels, restaurants and food service, child care, as cashiers and delivery drivers, and in other low-paying occupations.

Alaska Needs a Raise!

Ed Flanagan, Former Commissioner of Labor

Tom Cashen, Former Commissioner of Labor

Jim Sampson, Former Commissioner of Labor and Mayor of the Fairbanks North Star Borough

### Alaskans for a Fair Minimum Wage

[www.AlaskaNeedsaRaise.org](http://www.AlaskaNeedsaRaise.org)

[akfairwage@gmail.com](mailto:akfairwage@gmail.com)

907-790-3931

*The statement printed on this page is the opinion of the author(s) and is presented as submitted to the Division of Elections.*

# Ballot Measure No. 3

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## An Act to Increase Alaska's Minimum Wage

### STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION

Make no mistake, should Proposition 3 pass, it would have two immediate effects—but not the ones supporters would have you believe.

First, teenage unemployment will increase over time, reducing their chances of getting valuable work experience; second, the ability of low-skilled workers to earn income, especially those assisting seniors with errands and chores around the house, would be drastically cut—harming two groups of people at once.

In fact, more than those earning below it, the only potential beneficiaries of Proposition 3 are likely to be families earning at least three times the poverty level, making a minimum-wage increase a lousy anti-poverty initiative.

These results are not a matter of speculation, but economic patterns that have followed every increase in the minimum wage. It's vital voters know the truth about the minimum wage:

- 99 percent of all hourly wage workers in Alaska (all but 2,000 people) already earn above the minimum wage (2012, latest data available).
- More than 50 percent of minimum-wage workers are under age 24, so raising the rate removes the first rung up the economic ladder of life for young adults, as business owners are forced to cut back on hiring in order to meet the cost increase
- After the last federal increase in the minimum wage, one-half million teenage jobs disappeared following six months, and that was in a period of economic recovery when more jobs should be available.
- The average annual family income of those earning the minimum wage (nationally in 2009) was over \$48,000.
- Significantly more people earning at least three times the poverty level will benefit as those living beneath it.
- 83 percent of minimum wage earners are teenagers living with working parents, adults living alone, or dual income couple.

Prop. 3 supporters point to Washington state as an example Alaska should follow. In 2013, both states had similar unemployment rates—6.5 percent in Alaska, and 7 percent in Washington. But for young adults ages 16 to 19, the situation was much different. In Alaska, where the minimum wage is \$7.75 an hour, teen unemployment was 17.5 percent. In Washington state, where the minimum wage is \$9.32 an hour and rises every year because of indexing to inflation, the teen unemployment rate was an astounding 30.6 percent.

What happens when minimum wages rise too high? Remember filling station attendants. How about baggers in grocery stores? Or, for older people, ushers in movie theatres. All have been eliminated. Technology may do the same for today's minimum wage jobs. Placing orders through touch screens and the self-checkout is growing in Alaska. Losing these jobs means losing the bottom rung on the career ladder and fewer opportunities for the people who used to fill those jobs.

Asks economist William J. Dennis, who has studied small business and the minimum wage for 40 years: "Employers want experienced workers. How do you get experience when you price people out of the market in the first place?"

National Federation of Independent Business/Alaska  
Douglas Murray, P.E.  
PeggyAnn McConnochie  
Kevin Turkington

# Ballot Measure No. 3

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## An Act to Increase Alaska's Minimum Wage

### FULL TEXT OF PROPOSED LAW

**“An Act increasing the Alaska minimum wage to \$8.75 per hour effective January 1, 2015, \$9.75 per hour effective January 1, 2016 and thereafter adjusted annually for inflation.”**

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

#### Section 1. Findings and Declaration

The people of the State of Alaska find and declare that:

- (a) An increase in Alaska's minimum wage will help ensure a minimum standard of living for the health and well being of every Alaskan,
- (b) Alaskans working full-time at the current minimum wage earn far below the federal poverty level for a family of three,
- (c) The U.S. West Coast states of Washington, Oregon, and California already have a higher minimum wage than the State of Alaska,
- (d) A fair minimum wage indexed to the cost of living will help low-income workers keep pace with inflation.

#### Section 2. Purpose

The purpose and intent of enacting this legislation is to raise Alaska's minimum wage to \$8.75 per hour effective January 1, 2015, \$9.75 per hour effective January 1, 2016, and thereafter adjusted annually for inflation.

#### Section 3. AS 23.10.065(a) is repealed and reenacted to read:

(a) Except as otherwise provided for in law, an employer shall pay to each employee a minimum wage, as established herein, for hours worked in a pay period, whether the work is measured by time, piece, commission or otherwise. An employer may not apply tips or gratuities bestowed upon employees as a credit toward payment of the minimum hourly wage required by this section. Tip credit as defined by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 as amended does not apply to the minimum wage established by this section. Beginning with the passage of this Act, the minimum wage shall be \$8.75 per hour effective January 1, 2015, \$9.75 per hour effective January 1, 2016 and thereafter adjusted annually for inflation. The adjustment shall be calculated each September 30, for the proceeding January-December calendar year, by the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, using 100 percent of the rate of inflation based on the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the Anchorage metropolitan area, compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor; the department shall round the adjusted minimum hourly wage up to the nearest one cent; the adjusted minimum hourly wage shall apply to work performed beginning on January 1 through December 31 of the year for which it is effective.

**Section 4.** If the minimum wage determined under Section 3 is less than one dollar over the federal minimum wage, the Alaska minimum wage shall be set at one dollar over the federal minimum wage. This amount shall be adjusted in subsequent years by the method established in Section 3.

# Ballot Measure No. 4

## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

### BALLOT LANGUAGE

**Ballot Measure No. 4 – 12BBAY**  
**An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve**

This bill would require the legislature to approve future large-scale metallic sulfide mines in the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve (BBFR) by passing a law. The law would have to find that any proposed mine would not endanger the BBFR fishery. The approval would be in addition to any other required permits or authorizations. The bill defines “large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation” as “a specific mining proposal to extract metals, including gold and copper, from sulfide-bearing rock and that would directly disturb 640 or more acres of land.” The bill lets the Department of Natural Resources adopt regulations.

The bill would make findings. The bill’s findings would be that the legislature found the BBFR important by creating it in 1972; that the bill’s protections are necessary; that protecting the waters and wild salmon of the BBFR is of statewide interest based on the region’s fisheries, economic benefits, cultural heritage, and unique wild salmon resources; and that metallic sulfide mining may harm these interests because mines can produce toxins and pollutants. The bill intends the legislature to approve any large-scale metallic sulfide mine in the BBFR or which could adversely affect its watershed.

The bill would apply only to large-scale metallic sulfide mines in the BBFR that lack all required permits, licenses, or approvals before the bill’s effective date.

Should this initiative become law?

☐ Yes    ☐ No

### LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY SUMMARY

The Act requires legislative approval of certain mines. The Act applies only to mines larger than 640 acres in the watershed of the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve. The Act applies only to mines that extract metal from sulfur bearing rock. The legislature must find that a mine is not a danger to the Bristol Bay fishery to approve it. The Act has findings that explain the intent of the Act. The Act allows the Department of Natural Resources to adopt regulations. The Act applies only to mines that do not have all required permits, licenses, or approvals before the Act’s effective date.

### STATEMENT OF COSTS



# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

**Prepared by the Alaska Department of Natural Resources and the Alaska Department of Law:**

As required by AS 15.45.090(a) (4), the Alaska Departments of Natural Resources and Law have prepared the following statement of costs to the State of Alaska to implement the law proposed by this ballot initiative.

The ballot initiative would require legislative approval of any proposed large scale metallic sulfide mining operations “that would directly disturb 640 acres or more of land” where those proposed projects are located within the watershed of the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve. Any authorization by the Legislature “shall take the form of a duly enacted law finding that the proposed large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation will not constitute danger to the fishery within the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve.”

If the initiative is approved by the voters, a legislative process and passing a law that has a specific finding will be additional requirements to the current permitting regime for a specific type of mining operation in the watershed of the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve. The additional requirements would apply retroactively to large-scale metallic sulfide mining operations that have not received all necessary authorizations, licenses, permits, or approved plans of operation before the effective date of the initiative.

There is insufficient detail in the initiative to identify all costs that may be associated with implementing this step to the permitting regime. This represents an estimate of the State’s costs and the actual costs are likely to be different.

The estimates are as of December 2012 and do not reflect inflationary increases that are likely to occur during the number of years it may take for a large scale mine to complete the current state permitting regime and then be submitted to the Legislature for review and approval.

The estimate excludes litigation expenses; expenses that the legislature may or may not incur associated with additional items of examination outside of existing permits or authorizations, and potential revenue impacts to the State from delayed or lost taxes and royalties.

The Alaska Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Office of Project Management and Permitting (OPMP) coordinates the review of larger scale projects in the State. It is assumed that a potential project as defined by the initiative would benefit from a single primary point of contact and would utilize OPMP.

Assuming that the initiative does not require additional findings, standards, or requirements in addition to those already in place under State permitting regulations, there would be no additional costs to state agencies associated with permitting a project of the scope and scale as described in the initiative. However, in the year in which a final authorization for a project would come before a legislature, it is assumed that there would be legislative hearings, and that DNR and other permitting agencies would be asked to provide their expertise on pertinent subjects or the permitting process in general. It is assumed that the role of the State agencies would be to explain their permitting

# Ballot Measure No. 4

## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

decisions, not to advise the Legislature, to ensure proper separation of powers.

In anticipation of legislative hearings, agencies would prepare and package pertinent documents and the OPMP project coordinator would compile and coordinate documents and staff presentations that encompass all relevant permitting decisions. The OPMP coordinator would represent DNR at the legislative hearings and serve as the lead liaison between the legislature and state agencies. Compiling the pertinent materials and coordination of the effort during the legislative session is estimated to cost a minimum of \$70,000. Those costs are broken down as follows: personal services \$52,000; travel \$14,000; and supplies and materials \$4,000.

The Department of Law (Law) estimates the costs associated with the legislative process to be a minimum of \$50,000, associated with advising agencies in the following areas: processing public records requests; legislative review; process and hearing documents; and agency regulations review and revisions.

The above cost estimates represent a minimum cost given the numerous uncertainties regarding the timing of the legislative review, the lack of criteria in the initiative upon which a legislative determination is to be made, and the potential impact to State revenue should the legislature deny a permit for a large scale mine.

### Estimate of Costs to the State of Alaska for the Implementation of the Bristol Bay Forever Initiative – AS 15.45.090 (a) (4) Prepared by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor and the Division of Elections

#### Division of Elections Cost Statement:

The minimum cost to the Division of Elections associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition, excluding legal costs to the state and the costs to the state of any challenge to the validity of the petition, is estimated to be \$71,257. This statement is required under AS 15.45.090(a) (3).

Elections estimate by category

Total	\$71,257
Personal Services	\$69,957
Expenses associated with certification of the initiative application and review of the initiative petition:	
Three full-time employees at 522 hours is \$29,200	
8 temporary employees at 2520 hours is \$40,757	
Services	\$ 1,300
Printing of booklets is \$1,300	

#### Lt. Governor’s Office Cost statement

Assuming the initiative is placed on the ballot, the minimum cost to conduct public hearings

# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

concerning the initiative in two communities in each of four judicial districts is estimated to be \$9,000. This statement is required under 15.45.195.

Lt. Governor’s Office estimate by category

Total	\$ 9,000
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Travel	\$ 9,000
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Estimated costs include round-trip air transportation, per diem and other associated travel costs for the Lieutenant Governor and staff to travel to seven communities in Alaska: It is assumed one of the hearings would be in Anchorage which would not involve travel costs.

# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

### STATEMENT IN SUPPORT

**Ballot Measure 4 is necessary to protect Bristol Bay salmon from the harmful effects of large-scale mining—VOTE YES**

This measure will require large-scale mines to meet the standard that has applied to oil and gas exploration for 40 years—avoiding irreparable harm to vital Bristol Bay fisheries.

#### **Bristol Bay's importance—**

Bristol Bay, with its many rivers, lakes, and streams, produces wild salmon on a scale and of a quality unmatched by any other place on Earth. Bristol Bay's annual production of 31 million sockeye salmon amounts to one-third of the world's supply. It is the world's largest and most valuable wild salmon fishery. Unlike other salmon-producing regions, this fishery is 100% wild and has never been supported by hatchery-grown fish. It is truly a one-of-a-kind region.

Bristol Bay salmon are critical to Alaska's economy. The sport and commercial fisheries support 10,000 jobs—with an annual economic impact in Alaska between \$318 and \$578 million—nationwide, that impact is \$1.5 billion.

Thousands of local residents depend on the annual salmon run to support their way of life, as it has for generations.

Bristol Bay's fishery can continue to provide economic and cultural benefits far into the future if Ballot Measure 4 is passed.

#### **The Fisheries Reserve—**

In 1972, the Alaska Legislature created the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve. The watershed of the Reserve includes critical rivers and streams and portions of two national parks and one state park. Ballot Measure 4 would affect only about 5% of Alaska's total area.

To protect the Reserve, the legislature inserted one additional step for oil and gas developers seeking drilling permits in the region—the developers had to demonstrate that their activities would not endanger the Reserve's salmon, and the economy dependent upon them.

If the developers met their burden, the elected representatives of Alaskans (*and not* unelected bureaucrats) would authorize the activity. To this day, the Reserve is the only one in Alaska.

Ballot Measure 4 simply takes that same standard—a standard that has applied to oil and gas activities for 40 years—and applies it to large-scale metallic sulfide mining.

#### **Protecting Bristol Bay for future generations—**

Large-scale metallic sulfide mining in Bristol Bay is currently being pursued in the form of Pebble Mine. Mining of this type produces chemicals that could harm the surrounding waters in a manner uniquely toxic to salmon. Such mining would also require massive amounts of such toxic substances to be stored in or near the Reserve forever. No mine of Pebble's size has ever been developed without polluting the surrounding groundwater.

Given that mining of this type is being proposed in the heart of the world's greatest salmon-producing watersheds, it is vital that Alaskans vote yes on Ballot Measure 4 to protect the Fishery.

If a project will not endanger Bristol Bay, then Ballot Measure 4 will not stop it. However, the measure provides a necessary safeguard against any project that would destroy a priceless resource.

#### **VOTE YES on Ballot Measure 4—VOTE YES for salmon.**

Christina Salmon – subsistence user/Bristol Bay resident  
Mark Niver – oilfield worker/commercial fisherman  
John H. Holman – small business owner/lodge operator

*The statement printed on this page is the opinion of the author(s) and is presented as submitted to the Division of Elections.*

# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

### STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION

The Bristol Bay Forever initiative would politicize Alaska's highly professional and successful permitting process; your **“NO”** vote in opposition to the initiative is important to allow the established process to move forward responsibly. The initiative is crafted to stop the Pebble mine in Southwest Alaska; it will not, but will delay the permitting process for that project and others that could be discovered in that area. It will undoubtedly be used by those intending to stop responsible development in Alaska at many other projects as the process creeps to other areas. Alaskans have strong opinions about the Pebble project, but the ballot box is not the place to make those development decisions. A **“no”** vote would retain responsible development decisions to the specialists who are highly qualified to carry the process forward while a “yes” vote would create very bad public policy. Our government works on a separation of powers principle; adoption of this initiative would compromise this doctrine.

My experience, having worked with the Office of Project Management and Permitting (OPMP) within the Department of Natural Resources, indicates that this group and contributing agencies are a very credible and professional. They take their roles and the statutes that they uphold and administer very seriously. The OPMP coordinates the permitting process within the state for large mine projects. The process developed by this agency and its conduct are among the world leaders in responsible development permitting. Other agencies involved in the process include Departments of Natural Resources, Environmental Conservation, Fish & Game, Labor and Workforce Development, Transportation, Commerce, and others; various federal agencies, including EPA, and the Corps of Engineers further contribute to the process.

The initiative presents a very serious question about the separation of powers doctrine between the administrative and legislative branches of our government. Our system is set up to have checks and balances between the branches of government. This initiative attempts to give the legislative branch an unequal level of authority in decisions regarding resource development. **YOUR “NO VOTE” IS URGED!** To deny/restrict/overview/question by the legislature is not responsible, and is very bad policy - do you consider that the legislature is more qualified to make important resource development decisions than the highly trained and professional administrators and regulators?

Please vote no on Ballot Measure 4.

Richard A. Hughes, Managing Partner, H2T Mine Engineering Services

# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

### FULL TEXT OF PROPOSED LAW

#### FOR AN ACT PROVIDING FOR PROTECTION OF BRISTOL BAY WILD SALMON AND WATERS WITHIN OR FLOWING INTO THE EXISTING 1972 BRISTOL BAY FISHERIES RESERVE

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Alaska:

**Section 1.** AS 38.05, is amended by adding a new section to read:

**Sec. 38.05.142. Legislative approval required for certain large scale mines.**

(a) In addition to permits and authorizations otherwise required by law, a final authorization must be obtained from the legislature for a large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation located within the watershed of the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve designated in AS 38.05.140(f). This authorization shall take the form of a duly enacted law finding that the proposed large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation will not constitute danger to the fishery within the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve.

(b) The commissioner may adopt regulations under AS 44.62 to implement this section.

(c) In this section, “large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation” means a specific mining proposal to extract metals, including gold and copper, from sulfide-bearing rock and that would directly disturb 640 or more acres of land.

**Section 2.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a section to read:

**The People of Alaska find as follows:**

(1) In 1972, the Alaska Legislature recognized the statewide importance of this region by establishing the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve to protect the salmon fisheries of the region by requiring legislative approval of permits to develop oil and gas leases within the Reserve;

(2) Given the recognized statewide importance of the Reserve, and given the potential of metallic sulfide mining to adversely affect and pollute the waters of the Reserve the people of Alaska believe that certain large scale mining projects must live up to the same standards that have been applied to oil and gas development within the Reserve since 1972;

(3) The Bristol Bay region of Alaska, including its multiple rivers, lakes, and streams, is a wild salmon producing region of statewide interest because the various fisheries in the region (a) feed and employ residents from across the state; (b)

# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

provide important statewide economic benefits; (c) produce one-third of the world's wild sockeye salmon supply.

(4) For thousands of years, the wild salmon of the Bristol Bay watersheds have sustained the subsistence and cultural lifestyles of Alaska Natives in many parts of Alaska;

(5) The wild salmon of Bristol Bay and its watersheds also supply vital and growing sport and commercial fishing industries which provide important statewide economic benefits;

(6) The genetic diversity of the distinct salmon populations in the region is one of the primary reasons the wild salmon of the region are resilient and have remained abundant. Accordingly, each individual salmon population is an integral and irreplaceable part of the overall resource;

(7) As wild salmon resources decline worldwide, the value to Alaska of Bristol Bay's wild salmon resources continues to grow. The increasing value of this extraordinary and unique resource to all citizens of Alaska warrants additional protective measures for the wild salmon in the waters that drain into the waters of the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve;

(8) Metallic sulfide mining has the potential to adversely affect salmon resources because the byproducts of such mining can adversely alter the chemistry of waters inhabited by salmon during their lives and can have very serious consequences on the survival of individual salmon populations, subspecies and species. Accordingly, it is a matter of statewide public interest to ensure that the world's greatest wild salmon producing watersheds are protected from pollution and toxic materials and particularly effects uniquely associated with large-scale sulfide mining;

(9) The protective measures of this Act are reasonably based on the need to safeguard the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve. The facts, evidence and reasoning upon which the Alaska Legislature based its creation of the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve in 1972 also support the need for the protective measures of this Act; and

(10) It is the intent of this Act to require legislative approval of any large-scale metallic sulfide mining operation within the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve, or which has the potential to adversely affect any anadromous waters within the reserve.

**Section 3.** The uncoded law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:

AS 38.05.142, as enacted by section 2 of this Act, applies only to large-scale metallic sulfide

*The text of this bill is presented as submitted by petition sponsors.*

# Ballot Measure No. 4

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## An Act Providing for Protection of Bristol Bay Wild Salmon and Waters Within or Flowing Into the Existing 1972 Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve

mining operations that have not received all necessary authorizations, licenses, permits, or approved plans of operation before the effective date of this Act. The legislative action required in AS 38.05.142(a) does not apply to an existing mining operation in the state or a mine that does not affect the watershed described in AS 38.05.142(a).

**Section 4.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:

It is the intention of the people of Alaska that the provisions of AS 38.05.142, as enacted, are independent and severable, and if any provisions of AS 38.05.142 shall be held to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of AS 38.05.142 shall not be affected and shall be given effect to the fullest extent possible.

**Section 5. Effective Date.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:

This Act takes effect 90 days after enactment.



# **Judicial Retention Candidates**

**Vote!  
November 4**

<b>Supreme Court</b>
Justice Stowers
Shall Craig Stowers be retained as Justice of the Supreme Court for ten years?
<input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
<b>First Judicial District Superior Court</b>
Judge Menendez
Shall Louis J. Menendez be retained as Judge of the Superior Court for six years?
<input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
<b>First Judicial District District Court</b>
Judge Miller
Shall Kevin G. Miller be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?
<input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO

Sample Ballot

<p align="center"><b>Supreme Court</b></p>	<p align="center">Judge Motyka</p> <p>Shall Gregory J. Motyka be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>
<p align="center">Justice Stowers</p> <p>Shall Craig Stowers be retained as Justice of the Supreme Court for ten years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>	<p align="center">Judge Rhoades</p> <p>Shall Stephanie Rhoades be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>
<p align="center"><b>Third Judicial District Superior Court</b></p>	<p align="center">Judge Guidi</p> <p>Shall Andrew Guidi be retained as Judge of the Superior Court for six years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>
<p align="center">Judge Miller</p> <p>Shall Gregory A. Miller be retained as Judge of the Superior Court for six years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>	<p align="center">Judge Wolfe</p> <p>Shall John W. Wolfe be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>
<p align="center">Judge Chung</p> <p>Shall Jo-Ann M. Chung be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>	Empty section for the right column
<p align="center"><b>Third Judicial District District Court</b></p>	
<p align="center">Judge Clark</p> <p>Shall Brian K. Clark be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>	
<p align="center">Judge Estelle</p> <p>Shall William L. Estelle be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>	
<p align="center">Judge Illsley</p> <p>Shall Sharon A.S. Illsley be retained as Judge of the District Court for four years?</p> <p align="center"> <input type="radio"/> YES         <input type="radio"/> NO       </p>	

FRONT Card 2 SEQ# 1 English

# Judges on the Ballot

## Alaska Judicial Council Evaluation and Recommendations

### Why do judges appear on the ballot?

The Alaska Constitution and state law requires all state judges to appear periodically on the ballot for approval or disapproval by the voters. This power and duty of the people to vote whether to retain judges is a critical part of Alaska’s merit selection-retention judicial system.

### What information is available about judges on the ballot?

Voters sometimes feel they do not have enough information to vote on judges. To help voters make informed choices, the Alaska Judicial Council is required by law to evaluate the performance of sitting judges who are up for retention, and to make this information available to voters. The Alaska Judicial Council publishes its information in this Election Pamphlet, and on its web site at: [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### How are judges chosen in Alaska?

Under the Alaska Constitution, the **selection** of judges is a two-part process involving the Alaska Judicial Council and the governor. The Alaska Judicial Council, a non-partisan citizens’ commission, first reviews applications of people who want to be judges, and nominates the best-qualified among them. The governor then appoints a judge from the list of nominees.

**Retention Election.** After appointment, each judge must appear on the ballot in order to remain in office.

The framers of our constitution thus provided Alaskans with a non-partisan, merit-based system of judicial selection, and a retention election that ensures judges remain accountable to the public.

### What judicial qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated judges’ integrity, diligence, legal ability, fairness, demeanor, case management skills, and overall performance of their duties in and out of the courtroom. For the 2014 retention, the Judicial Council compiled and analyzed the experiences of thousands of Alaskans who have appeared before, observed, or worked with the judges.

### What are the Alaska Judicial Council recommendations for judges on the 2014 ballot?

#### Vote “YES” to Retain

Alaska Supreme Court, Craig F. Stowers  
Juneau Superior Court, Louis James Menendez  
Ketchikan District Court, Kevin G. Miller  
Kotzebue Superior Court, Paul Roetman  
Anchorage Superior Court Judge Andrew Guidi  
Anchorage Superior Court, Gregory Miller

Anchorage District Court, Jo-Ann M. Chung  
Anchorage District Court, Brian K. Clark  
Anchorage District Court, Gregory Motyka  
Anchorage District Court, Stephanie Rhoades  
Kenai District Court, Sharon A.S. Illsley  
Palmer District Court, John W. Wolfe

#### Vote “NO” to Retain

Palmer District Court, William L. Estelle

Please review the following pages for more details about the recommendation on each judge.

**How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate the judges on the 2014 ballot?**

- Surveys: The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans, including peace and probation officers, court employees, attorneys, jurors, and social services professionals.
- Public Hearings & Public Comment: The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing, solicited comments about judges on its web site, and accepted comments from the public.
- Review of Other Information: The Judicial Council reviewed conflict of interest statements filed with the Alaska Public Offices Commission, and separate forms filed with the court system. It reviewed court personnel records. It researched whether any salary warrants were withheld for untimely decisions and whether any disciplinary matters came before the Alaska Commission on Judicial Conduct. The Judicial Council analyzed the number of peremptory challenges filed against a judge, and the number of times the judge’s decisions were reversed on appeal. The Judicial Council reviewed information from an independent group of community-based volunteer court observers, the Alaska Judicial Observers.
- Considered Judges’ Self-Assessments: The Judicial Council invited each judge to assess his or her own performance over his or her most recent term.
- Questioned Attorneys with Recent Experience: The Council invited attorneys who had recently litigated a case before each judge to provide detailed observations about the judge’s performance in that case.

**What is the Alaska Judicial Council?**

- The Alaska Constitution sets the membership of the Judicial Council:  
Three non-attorney members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by a majority of each house of the Alaska Legislature,  
Three attorneys appointed by the Board of Governors of the Alaska Bar Association, an entity created and authorized by the Alaska Legislature,  
and  
the Chief Justice of the Alaska Supreme Court who serves as chair. (The Chief Justice does not vote unless his or her vote can affect an outcome.)
- The Constitution requires all appointments be made with “due consideration to area representation and without regard to political affiliation.”
- Members serve staggered terms. They receive no financial compensation for their work other than reimbursement for travel expenses.

**Alaska Judicial Council Members**

**Kathleen Tomkins-Miller** is from Fairbanks. She is a schoolteacher and has been a resident of Alaska for 18 years.

**Julie Willoughby** is a second-generation Alaskan from Juneau. She is an attorney in private practice who has practiced law since 1998.

**Ken Kreitzer** is from Juneau. He has more than 27 years of public safety experience, including work as an airport safety officer, corrections officer, firefighter, EMT, police officer, and court security officer.

**Aimee Oravec** lives in Fairbanks. She has practiced law since 1998.

**Dave Parker** is a retired Anchorage police officer who served for 17 years as a detective and public information officer. He is a former teacher and pastor.

**Jim Torgerson** is from Anchorage. He has practiced law there for almost 30 years.

**Go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com) for more information about the judges on the 2014 ballot.**

# Supreme Court Judge

## Craig Stowers



**MAILING ADDRESS:** Boney Courthouse  
303 K Street – Fifth Floor  
Anchorage, AK 99501-2083

**AGE:** 60

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Daytona Beach, FL

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Monique

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 37 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Denali National Park 1977-1982

Juneau 1985-1986

Anchorage 1986-2014

**EDUCATION:**

Blackburn College (B.A –1975)

Police Academy (Certificate – 1976)

University of California – Davis School of Law  
(J.D –1985)

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Park Ranger-US National Park Service, Colonial National Historical Park, Denali National Park (1975-1982); Law Clerk: Judge Robert Boochever, US Court of Appeals (9th Circuit, Juneau) (1985-1986); Law Clerk: Justice Warren Matthews, Alaska Supreme Court (1986-1987); Superior Court Judge (2004-2009); Alaska Supreme Court Justice (2009-2014)

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Attorney/Partner:

Atkinson, Conway & Gagnon (1987-1995)

Clapp, Peterson & Stowers (1995-2004)

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Commissioner, Uniform Law Commission; Fellow, American Bar Foundation; American Judicature Society; Alaska Bar Association; Christian Health Associates (Board President); Alaska Natural History Association (past Board President); Brother Francis Shelter (past Board member)

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

History, theology, cooking and barbeque

**OTHER:**

Alaska Court System: CINA and Delinquency Rules Committee (Chair); Alaska CINA Court Improvement Committee; Appellate Rules Committee; Judicial Education Committee

**STATEMENT:**

It has been a privilege and an honor to serve the people of Alaska as a supreme court justice for the past five years and before that for five years as a superior court judge in Anchorage. I will continue to give 100% of my ability and best effort to be the kind of supreme court justice you expect and deserve – a judge of integrity, who is committed to equal justice under the law for all; a judge who will apply the rule of law without regard to personal views; a judge who will be completely prepared for every case, listen carefully to all views, be patient, be fair and impartial to all; a judge who will work diligently with an unflagging work ethic and commitment to public service; a judge who will dissent when convinced that the court has reached an incorrect or unjust decision; a judge who respects the Constitution and understands that the court's role under the Constitution is not to act as a "super legislature" but is instead to faithfully interpret and apply the law. With respect and humility, I ask that you vote to retain me as a justice on the Alaska Supreme Court.

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Justice Craig F. Stowers, Alaska Supreme Court

The Judicial Council finds Justice Stowers to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Justice Stowers's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Justice Stowers?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Justice Stowers, including attorneys and court employees. Peace officers and jurors were not surveyed because they do not appear before the Alaska Supreme Court.

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Justice Stowers's performance, including any civil or criminal litigation involving the justice,

APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the justice, whether Justice Stowers's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Justice Stowers's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges and solicited feedback on its website.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Justice Stowers?

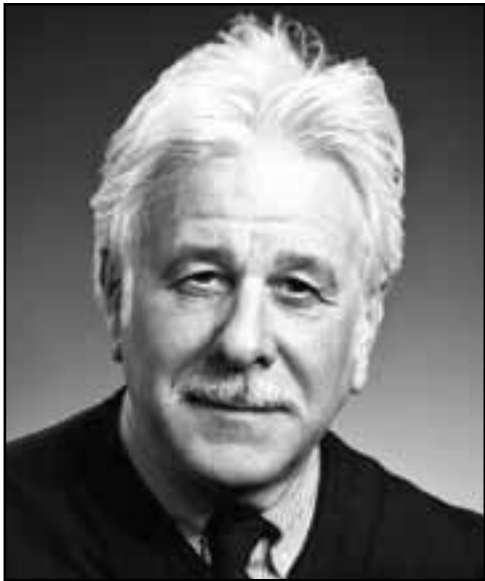
(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	174	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.3
Court Employees	54	----	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.4

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Justice Stowers**

# Superior Court Judge

## Louis J. Menendez, First Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** P.O. Box 114100  
Juneau, Alaska 99811-4100

**EMAIL:** lmenendez@courts.state.ak.us

**AGE:** 66

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Carmel, California

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Pilar

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 34

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Anchorage, Kodiak, Ketchikan, Kotzebue, Dillingham, Juneau

**EDUCATION:**  
Monterey High School, Diploma (1966)  
Monterey Peninsula College (1967)  
San Jose State University, BA (1970)  
Hastings College of the Law, University of California, JD (1974)  
School of Law, Graduate Program, New York University, LL.M (1976)  
Tisch School of Art (Film), New York University, Certificate (Summer 1986)  
San Francisco City College (Spring 1986)

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Alaska Judicial Council, Research Attorney (Anchorage)  
Assistant District Attorney (Anchorage, Kodiak, Ketchikan, Kotzebue, Juneau)  
Assistant Federal Public Defender (Laredo, Texas)  
District Attorney (Dillingham)  
Alaska Judicial Council, Attorney Member  
Superior Court Judge (Juneau)

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
Alaska Supreme Court Fairness and Diversity Committee  
Alaska Supreme Court Security and Emergency Preparedness Committee  
Private Law Practice (Juneau)

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Anchorage Bar Association  
Juneau Bar Association

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Family, friends, reading, film, cooking.

**STATEMENT:**  
I have had the privilege of serving on the Juneau Superior Court bench for the past three years.

Every day I look forward to coming to work, doing my best to listen carefully, to speak to everyone with respect, and to decide cases fairly and impartially based on the facts and the law.

The American courthouse is where we as a people meet and try to settle our disputes. Because a judge's decision can have serious consequences, I try to see each case as the most significant experience for that person, with an effect lasting long after that day in court. I listen carefully to each person's argument, completely reviewing the facts and the law, working to resolve the dispute with a correct, just finding.

This position has given me the most difficult and meaningful work in my life and I will always be grateful for the opportunity. I love the job and the work. If retained I will continue to commit myself to serving the people of Juneau and Southeast Alaska.

*The views expressed in this statement are from the candidate and not endorsed by the Division of Elections.  
The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*



# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Louis James Menendez, Juneau Superior Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Menendez to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Menendez's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Menendez?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Menendez, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Menendez's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Menendez's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Menendez's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Menendez?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	79	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.3
Peace Officers	19	----	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.7
Jurors	24	----	4.8	----	4.9	----	4.8
Court Employees	34	----	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Menendez**

# District Court Judge

## Kevin G. Miller, First Judicial District



**STATEMENT:**

I have had the privilege of serving the people of Southeast Alaska as a District Court Judge for the past 15 years.

Judges have a duty as part of an independent branch of government to inspire confidence in our judicial system. I am committed to inspiring this confidence by treating every person with respect and courtesy, providing them a fair and impartial opportunity to be heard, and making a decision based on each case's unique facts and the law.

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 415 Main Street, Rm 400  
Ketchikan, AK 99901

**AGE:** 52

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Wheatland, Wyoming

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Janette

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Ellis and Alec

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 48 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Ketchikan 1966-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
Ketchikan High School: 1976-1980  
Gonzaga University: 1980-1984  
McGeorge School of Law: 1985-1988

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
District Court Judge 1999-Present

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**  
Private Law Practice 1988-1999

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Ketchikan and Alaska Bar Associations

*The views expressed in this statement are from the candidate and not endorsed by the Division of Elections.  
The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Kevin G. Miller, Ketchikan District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Kevin Miller to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Miller's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Miller?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Miller, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Miller's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Miller's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Miller's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Kevin Miller?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	49	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.2
Peace Officers	14	----	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.9
Jurors	39	----	4.9	----	4.9	----	4.9
Court Employees	31	----	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.9

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Miller**

# Superior Court Judge

## Andrew Guidi, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** Anchorage Superior Court  
825 W. 4th Avenue  
Anchorage, AK 99501

**EMAIL:** aguidi@courts.state.ak.us

**AGE:** 57

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Sacramento, CA

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Cynthia L. Ducey

**CHILDREN’S NAMES:** Elena and Marisa

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 32 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Juneau (June-December, 1981)  
Anchorage (1982-present)

**EDUCATION:**

Lodi High School, Lodi, CA (1975)  
San Joaquin Delta College, Stockton, CA (1975-1977)  
University of California, Davis (BA History 1979)  
University of California, Los Angeles (JD 1982)

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Superior Court Law Clerk, Hon. Daniel A. Moore, Jr.  
(1982-1983)  
Superior Court Judge (September 2010)

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Private Practice with Delaney, Wiles, Inc. (1983-2010)

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

CINA Court Improvement Committee  
CINA Development Committee  
Court E-Filing Committee

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Cycling, old movies, Italian food and language

**Other:**

My parents came from post-war Italy to America in the early 1950s. My sister is an award-winning elementary school teacher; one brother is a dentist in Sacramento and the youngest is an engineer in Colorado.

**STATEMENT:**

As John Adams said, “We are a government of laws, and not of men.” There can, therefore, be no more important public obligation than to be entrusted by the citizens of Alaska with the duty of fairly, faithfully and impartially applying the law as a judge. In response to this trust, I have been and will continue to be committed to deciding each case fairly and impartially according to the law, and I will continue to work hard in order to decide each case in a timely manner and explain the reasons for my decisions. With respect to the court system as a whole, I support multiple ongoing efforts to adopt improvements, such as moving toward more flexible courthouse hours and electronic filing and case management systems.

It is a privilege and honor to serve the citizens of Alaska as a Superior Court Judge. If retained, I will continue to do my best to deserve their trust.

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Andrew Guidi, Anchorage Superior Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Guidi to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Guidi's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Guidi?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Guidi, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Guidi's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Guidi's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Guidi's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Guidi?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	136	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.5
Peace Officers	2	----	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.0	3.0
Jurors	12	----	4.9	----	5.0	----	4.8
Court Employees	38	----	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Guidi**

# Superior Court Judge

## Gregory A. Miller, Third Judicial District



**AGE:** 61

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Long Beach, California

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Nancy Meade

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Adam, Chloe (both adults)

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 27 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:** Anchorage

### EDUCATION:

Sonora High School, 1967-71, high school diploma; Fullerton College, 1971-74 (A.A. in police science); Portland State University (1980; Reed College, 1981-84 (B.A. in political science); Northeastern University School of Law (1984-87, J.D.)

### POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:

Superior Court Judge, 2011-present

### BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:

Partner in private law firm (Birch, Horton, Bittner and Cherot) until becoming a judge in 2011; New Judge Training Committee, Alaska Bar Association (member of Attorney Disciplinary, Fee Arbitration and Mediation Committees)

### SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:

Prior board member of Women's Gold Nugget Triathlon, Aquarian Charter School, Frontier Charter School, and American Cancer Society.

### SPECIAL INTERESTS:

Flying (flight instructor, including instrument and multi-engine instructor); fishing; triathlons.

### STATEMENT:

I have been honored to be able to serve the Anchorage community as a superior court judge since February 2011. I've consistently tried to conduct all the hearings before me in a fair and understandable manner, and to make sure I listen to each person's position, to apply the law neutrally to their situation and as passed by the legislature, and to treat all the parties who appear in the courtroom with respect and dignity. I try hard to make sure that parties understand what is being said and what their next steps should be, especially parties who are representing themselves. I also take pride in giving my decisions as quickly and with as much explanation as possible, because I know that waiting for a ruling can be stressful and difficult for parties.

I have travelled to other court locations for hearings and trials; I am always pleased to do this because I also enjoy getting to know the people and communities outside Anchorage. I will continue to volunteer for those cases, so that the important issues and conflicts affecting Alaskans outside the urban centers are resolved carefully, promptly, and justly.

I very much appreciate and enjoy the privilege of serving as a judge, and look forward to expanding my reach by continuing to provide impartial and timely decisions in every case that comes before me.

*The views expressed in this statement are from the candidate and not endorsed by the Division of Elections.  
The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Gregory Miller, Anchorage Superior Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Gregory Miller to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Miller's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Miller?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Miller, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Miller's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Miller's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Miller's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Gregory Miller?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	96	3.8	3.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.9
Peace Officers	13	----	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.5
Jurors	73	----	4.9	----	5.0	----	5.0
Court Employees	34	----	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.4

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Gregory Miller**

# District Court Judge

## Jo-Ann M. Chung, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** 825 W. Fourth Avenue  
Anchorage, AK 99501

**AGE:** 47

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Cambridge, MA

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** James Adam Bartlett

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 20 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Kenai 1995-1996  
Anchorage 1994-1995; 1996 to present

**EDUCATION:**  
Fairfield University, B.A. 1989  
Northeastern School of Law, J.D. 1994

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Assistant Public Defender 1995-1996  
Assistant Attorney General 1996-2001  
Assistant Municipal Prosecutor 2001-2011

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Biking, Skiing, Hiking

**OTHER:**  
I grew up in the Boston area and continued my education on the east coast. During one of my law school “co-ops”, I interned at the Alaska Office of Public Advocacy. After graduating, I returned as a law clerk for the Alaska Court of Appeals. I then moved to Kenai to work at the Public Defenders Agency. Later, I moved back to Anchorage to work for the Attorney General, doing consumer protection and then child protection work. Five years later, I went to work at the Municipal Prosecutor’s Office where I supervised the domestic violence unit and trial attorneys.

**STATEMENT:**  
When I arrived in Alaska, I immediately became enamored with the friendliness, the spirit, and the wildness of Alaska, and I made Alaska my home. In the past 20 years, I was fortunate to have served as a law clerk, public defender, prosecutor, juror, and judge. These experiences have exposed me to the criminal and civil justice system in Alaska. I have seen and appreciate that the Alaska Court System strives every day to be one that represents fairness and equality where the goal is to treat all individuals that come before the court with dignity and respect. Being the first lawyer in my family, it was a daunting task to go to law school and then overcome the challenges of litigating. So I recognize that coming to court is an uncomfortable experience for the public because I personally have experienced it.

The transition from lawyer to judge the past three years has been both challenging and rewarding. It has truly been an honor and a privilege to make that transition. As a district court judge who deals with individuals with important matters in their lives that they wish to be addressed by the court system, I strive to be impartial and courteous every day and to make decisions, fairly and promptly. I look forward to continue serving the public as a district court judge and hope for the opportunity to do so.

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The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*



# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Jo-Ann Chung, Anchorage District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Chung to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain her in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Chung's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage her caseload, and
- Overall performance of her judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Chung?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Chung, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Chung's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Chung's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Chung's assessment of her own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Chung?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	73	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1
Peace Officers	16	----	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1
Jurors	97	----	4.8	----	4.9	----	4.8
Court Employees	43	----	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.6

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Chung**

# District Court Judge

## Brian K. Clark, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** 825 W. Fourth Avenue  
Anchorage, AK 99501

**EMAIL:** bclark@courts.state.ak.us

**AGE:** 48

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Midland, TX

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** Since 1972

### ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:

Anchorage: 1972-1994, 1997-present  
Fairbanks: 1994, September-December 7, 1994  
Barrow: December 7, 1994-June, 1997

### EDUCATION:

Dimond High School (Anchorage, Ak), 1980-1984,  
Diploma  
University of Colorado (Boulder), 1984-1988,  
B.A. Linguistics  
Willamette University, College of Law (Salem, Or),  
1988-1991, J.D.

### POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:

Law Clerk, Oregon Department of Justice, 1989-1991  
Law Clerk, Alaska Court of Appeals, Judge David  
Mannheimer, 1991-1992  
Assistant District Attorney, Anchorage, Palmer,  
Fairbanks, Barrow, 1994-2000  
Assistant Attorney General, Office of Special  
Prosecutions and Appeals, 2000-2001  
Chief Assistant Attorney General, Office of Special  
Prosecutions and Appeals, 2001-2002

### BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:

Lawyer, Lane Powell Spears Lubersky, 1992-1994

### SPECIAL INTERESTS:

Hiking, Tennis, Reading

### STATEMENT:

I have lived in Alaska since 1972. After attending college and law school, I returned to Alaska because of my strong desire to stay in Alaska and serve the community where I was raised. As an Assistant District Attorney and Assistant Attorney General in Anchorage, Barrow, Fairbanks, and Palmer, I became familiar with the issues that face all Alaskans when they become involved with our justice system. This experience has enabled me to deal efficiently and fairly with the high volume of cases in the Anchorage district court. In criminal cases, I strive to make sentencing decisions that meet both the needs of the community and the victim, as well as addressing a defendant's rehabilitation. In civil cases, I listen carefully to the parties and take the time to reach decisions that are well reasoned and just.

Within the court system itself, I have worked with other judges to make hearings more efficient for the public, and I am currently working to bring electronic filing to the court system as well as broaden public access to the courts through the internet.

I am committed to treating everyone who becomes involved in our justice system fairly and with respect. I greatly enjoy both serving and being a member of this community.

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Brian K. Clark, Anchorage District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Clark to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Clark's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Clark?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Clark, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Clark's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Clark's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Clark's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Clark?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	113	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.5
Peace Officers	21	----	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.7
Jurors	84	----	4.9	----	5.0	----	4.9
Court Employees	52	----	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.9

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Clark**

# District Court Judge

## William L. Estelle, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** 435 S. Denali St.  
Palmer, AK 99645

**EMAIL:** westelle@courts.state.ak.us

**AGE:** 60

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Palmer, Alaska

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Kathy

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Robert, Emily, Seth,  
Justin, Jennifer

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 60

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Palmer, 1954-73 & 1987-present  
Anchorage, 1973-1980 & 1983-85  
Bethel, 1985-87

**EDUCATION:**

Palmer High School, 1968-72  
University of Alaska, Anchorage 1973-1980, B.B.A.  
Duke University Law School 1980-1983, J.D.

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Judicial Law Clerk, Anchorage 1983-84  
Private law practice, Anchorage 1984-85  
Assistant Attorney General, Bethel 1985-87  
Assistant District Attorney, Palmer 1987-2003  
District Court Judge, Palmer 2003-present

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Business owner/contractor, 1974-80

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Palmer Historical Society, Alaska Historical Society,  
Palmer Community Foundation

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Hiking, Travel, Gardening, History, Dog Musing,  
Basketball

**OTHER:**

I am a third-generation Alaskan. My maternal grandfather came to Sitka, Alaska in 1898. My father graduated from UAF in 1934. In 1936, my parents came to Palmer to work for the University Extension Service. After leaving public service, they owned and operated a dairy farm and raised a family of seven children. My sisters, one of my brothers, and nieces and nephews still live in the Valley.

**STATEMENT:**

As a lifelong Alaskan, it has been my honor to serve the Valley as a judge for 11 years, handling well over 60,000 cases. I love my job, and strive to treat every person who appears before me fairly and with respect. One of the high points of my judicial service has been helping start Palmer's mental health court which I believe has helped many people turn their lives around through therapeutic justice.

In 2013, I discovered three cases in which I had decisions that were overdue and realized that I had incorrectly signed pay affidavits during two of those cases. I immediately self-reported this matter to the Judicial Conduct Commission and fully cooperated with its investigation. The commission ultimately found that I "did not act intentionally" when I signed "inaccurate pay affidavits" during the time those two cases were overdue, that I had "an excellent character and reputation," and that I had "no dishonest or selfish motive." I have learned from this humbling experience to pay far more attention to administrative procedures. At my own expense, I attended case management training, and have reworked my office procedures. I will never make this mistake again.

I have faithfully served the Third Judicial District in Palmer as a judge and hope my self-reporting and corrective actions demonstrate my integrity. I care deeply about providing justice to all people that come before me and respectfully ask for your vote so that I can continue to serve the people of the Valley.

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# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## William L. Estelle, Palmer District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Estelle to be **Unqualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"No"** to retain him in office.

### Why does the Alaska Judicial Council recommend a "No" vote on Judge Estelle?

■ The Judicial Council recommends a "No" vote on Judge Estelle because he signed 16 untrue affidavits under oath, swearing that he had completed or issued decisions in all matters that had been pending before him for more than six months, when in fact he had not. He signed 12 of these affidavits between September 15, 2011 and February 28, 2012, related to one undecided matter, and he signed 4 of these affidavits between January 15, 2013 and February 28, 2013, relating to a second undecided matter.

■ Because he signed the untrue affidavits swearing that he had no decisions or uncompleted matters outstanding for more than six months, Judge Estelle continued to receive his salary on time, contrary to state law that prohibits a judge from being paid on time if the judge has undecided matters outstanding for longer than six months.

■ The Judicial Council concluded that by signing the 16 untrue affidavits, Judge Estelle failed to conduct himself in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and competence of the judiciary.

■ The Alaska Commission on Judicial Conduct, an agency independent and separate from the Judicial Council, held a formal hearing and recommended to the Alaska Supreme Court that Judge Estelle be disciplined, based on its findings that Judge Estelle violated Alaska's Code of Judicial Conduct by recklessly signing the 16 pay affidavits. At the time of publication, the discipline case was pending before the Alaska Supreme Court; please check the Alaska Judicial Council website for the most recent developments.

#### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained in office.

**For more information go to  
[www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)**

### What were other evaluation ratings for Judge Estelle?

social services professionals; a review of his peremptory challenge and recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, and disciplinary matters involving Judge Estelle, as well as Judge Estelle's own assessment of his performance, and his personal explanation of the circumstances surrounding his signing of the 16 untrue pay affidavits.

■ The Judicial Council's complete evaluation of Judge Estelle included surveys of attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and

Rating Scale:  
5=Excellent  
4=Good  
3=Acceptable  
2=Deficient  
1=Poor

Survey Ratings	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	71	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.4
Peace Officers	24	----	3.6	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.5
Jurors	33	----	4.9	----	4.9	----	4.7
Court Employees	17	----	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.3

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "NO" to retain Judge Estelle**

# District Court Judge

## Sharon A.S. Illsley, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** Kenai Courthouse  
125 Trading Bay Drive  
Kenai, Alaska 99611

**EMAIL:** sillsley@courts.state.ak.us

**AGE:** 58

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Pueblo, Colorado

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Glenn Illsley

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 20 years

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Kenai 1990-1998  
Anchorage 2002-2007  
Kenai 2007-present

**EDUCATION:**

Mitchell High School, Colorado Springs, 1972-1975,  
Diploma;  
University of Colorado, Boulder, 1975-1979, B.A.  
American Studies  
University of Colorado School of Law, Boulder,  
1979-1981, J.D.  
University of Denver, 1999-2001, Master of Laws,  
Taxation

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**

Deputy District Attorney in Golden, Colorado 1984-1990  
District Attorney's Office in Kenai, Alaska 1990-1997  
Assistant District Attorney in Anchorage, Alaska  
2002-2007  
District Court Judge in Kenai, Alaska 2007-Present

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Financial Advisor and Online Brokerage Trainer in  
Denver, 1998-2001  
NASD Series 7, 63 and 65 licensed

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Traveling, hiking, walking and outdoor activities.

**OTHER:**

My husband Glenn and I were married in Golden, Colorado in 1988. Living in Alaska was a dream we shared and we were able to move here in 1990. Kenai is home to us now. My husband works on an offshore oil platform in Cook Inlet.

**STATEMENT:**

It has been an honor to serve the people of the State of Alaska both in my previous positions with the Department of Law and in my current position as a District Court Judge. I always strive to treat everyone with fairness and respect. Many of the cases that are assigned to me in my current position have litigants who are not represented by attorneys. I try to make certain that citizens who are appearing in court without the benefit of an attorney understand what is happening and the options that are available. Jurors are very important to the functioning of the court system and I try to make the many citizens who report for jury service aware of the importance of their role and to respect the time of those who serve as jurors. Before making any decision I work hard to become aware of and to carefully and impartially evaluate both the facts and the law.

Serving as the only District Court Judge in Kenai has been both challenging and rewarding. If retained, I will continue to do the best job that I can in this position to serve the citizens of the State of Alaska.

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Sharon A.S. Illsley, Kenai District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Illsley to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"Yes"** to retain her in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Illsley's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage her caseload, and
- Overall performance of her judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Illsley?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Illsley, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Illsley's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Illsley's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Illsley's assessment of her own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Illsley?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	42	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.8
Peace Officers	15	----	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.6
Jurors	71	----	4.8	----	4.9	----	4.9
Court Employees	16	----	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Illsley**

# District Court Judge

## Gregory J. Motyka, Third Judicial District



**STATEMENT:**

It has been an honor to serve the people of Alaska as a District Court Judge in Anchorage. I try to be fair and patient with all who come before the Court. It is my hope to continue to serve the people of the State of Alaska.

**MAILING ADDRESS:** 303 “K” Street  
Anchorage, AK 99501

**AGE:** 64

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** New York, New York

**CHILDREN’S NAMES:** Jason S. Motyka,  
Brett C. Motyka

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 34

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Anchorage 1980-Present

**EDUCATION:**  
Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn 1967-1971  
B.S. Chemistry  
Brooklyn Law School 1972-1976 J.D.

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
Anchorage District Court Judge 1991-Present

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**  
Alaska Creative Woodworkers Association

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**  
Golf and woodworking

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The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*



# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Gregory Motyka, Anchorage District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Motyka to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Motyka's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Motyka?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Motyka, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Motyka's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Motyka's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Motyka's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Motyka?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	119	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2
Peace Officers	21	----	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.5
Jurors	27	----	5.0	----	5.0	----	4.9
Court Employees	44	----	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Motyka**

# District Court Judge

## Stephanie Rhoades, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** 303 K Street  
Anchorage, AK 99501

**AGE:** 55

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Newton, Massachusetts

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Russell Webb

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 28

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**  
Anchorage since 1986

**EDUCATION:**  
Needham High School (Needham, Massachusetts),  
Diploma;  
University of Massachusetts, College of Public and  
Community Service (Boston, Massachusetts), 1983,  
B.A. Legal Services;  
Northeastern University School of Law (Boston,  
Massachusetts), 1986, J.D.

**POLITICAL AND GOVERNMENT POSITIONS:**  
District Court Judge, 1992-present; Assistant District  
Attorney,  
District Attorney's Office (Anchorage), 1988-1992;  
law clerk,  
Alaska Supreme Court, 1986-1987

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

Founder, Anchorage Coordinated Resources Project  
(Mental Health Court)

**SERVICE ORGANIZATION(S) MEMBERSHIP:**

Lead Food Coordinator  
Project Homeless Connect, Anchorage

**STATEMENT:**

It has been my honor since August of 1992 to serve the people of the State of Alaska as a district court judge.

The vast majority of you who have contact with any court in the state have contact with the district court.

Many people appear in the district court without attorneys. I am committed to providing individuals who seek to have legal issues resolved in the court with the same kind of access to the justice system that individuals with lawyers have.

Many of you have or will serve as jurors. I am committed to treating jurors with courtesy and appreciation for their service.

I strive to treat all people who come to the court - individuals, attorneys, jurors and others - with respect and fairness and to assist them in understanding and using their court system.

If retained, I will continue to uphold my oath of office by providing the public with an accessible, fair and impartial forum for dispute resolution.

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge Stephanie Rhoades, Anchorage District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Rhoades to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain her in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Rhoades's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage her caseload, and
- Overall performance of her judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Rhoades?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Rhoades, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Rhoades's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Rhoades's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Rhoades's assessment of her own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Rhoades?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	153	3.8	3.4	3.9	3.0	4.0	3.5
Peace Officers	30	----	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.4	4.1
Jurors	96	----	4.9	----	4.9	----	4.9
Court Employees	54	----	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.5	4.4

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Rhoades**

# District Court Judge

## John W. Wolfe, Third Judicial District



**MAILING ADDRESS:** P.O. Box 4581  
Palmer, Alaska 99645

**EMAIL:** jwolfe@courts.state.ak.us

**AGE:** 56

**PLACE OF BIRTH:** Big Spring, Texas

**NAME OF SPOUSE:** Kimber L. Wolfe

**CHILDREN'S NAMES:** Benjamin Wolfe, Elias Wolfe, Erin Wolfe

**LENGTH OF RESIDENCY IN ALASKA:** 17

**ALASKAN COMMUNITIES LIVED IN:**

Bethel 1997 to 1999  
Soldotna 1999 to 2003  
Dillingham 2003 to 2005  
Palmer 2005 to present

**EDUCATION:**

Poland High School, Alexandria, La., Diploma 1975  
University of Oklahoma, B.S. Mathematics 1980  
University of Oklahoma, J.D. 1983

**BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS:**

1983-1985 — Associate, Tolle and Parish Law Firm,  
Okemah, Oklahoma  
1985-1997 — Assistant District Attorney, Cherokee,  
Oklahoma  
1997-2004 — Assistant District Attorney, State of Alaska

**SPECIAL INTERESTS:**

Hiking, travel.

**STATEMENT:**

It has been a privilege for me to serve as a District Court Judge. I am grateful for the positive recommendation of the Alaska Judicial Council.

I am honored to be a member of what I believe to be among the finest judicial systems in the country. I work hard to provide a forum that is fair to all parties and to treat all who appear before me with courtesy and respect. I try to consider each case in a careful, impartial and thoughtful manner and to render a judgment that is impartial and in accordance with the law.

I have welcomed opportunities to promote respect for democratic principles and our system of justice by speaking to groups such as youth court graduations and by participating in mock trial with school classes. The job of a judge requires constant study to remain current in the law and to learn new ways to improve the administration of justice. In addition to private study, I have pursued educational opportunities such as legal seminars to improve my performance as a judge.

I have always strived to conduct myself with integrity, humility and diligence. If retained I will continue to perform my duties to the best of my ability and endeavor to be worthy of the job entrusted to me.

*The views expressed in this statement are from the candidate and not endorsed by the Division of Elections.  
The text of this statement was provided and paid for by the candidate in accordance with AS 15.58.030 and 6 AAC 25.690.*

# Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation

## Judge John W. Wolfe, Palmer District Court

The Judicial Council finds Judge Wolfe to be **Qualified** and recommends unanimously that the public vote **"YES"** to retain him in office.

### What qualities did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate?

The Judicial Council evaluated Judge Wolfe's:

- Integrity, diligence, fairness, demeanor, and legal ability,
- Ability to manage his caseload, and
- Overall performance of his judicial duties in and out of the courtroom.

For more information about all the judges standing for retention, go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com).

### What is the Alaska Judicial Council?

- A citizens' commission created by the Alaska Constitution
- Council members are volunteers appointed with due consideration for area representation and without regard to political affiliation
- Alaska law requires the Judicial Council to evaluate judges' performance and authorizes it to recommend to voters whether judges should be retained.

### How did the Alaska Judicial Council evaluate Judge Wolfe?

#### Surveyed Thousands of Alaskans

The Judicial Council surveyed thousands of Alaskans who had direct experience with Judge Wolfe, including attorneys, peace and probation officers, court employees, jurors, and social services professionals (social workers, guardians ad litem, and court appointed special advocates).

#### Reviewed Information

The Judicial Council reviewed many indicators of Judge Wolfe's performance, including peremptory challenge rates, recusal rates, appellate affirmance and reversal rates, any civil

or criminal litigation involving the judge, APOC and court system conflict of interest statements, any disciplinary matters involving the judge, whether Judge Wolfe's pay was withheld for untimely decisions, and Judge Wolfe's assessment of his own performance.

#### Asked Members of the Public

The Judicial Council hosted a statewide public hearing on the performance of all judges, solicited feedback on its website, and considered the ratings and observations of volunteer court observers.

For more information go to [www.knowyouralaskajudges.com](http://www.knowyouralaskajudges.com)

### What were the survey ratings for Judge Wolfe?

(Rating Scale: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Good, 3 = Acceptable, 2 = Deficient, 1 = Poor)

	N	Legal Ability	Impartiality	Integrity	Temperament	Diligence	Overall
Attorneys	53	3.8	4.0	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.1
Peace Officers	21	----	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.1	3.8
Jurors	61	----	4.8	----	4.9	----	4.8
Court Employees	19	----	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4

**Alaska Judicial Council Recommendation:  
Vote "YES" to retain Judge Wolfe**

# Alaska's Ballot Counting System

---

## Your Vote is Secure!

Alaska uses three different methods to count ballots:

- ❖ Hand-count
- ❖ Optical Scan
- ❖ Touch Screen equipped with voter-verifiable paper audit trail

Alaska's ballot tabulation system has a paper trail of every ballot cast. Each precinct receives paper ballots that are either hand-counted when the polls close or counted using an optical scan unit as the voter inserts the ballot into the optical scan. In addition, during federal elections, each precinct has a touch screen voting unit equipped with a voter-verifiable paper trail that allows the voter to verify the printed version of the ballot prior to casting the ballot.

The ballot tabulation system used in Alaska to produce and count ballots is federally certified and is thoroughly tested prior to each election. It is a stand-alone system that is not connected to the internet or to a network.

Each optical scan and touch screen voting unit, along with their corresponding memory cards are tested prior to the election. A functionality test is conducted to ensure the equipment is in proper working order. Two different logic and accuracy tests are performed, by two different bi-partisan boards, on memory cards to ensure the cards are counting the ballots correctly.

In addition to the pre-election testing, the division is required by law to conduct a verification of machine counts by hand-counting ballots from a random sampling of precincts. In fact, through this verification, 5% of the ballots cast in each of the 40 house districts throughout Alaska are hand-counted after the election to verify the election results are accurate. If we find a discrepancy of more than 1% in the hand-count verification, we are required to hand-count all of the ballots cast in the district.

With all the testing, security and verification processes used by the Division of Elections during each election, you can go to the polls knowing that your vote is secure and that it will be accurately counted and reported.

# **Supplemental Information**

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Political Parties

Permanent Fund Corporation

**Vote!**  
**November 4**



## **Alaska Democrats Support:**

- **Resource development with maximum benefit for Alaskans**
- **Fiscal responsibility and balanced budgets**
- **Strong public schools and affordable higher education**
- **Marriage equality and reproductive choice**
- **Higher minimum wage & retirement security**

*If you think it's time to balance the budget, invest in public schools, and create jobs, vote for Democrats in 2014.*

**[www.AlaskaDemocrats.org](http://www.AlaskaDemocrats.org)**

**[www. Facebook.com/AlaskaDemocrats](https://www.facebook.com/AlaskaDemocrats)**

**Paid for by the Alaskan Democratic Party, 2602 Fairbanks, St, Anchorage AK 99503 (907) 258-3050  
This communications was approved by Mike Wenstrup, Chair**





# Alaska Libertarian



## Minimum Government Maximum Freedom

## Party

### VOTE LIBERTARIAN

As Alaskan Libertarians, We believe that individuals have the right to life, liberty, and property.

We believe that respect for individual rights is the essential precondition for a free and prosperous world. That force and fraud must be banished from human relationships, and that only through true freedom can peace and prosperity be realized.

We defend each individual's right to engage in any activity that does not actively violate another's right to life, liberty, and property, and welcome the diversity that freedom brings.

The world we seek to build is one where individuals are free to follow their own dreams in their own ways, without interference from government or any authoritarian power.

We ask all Alaskans of voting age to register Libertarian and assist us in building the fastest growing political party in America. For more information come join us at: [www.alaskalibertarian.com](http://www.alaskalibertarian.com)

Paid for by the Alaska Libertarian Party 200 W. 34th #543 Anchorage, Alaska 99503



Mark Fish  
US Senate  
[markfish.us](http://markfish.us)



Jim C. McDermott  
US House  
Jim McDermott for Congress



Caroyln F. "Care" Clift  
Governor  
[www.carecliftcampaign.com](http://www.carecliftcampaign.com)



Andrew C. Lee  
Lt. Governor  
[www.safonatt.com](http://www.safonatt.com)



Cean Stevens  
State House  
District 19  
[www.ceanstevens.com](http://www.ceanstevens.com)

# DID YOU KNOW MARK BEGICH VOTES WITH PRESIDENT OBAMA

95%  
OF THE TIME ?

MARK BEGICH CLAIMS TO BE  
AN INDEPENDENT VOICE FOR ALASKA,  
BUT HIS SENATE RECORD SHOWS  
HIS LOYALTIES ARE ACTUALLY  
WITH BARACK OBAMA.



## 5 EXAMPLES OF MARK BEGICH SIDING WITH PRESIDENT OBAMA OVER ALASKANS

1. VOTED TO SUPPORT NEW  
EPA REGULATIONS OF FOSSIL FUELS
2. SUPPORTED A CAP-AND-TRADE PLAN  
IDENTICAL TO OBAMA'S ENERGY TAX RESULTING  
IN HIGHER ENERGY COSTS
3. HELPED PASS THE INTERNET SALES TAX
4. CAST THE DECIDING VOTE FOR OBAMACARE
5. SUPPORTED THE FINAL PASSAGE OF  
THE \$787 BILLION STIMULUS BILL

ALASKA DESERVES A NEW

SENATOR WILLING TO

STAND UP TO BARACK OBAMA

Paid for by the Alaska Republican Party, Peter S. Goldberg, Chairman and Glenn Clary, Treasurer - 1001 W. Fireweed Lane, Anchorage, AK 99503  
[www.alaskarepublicans.com](http://www.alaskarepublicans.com). Neither paid for nor endorsed by any candidate or candidate's committee.

# Protect **YOUR** vision of **ALASKA**



## Vote **REPUBLICAN**

### **ALASKAN VALUES:**

- Freedom
- Individual liberty
- Limited government
- Strong families
- Protecting the most vulnerable

### **OUR VISION:**

- Unlocking energy resources
- Job creation by encouraging free enterprise
- Strong national defense
- Defense of Constitutional rights
- Conservation, instead of preservation
- Lower taxes – Eliminating waste

### **OUR COMMITMENT:**

*We believe that Alaskans should control their own destiny, so we support policies that empower individuals and communities instead of government bureaucracies. In Washington, Republicans will side with Alaska's best interests instead of a liberal agenda. In Juneau, Republicans will focus on the issues and values that matter most to their communities.*



*Join all races, creeds, and  
faiths in voting for liberty and  
freedom!*

[www.alaskarepublicans.com](http://www.alaskarepublicans.com)  
907-276-4467



Facebook.com/Alaska Republican Party

@AKGOP

Paid for by the Alaska Republican Party, Peter S. Goldberg, Chairman and Glenn Clary, Treasurer - 1001 W. Fireweed Lane, Anchorage, AK 99503  
[www.alaskarepublicans.com](http://www.alaskarepublicans.com). Neither paid for nor endorsed by any candidate or candidate's committee.



**\$50,000,000,000**

Alaska Permanent Fund | 2014

## LETTER FROM THE CHAIR

In February of this year, the Alaska Permanent Fund reached a value of \$50 billion for the first time, and closed fiscal year 2014 with a value of \$51.2 billion. The Board of Trustees is pleased that in the five years since the recession, the Permanent Fund has almost doubled in value while paying out \$4 billion in dividends.

There have been many dedicated professionals who have worked for the success of the Fund over the years, including past Trustees who laid the foundation for where we are today. It's important to recognize the efforts of all of their leadership and the staff who helped the Fund reach the \$50 billion milestone.

While we note this new high water mark, the real focus of the Trustees is on future growth. Our mission continues to be structuring a portfolio that will provide a prudent balance between managing risk and seeking the returns that will help the Fund harvest the next \$50 billion. The Board is aware that a changing investment landscape means that we cannot simply hold to the asset allocations of the past. As world economies become more connected, they become more correlated. As the rapid relay of information makes research easier, it limits the returns that can be found in the public markets. So we must adjust the Permanent Fund's course to meet new challenges and respond to new opportunities.

One way we are moving forward is to expand the programs that focus on private asset investments for the Fund. In 2004, the Board first began investing in private equity and added infrastructure in 2007. Initially the Corporation relied exclusively on outside gatekeepers to make these investments on our behalf. Over time we have become more knowledgeable about private assets and comfortable that the Corporation can build expertise in-house to make prudent investments, and at a lower cost than using outside managers.

To that end, the Board authorized staff to begin infrastructure and private equity co-investment programs alongside the Permanent Fund's existing programs. And we have directly undertaken more special opportunities and focused investments, including an investment in Juno Therapeutics, a Seattle-based firm that is working to find cures for select cancers using a patient's internal immune system.

We are also adding to the types of private asset investments we make. Fiscal 2014 saw the first investments in listed infrastructure, public market infrastructure shares which are similar to real estate investment trusts (REIT). These investments will provide the benefits of infrastructure to the portfolio, enhanced by the liquidity of publicly traded shares.

Sometimes a new direction means going back to traditional asset classes. The Board thought it was time to grow the Fund's real estate holdings, but needed to find the capital to do so. Within the portfolio there is a group of stable, core properties that fared well during the recent recession. Combined with historically low interest rates, this created an opportunity to implement some leverage (at a level much lower than most institutional funds) to provide more cash in hand. The resulting \$348 million in capital produced by the leverage program will be used to acquire attractive properties to add to the Fund's investments.

Sincerely,

William Moran

TOP: Board Members (from left): Larry Hartig, Carl Brady (Vice-Chair), Larry Cash, Bill Moran (Chair), Gary Dalton, Angela Rodell

WHAT IS THE ALASKA PERMANENT FUND?

The Permanent Fund is an investment fund created by Alaskans in 1976 as a way to save a portion of our oil revenues for the needs of future generations. On June 30, 2014, the Fund was worth \$51.2 billion.

WHO MANAGES THE PERMANENT FUND?

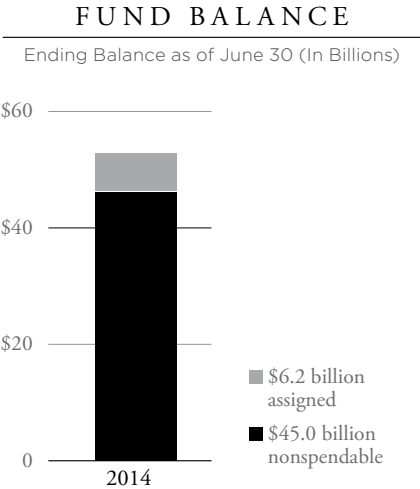
The Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation manages the day-to-day operations of the Fund and is overseen by a six-member Board of Trustees appointed by the governor and selected for their experience in finance, investments or other business-related fields.

HOW DOES THE FUND WORK?

The Fund is divided into two parts, principal (nonspendable) and earnings (assigned), both of which are fully invested. The Alaska Constitution says that the principal may not be spent. The earnings in the earnings reserve account may be spent by the Legislature for any purpose it wishes. Currently, earnings are only used for the Permanent Fund Dividend and transfers to the Alaska Capital Income Fund.

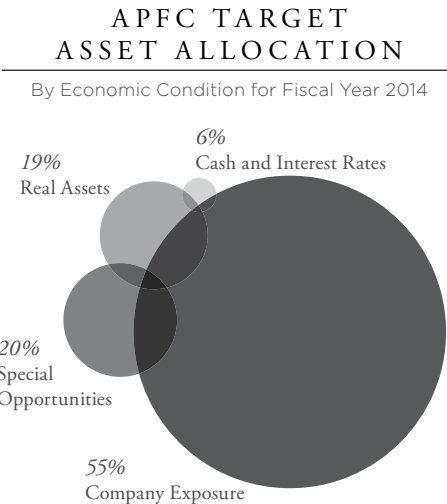
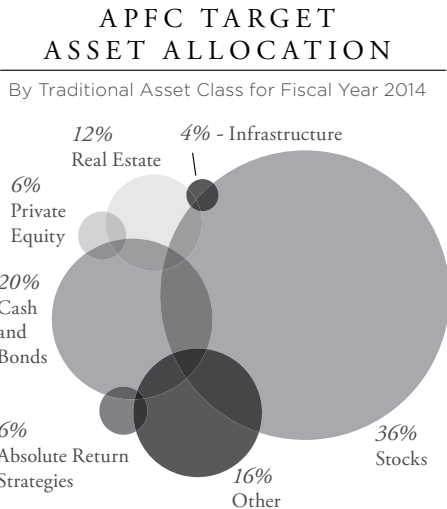
HOW DOES MONEY GO INTO THE EARNINGS RESERVE ACCOUNT?

Realized earnings go into the earnings reserve account. This is the income from bond interest, real estate rent payments, stock dividends and the gains from assets that are sold at a profit. Unrealized earnings remain in principal until the assets are sold.



HOW IS THE FUND INVESTED?

Originally, the Fund was only invested in bonds. Now it is invested in a number of different asset classes, which earn income and can grow in value. By diversifying the Fund into these different assets, the Trustees ensure that it is better protected for the future. When one asset class has a down year, it is often balanced by good performance in other asset classes. In 2009, the Board of Trustees added a new aspect to the asset allocation with the creation of risk-based categories. While the underlying investments didn't change, grouping investments by the economic conditions that affect them allows the staff and Trustees to better understand how the Fund will perform under different market conditions.



## BALANCE SHEETS

As of June 30

	2014	2013
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,997,444,000	2,288,123,000
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	301,047,000	239,053,000
Investments:		
Marketable debt securities	11,963,468,000	7,515,333,000
Preferred and common stock	20,443,127,000	20,026,989,000
Real estate	5,892,084,000	5,534,942,000
Real return	2,115,743,000	3,061,731,000
Absolute return	2,775,521,000	2,640,327,000
Private equity	3,130,850,000	2,089,273,000
Infrastructure	1,342,448,000	852,643,000
Distressed debt and mezzanine debt	1,364,779,000	1,290,216,000
Emerging markets total opportunities	894,029,000	806,805,000
Total Investments	49,922,049,000	43,818,259,000
Securities lending collateral invested	1,393,669,000	3,451,974,000
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>54,614,209,000</b>	<b>49,797,409,000</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 740,064,000	858,366,000
Income distributable to the State of Alaska	1,266,763,000	633,735,000
Securities lending collateral	1,393,669,000	3,451,974,000
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>3,400,496,000</b>	<b>4,944,075,000</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>		
Nonspendable:		
Permanent Fund corpus - contributions and appropriations	37,940,617,000	36,615,208,000
Not in spendable form - unrealized appreciation on invested assets	7,061,771,000	4,184,334,000
<b>Total Nonspendable</b>	<b>45,002,388,000</b>	<b>40,799,542,000</b>
Assigned for future appropriations:		
Realized earnings	5,236,644,000	3,486,567,000
Unrealized appreciation on invested assets	974,681,000	567,225,000
<b>Total Assigned</b>	<b>6,211,325,000</b>	<b>4,053,792,000</b>
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>51,213,713,000</b>	<b>44,853,334,000</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$ 54,614,209,000</b>	<b>49,797,409,000</b>

*\*Due to the Election Pamphlet publication schedule, audited Fiscal Year 2014 figures were not available in time to be included. Data listed for Fiscal Year 2014 are preliminary. Final, audited data will be available on September 26 at apfc.org.*

### HOW IS THE DIVIDEND DETERMINED?

Each year, the dividend distribution is calculated using a formula set in state law. The statutory net income of the Fund for the past five years is averaged, and the resulting amount is divided in half. This is the amount that is available for the dividend. Once the dividend has been calculated, the next step is to determine if enough income is available in the earnings reserve account to pay the dividend. It is possible that in a given year, while the calculation may produce a dividend amount, the balance of the earnings reserve is not sufficient to pay some or all of it. Once the maximum amount payable has been determined, the lump sum is sent to the Permanent Fund Dividend Division where it is divided by the number of eligible applicants that year.

Visit [apfc.org](http://apfc.org)

For answers to your questions about the Permanent Fund and for complete financial and investment information, please visit our website at [apfc.org](http://apfc.org).



## STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

As of June 30

	2014	2013
<b>REVENUES</b>		
Interest	\$ 289,091,000	269,405,000
Dividends	617,199,000	531,486,000
Real estate and other income	263,094,000	281,006,000
<b>Total Interest, Dividends, Real Estate and Other Income</b>	<b>1,169,384,000</b>	<b>1,081,897,000</b>
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments —		
Marketable debt securities	281,519,000	(222,410,000)
Preferred and common stock	3,995,686,000	2,470,620,000
Real estate	376,725,000	414,850,000
Real return	271,054,000	110,040,000
Absolute return	149,728,000	198,515,000
Private equity	460,405,000	238,084,000
Infrastructure	127,531,000	51,883,000
Distressed debt and mezzanine debt	141,727,000	102,208,000
Emerging markets total opportunities	70,413,000	(29,040,000)
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts and futures	(3,805,000)	94,436,000
Currency	(84,697,000)	(70,166,000)
<b>Total Net Increase in the Fair Value of Investments</b>	<b>5,786,286,000</b>	<b>3,359,020,000</b>
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>6,955,670,000</b>	<b>4,440,917,000</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>		
Operating expenditures	(100,834,000)	(119,875,000)
Other Legislative appropriations	(7,142,000)	(7,153,000)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>(107,976,000)</b>	<b>(127,028,000)</b>
<b>Excess of Revenues over Expenditures</b>	<b>6,847,694,000</b>	<b>4,313,889,000</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>		
Transfers in - dedicated State revenues	779,448,000	840,121,000
Transfers out - statutory and Legislative appropriations	(1,266,763,000)	(633,735,000)
<b>Net change in Fund Balances</b>	<b>6,360,379,000</b>	<b>4,520,275,000</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>		
Beginning of period	44,853,334,000	40,333,059,000
End of period	\$ 51,213,713,000	44,853,334,000

*\*See footnote on previous page.*

### HOW DOES THE FUND GROW?

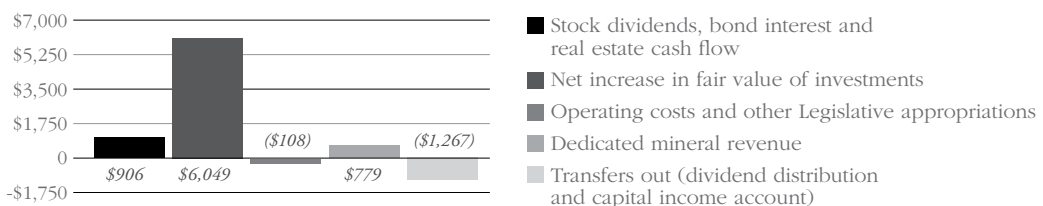
The Fund has three sources of potential growth each year, which are listed to the right. For FY14, the additions and subtractions from the Fund's total value are listed in the Sources of Change in Fund Value graph below.

- The state Constitution directs that at least 25 percent of Alaska's mineral royalties (primarily oil royalties) be deposited into the Fund.

- Income flows in from stock dividends, bond interest and real estate rental fees.
- Assets can increase (or decrease) in value over the original purchase price, whether they are sold or held in the portfolio.

## SOURCES OF CHANGE IN FUND VALUE

FISCAL 2014 (In Millions)





**STATE OF ALASKA**  
Division of Elections  
P.O. Box 110017  
Juneau, Alaska 99811-0017

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## REGIONAL ELECTIONS OFFICES

### **Region I Elections Office**

**(House Districts 29-36)**

P.O. Box 110018  
Juneau, Alaska 99811-0018  
Phone: (907) 465-3021  
1-866-948-8683

### **Region III Elections Office**

**(House Districts 1-6, 9)**

675 7th Avenue, Suite H-3  
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701-4542  
Phone: (907) 451-2835  
1-866-959-8683

### **Region IV Elections Office**

**(House Districts 37-40)**

P.O. Box 577  
Nome, Alaska 99762-0577  
Phone: (907) 443-5285  
1-866-953-8683

### **Region II Elections Office**

**(House Districts 7-8, 10-28)**

#### **Anchorage Office**

2525 Gambell Street, Suite 100  
Anchorage, Alaska 99503-2838  
Phone: (907) 522-8683  
1-866-958-8683

#### **Matanuska-Susitna Elections Office**

1700 E. Bogard Road, Suite B102  
Wasilla, Alaska 99654  
Phone: (907) 373-8952